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Study on Council of Europe Member States Appeal and Supreme Courts' Lengths of Proceedings

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"The length of judicial proceedings has been recognised as a priority within the objectives of the Council of Europe relating to human rights and the rule of law."¹ According to the indications provided by Cepej, this report looks in depth at lengths of proceedings and time taken to process pending cases in second instance (appeal) courts and highest instance (supreme) courts on the basis of the information gathered in the course of the 2008-2010 evaluation of judicial systems carried out by Cepej.² As the "European judicial systems study, Edition 2010 (data 2008) states: Efficiency and quality of justice" has analysed the answers regarding first instance courts. An analysis has been asked for this report in relation to second and highest instance courts. In particular it has been asked to focus the production and analysis on the following figures for second and (where possible) highest instance courts:

- 9.9 Clearance rate of civil *litigious* and *non-litigious* cases in 2008
- 9.10 Evolution of the Clearance rate of civil litigious cases between 2006 and 2008
- 9.11 Disposition time of litigious and non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases in 2008
- 9.12 MAP showing Disposition time and Clearance rate of litigious civil (and commercial) cases in 2008
- 9.21 Clearance rate of administrative law cases in 2008
- 9.22 Evolution of the Clearance rate of administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008
- 9.23 MAP showing Clearance rate and Disposition time of the total number of civil, commercial and administrative law cases in 2008
- 9.24 Evolution of the Clearance rates of the total number of civil, commercial and administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008
- 9.25 Number of incoming criminal cases (severe criminal offences) and misdemeanour cases (minor offences). Absolute figures and per 100.000 inhabitants, in 2008
- 9.26 Part of incoming criminal cases - severe criminal offences vs. misdemeanour cases in 2008
- 9.27 Clearance rate of criminal cases (severe criminal offences) and misdemeanour cases (minor offences) in 2008,
- 9.27 MAP showing Clearance rate of criminal cases (severe criminal offences) in 2008,
- 9.28 Clearance rate of the total number of criminal cases in 2008
- 9.31 Average length of proceedings for litigious divorce cases between 2004 and 2008 (possible only for second instance courts)

In addition, the report presents a synthesis of first, second and highest instance courts case load to give a global vision of the situation of CoE member states. In line with Cepej indications, the synthesis focus on Clearance rate and Disposition time (for total number of civil, commercial and administrative law cases, and for total number of criminal cases) and on length of proceedings (for litigious divorce cases, possible only for first and second instance courts).

As any explorative analysis on complex matters, this work has evidenced several areas for further analysis. In particular, an interesting area of analysis that this report touches but does not investigate in depth and which could be the scope of further research activities is the comparison of Disposition time data with not only the Clearance rate the Clearance rate evolution. Another is the comparison of Disposition time data,

¹ CEPEJ(2006)13 Compendium of "best practices" on time management of judicial proceedings, p.4.

² Data is based on reports by member states, which were invited to appoint national correspondents, entrusted with the coordination of the replies to the Cepej Evaluation Scheme for their respective states.

Clearance rate the Clearance rate evolution data with data available on CoE justice systems resources and organization. Also, working on clusters of countries could lead to further interesting results and better understanding of the CoE justice systems and of their evolution trend. A limited example is provided in the Synthesis section, with the comparison of Disposition time and Clearance rate values for Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases in 2008, in a cluster of seven States.

In looking at the data, analysis and proposals for further developments, three funding principles governing proper time management of judicial proceedings should be always kept in mind, providing a reference framework: "1) the principle of balance and overall quality of the judicial system, 2) the need to have efficient measuring and analysis tools defined by the stakeholders through consensus, 3) the need to reconcile all the requirements contributing to a fair trial, with a careful balance between procedural safeguards, which necessarily entail the existence of lengths that cannot be reduced, and a concern for prompt justice."³

³ CEPEJ(2006)13 Compendium of "best practices" on time management of judicial proceedings, p.4.

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1. Methodological introduction⁴

The report builds upon the methodological choices made by Cepej for its European Judicial Systems studies and on the definitions, indications and distinctions provided in particular in the European Judicial Systems, Edition 2010 (data 2008): Efficiency and quality of justice.

1.1. Responding states

By May 2010, 45 member states (had participated in the Cepej Evaluation process Edition 2010: **Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Georgia, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, the Russian Federation, San Marino, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, "the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia", Turkey, Ukraine** and the **United Kingdom (UK-England and Wales, UK-Northern Ireland and UK-Scotland)**, for a total of 47 cases. For readability reasons, reference is made to the 47 cases with the term states instead of using the phrasing "states or entities" adopted in the European Judicial Systems, Edition 2010 (data 2008): Efficiency and quality of justice study.

1.2. Data quality

As stated in the European Judicial Systems, Edition 2010 study, also here quality of the figures depends "on the type of questions asked in the data collection instrument, the definitions used by the countries, the system of registration in the countries, the efforts supplied by national correspondents, the national figures available to them and the manner in which the figures have been processed and analysed. In spite of the improvements resulting from previous experiences, it is reasonable to assume that some variations occurred when national correspondents interpreted the questions for their country and tried to match the questions to the information available to them. The reader should bear this in mind and always interpret the statistical figures given in the light of their attached narrative comments and the more detailed explanations given in the individual national replies".⁵

1.3. Definitions

Cepej European judicial systems data collection scheme makes a distinction between civil (and commercial) litigious cases and non-litigious cases, Enforcement cases, Land registry cases, Business register cases, Administrative law cases, other, Other, Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) and Misdemeanour (minor offences cases). Such categories cannot always be easily identified in the different judicial systems which take part in the data collection. For example, as indicated in a note of Cepej Scheme for evaluating judicial systems (2009-2010 cycle), "For the criminal law cases there may be a problem of classification of cases between severe criminal law cases and misdemeanour cases. Some countries might have other ways of addressing misdemeanour offences (for example via administrative law procedure)".⁶

However, there are some definitions from the Cepej "Compendium of 'best practices' on time management of judicial proceedings" glossary which have been followed in this document:

Backlog – number of cases that exceed the "allowed duration" (see also page 75 "European Judicial Systems – Edition 2006"). This term is frequently used as a synonym of delay and it can be quite ambiguous. The establishment of timeframes makes it possible to adopt a more precise definition of backlog, as the number or percentage of cases not decided within an established timeframe (or time standard).

Caseload – it is the number of cases that a court has to deal with in a period of time. It is expressed by the sum of pending cases plus incoming cases in a certain period of time.

⁴ Based on the European Judicial Systems, Edition 2010 (data 2008): Efficiency and quality of justice study

⁵ European Judicial Systems, Edition 2010 (data 2008): Efficiency and quality of justice, p.8.

⁶ European Judicial Systems, Edition 2010 (data 2008): Efficiency and quality of justice, p.353.

Pending cases – it is the number of cases that still have to be dealt with by the court in a period of time. It may be expressed in numbers (e.g. Pending cases by January 1) or in a percentage (e.g. Percentage of pending cases of more than 3 years).

Timeframe – a period of time during which an action occurs or will occur. Timeframes are targets to be used as inter-organisational means to pursue the timeliness of court proceedings.

Time limit – a limit of time within which something must be done. In judicial proceedings, this term indicate mainly the limits established by procedural rules. These limits can be mandatory and with consequences in a specific proceeding (e.g. the prohibition of presenting evidences after a specific time) or simply intimation without consequence (as when a judge should write a sentence within a week after the decision but nothing happens if the provision is not fulfilled). On the contrary timeframes should not be specified by procedural rules. They are just inter-organisational goals with consequences at this level.

Time standard – time required to complete a task. The time allowed carrying out a production task in a standard costing system. It may be expressed as the standard time allowed or alternatively, when expressed in standard hours, as the output achieved. From an organisational perspective a time standard is more rigid and focused on single activities than timeframes. However it is extensively adopted by the Anglo-Saxon literature with a meaning similar to timeframe. Therefore, it is possible to use time standard and timeframe as synonyms.

Workload – it may be defined as the whole work that a court deals with, while the caseload only refers to the number of cases that a court deals with.

1.4. Indicators

In line with the indications provided by Cepej and to the methodological choice made in the European judicial systems, the present report adopts the following indicators of tendency (European judicial systems study, Edition 2010 (data 2008) definitions are used):

- **Average:** “represents the arithmetic mean which is the outcome of dividing the sum of the observations of a distribution (data supplied) by the total number of countries which have indicated the information included into the distribution. The average is sensitive to extreme values (too high or too low)”.⁷
- **Median:** “represents the middle point of a set of ordered observations (ranked according to an increasing or decreasing order). The median is the value that divides the data supplied by the countries concerned into two equal groups so that 50% of the countries are above this value and 50% are below it. When there is an odd number of observations, the median is the value that is just in the middle of these two groups. The median is sometimes better to use than the average, as it is less sensitive to extreme values. The effect of the extreme values is then neutralised”.⁸

In addition to the average and the median, minimum and maximum values :

- **Minimum:** “the lowest recorded value”⁹ for a given variable.
- **Maximum:** “the highest recorded value”¹⁰ for a given variable.

The Cepej has also adopted *performance indicators* of courts.

The Clearance rate (CR): is a “relationship between the new cases and completed cases within a period, in percentage”.¹¹ In this report is calculated as the number of resolved cases for a given year divided by the number of incoming cases for the same year, expressed as a percentage:

$$\text{Clearance Rate (\%)} = \frac{\text{resolved cases}}{\text{incoming cases}} \times 100$$

“A Clearance rate close to 100 % indicates the ability of the court or of a judicial system to resolve more or less as many cases as the number of incoming cases within the given time period. A Clearance rate above

⁷ European Judicial Systems, Edition 2010 (data 2008): Efficiency and quality of justice, p.10.

⁸ European Judicial Systems, Edition 2010 (data 2008): Efficiency and quality of justice, p.10.

⁹ European Judicial Systems, Edition 2010 (data 2008): Efficiency and quality of justice, p.10.

¹⁰ European Judicial Systems, Edition 2010 (data 2008): Efficiency and quality of justice, p.10.

¹¹ "GOJUST" Guidelines (CEPEJ(2008)11), p. 10.

100 % indicates the ability of the system to resolve more cases than received, thus reducing¹² the number of pending cases. “Finally, if the number of incoming cases is higher than the number of resolved cases, the Clearance rate will fall below 100 percent. When a Clearance rate goes below 100 %, the number of unresolved cases at the end of a reporting period (backlog) will rise. Essentially, a Clearance rate shows how the court or judicial system is coping with the in-flow of cases”.¹³

- **The case turnover ratio (CTR):** is a “relationship between the number of resolved cases and the number of unresolved cases at the end”¹⁴ of a given period of time. In other words, it measures the proportion of resolved cases from the same category with the cases still pending at the end of the period, which in this report is one year:

$$\text{Case Turnover Ratio} = \frac{\text{Number of Resolved Cases}}{\text{Number of Unresolved Cases at the End}}$$

Given a period of time of one year, a case turnover ratio equal to 1 means that if the number of cases resolved by the court remains unchanged and no new cases are filed, the court will take one year to eliminate the stock of pending cases. If the turnover ratio is below 1, it means that it will take more than one year just to clear the stock of pending cases, while If the turnover ratio is above 1 it will take less than one year.

The Disposition time (DT)¹⁵: “compares the number of resolved cases during the observed period and the number of unresolved cases at the end of the observed period”.¹⁶ It is calculated by dividing the 365 days of a year by the case turnover ratio. It estimates the number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in court:

$$\text{DispositionTime} = \frac{365}{\text{CaseTurnoverRatio}}$$

The Disposition time has a higher readability compared to the case turnover ratio. This is because, “the translation of the result into days simplifies the understanding of what this relationship entails. For example, a lengthening of a judicial Disposition time from 57 days to 72 days is much easier to grasp than a decline in case turnover ratio from 6,4 to 5,1. This conversion into days also makes it more relevant to compare a judicial system’s turnover with the projected overall length of proceedings or established standards for the duration of proceedings”.¹⁷

1.5. Comparing data

As noted in the European Judicial Systems, Edition 2010 (data 2008): Efficiency and quality of justice, “the comparison of quantitative figures from different countries revealing varied geographical, economic and legal situations is a delicate job. It should be approached with great caution by the experts writing the report and by the readers consulting it and, above all, by those who are interpreting and analysing the information it contains. In order to compare the various states and their various systems, the particularities of the systems, which might explain differences from one country to another one (different judicial structures, organisation of courts and the use of statistical tools to evaluate the systems, etc.), must be borne in mind”.¹⁸

Accordingly, tables and figures provided in the report should not be passively taken one after the other, and cases should not be confronted with one-another without considering the broader context and interpreting the data taking into account national specificities.

¹² European Judicial Systems, Edition 2010 (data 2008): Efficiency and quality of justice, p. 135.

¹³ European Judicial Systems, Edition 2010 (data 2008): Efficiency and quality of justice, p. 135.

¹⁴ "GOJUST" Guidelines (CEPEJ(2008)11), p. 10.

¹⁵ In this report the term ‘time to disposition’ is not used in order to reduce possible ambiguities as the NCSC CourtTools provides a definition for time to disposition which is quite different from the definition that Cepej gives to Disposition time. According to the NCSC CourtTools, time to disposition is “The percentage of cases disposed or otherwise resolved within established time frames” http://www.ncsconline.org/D_Research/CourTools/

¹⁶ "GOJUST" Guidelines (CEPEJ(2008)11), p. 10.

¹⁷ European Judicial Systems, Edition 2010 (data 2008): Efficiency and quality of justice, p. 136.

¹⁸ European Judicial Systems, Edition 2010 (data 2008): Efficiency and quality of justice, p. 9.

Furthermore, the report aims to give an overview of the Europe member states lengths of proceedings situation with a specific focus on Appeal and Supreme Courts data, which were not analyzed in the European Judicial Systems, Edition 2010 (data 2008): Efficiency and quality of justice. It is “not to rank the best judicial systems in Europe, which would be scientifically inaccurate and would not be a useful tool for the public policies of justice. Indeed, comparing does not mean ranking”.¹⁹

As highlighted by Marco Fabri in his discussion paper for the 9th meeting of the Steering Committee of the Saturn Centre for Judicial Time Management of the Commission for the Efficiency of Justice of the Council of Europe,²⁰ comparisons can take three forms:

- comparisons across time,
- comparisons across countries,
- comparisons across time and countries.

In the absence of a common data dictionary, even considering the effort made by Cepej through the Explanatory note of the European Judicial Systems evaluation scheme, comparisons must be done cautiously in order to deal with the “difficulties to make meaningful and not misleading comparisons about judicial time management across ... [time and across] member States”.²¹ An example of this difficulty is provided by the complexity of clearly distinguish between litigious and non litigious cases. As Ronald Eshuis wrote to Frans van der Doelen when gathering data for the CEPEJ report in 2010 *“There is no clear-cut definition of ‘litigious’ cases in the Cepej report. It is clarified by a few examples of non-litigious cases, consistent with what I remember from the discussions regarding the first Cepej report. The general idea was to count only real, contested cases, as ‘litigious’. ... In my educated guess ... I did include contested cases terminated by a friendly settlement. The examples in the Cepej report are not clear on whether they should or should not be included. I did include these cases, because they seem consistent with the general idea regarding ‘litigious cases’: there are conflicting parties, they start a court procedure to resolve the conflict, in which the conflict is resolved. ... I wonder if the reports of the various countries are consistent in the way friendly settlements (and / or other terminations without a judicial decision) are counted... [furthermore, it] seems to me that the concept of ‘litigious’ / ‘non-litigious’ cases can only relate to terminated cases: only after termination of the case we know if it was defended and in which way it settled. We can not tell whether a new incoming case will be defended or how it will settle...”*²²

Another example of this problem is the “impressive diversity in the definition of small claim - apparently a simple concept-”. As confronting the monetary value of a small claim in 2006 and 2008 (Q48) shows, differences are not just cross countries (in 2008 small claims limit values provided by the responding states ranges between a minimum of 74€ in **Lithuania** to a maximum of 50.000€ in **San Marino**), but there are also considerable changes “in what some countries consider a small claim in 2006 and in 2008”.²³

Finally, when looking at ‘comparisons across time’ presented in this report, it should be considered that: 1) comparisons are based on just two time sets (2008 and 2006),²⁴ and 2) data do not consider the entire time period as 2007 data are not available. So, also for this reason relevant information could be missing and emerging trends could be misleading. While the first issue is going to be resolved with the future repetitions of the evaluation exercise, to solve the second it could be useful if Cepej could gather a limited subset of the quantitative data on a yearly basis.

1.6. Suggestions for looking at the key indicators

In line with the choices made for the European Judicial Systems studies, with the mandate from the CEPEJ Secretariat and the indications of the Steering Group of the SATURN Centre for judicial time management, this work has a descriptive stance. The intent is to provide the reader with a useful tool to better grasp and confront the data and court systems output indicators such as Clearance rate and Disposition Time. At the same time, during the discussion of the present document at the 9th meeting of the Steering Committee of the Saturn Centre it emerged the need to have a short paragraph to provide some suggestions on how it could be possible to read the main indicators and look at their combined meaning. Indeed, the observation of

¹⁹ European Judicial Systems, Edition 2010 (data 2008): Efficiency and quality of justice, pp. 9-10.

²⁰ (CEPEJ-SATURN(2011)6), p.3.

²¹ (CEPEJ-SATURN(2011)6), p.2.

²² E-mail text reported in F.C.J. van der Doelen “The plumber and his tools: Scrutinizing judicial budgets, length of divorce proceedings and workload of courts in the Netherlands”, Presentation at the CEPEJ plenary meeting, 9 December 2010, p. 7-8; italics in the original.

²³ (CEPEJ-SATURN(2011)6), p.4.

²⁴ With the exception of average length of proceedings for litigious divorce cases, where also 2004 data is analyzed

Clearance rate and Disposition Time, especially when done with a broader vision to other basic data such as absolute and per capita incoming, resolved and pending, can allow the reader “to come up with instructive questions and leads to a better understanding of how a judicial system operates and what challenges and obstacles it faces. ... [These key indicators can also] be used to identify conspicuous trends and compare judicial performance in key areas between various judicial systems or courts”.²⁵ Quantitative values provided should be considered indicative and to be further tested maybe also through the involvement of the Network of Pilot Courts.

A way to proceed could be to look firstly at the Disposition Time. As defined in section 1.4. Disposition Time measures “how frequently a judicial system (or a court) turns over the cases received – that is, how long it takes to resolve a case type”.²⁶ Furthermore, it indirectly provides “the answer to one of the questions most raised within a judicial system – what is the overall length of proceedings”.²⁷ Disposition Time of a specific category of cases can be observed for each court instance (first, second and highest instance courts). Firstly looking at the absolute values: is the Disposition Time at each court instance below 100, 200 or 300 days? Is it above one, two or even three years? Then comparing the values to the average and median values of the same instance for that category of cases. These data can already provide an indication as far as the court instance(s) where problems exists and where attention should be focused.

Disposition time values can also be looked at aggregated level (1st, 1st + 2nd and 1st + 2nd + 3rd level) to get an indication of how long it could be expected for a case to be disposed of if it is settled at first instance court level or if it is appealed at second or highest instance courts. The data can be compared to the average and median values for that category of cases. It can be also worth analysing both the absolute and the relative consistency (in terms of incoming and pending cases at each court instance) of each category in order to assess the quantitative impact of the Disposition Time values. The fact that for example second instance incoming cases are less than 5% or more than 10% of first instance incoming cases is an element that could be relevant in order to assess the overall Disposition Time a court user should expect.

Once Disposition Time has been observed, the next step could be to look at it considering the Clearance Rate values. In this way it is possible to confront the DT “present situation” in light to what is happening to the pending cases: if they are increasing, and therefore there can be the expectancy of a growing DT or if they are decreasing, and therefore it could be expected for the DT to diminish. If the Disposition Time is considered good, a CR value slightly below 100% should be considered not worrisome (i.e. CR≥95%) as small fluctuations above and below 100% are consistent with a long period stability of the CR around 100%. Lower level of CR should be considered as an alert as will result in more consistent increases of pending cases. If the Disposition Time is not considered good, for example exceeding the year, or it is considered bad, exceeding the three years, a Clearance rate below 100% shows that the situation is worsening, while a value around 100% means that the situation is staying negative. Only a value above 100% shows that the situation is improving.

In addition to the Clearance rate, this report also provides data and figures on the Clearance rate variation. Indeed, Clearance rate variation can also be taken into account when assessing the “present situation” and future expectancy. A possible alert tool considering Clearance rate and Clearance rate variation has been proposed in Section 3.4. Again, it should be stated that the quantitative values provided should be considered indicative and they need to be further tested.

²⁵ A. Hodzic and G. Stawa “What can be said on clearance rate and disposition time (and some more relations)?” Presentation at the CEPEJ plenary meeting, 9 December 2010, p.2.

²⁶ A. Hodzic and G. Stawa “What can be said on clearance rate and disposition time (and some more relations)?” Presentation at the CEPEJ plenary meeting, 9 December 2010, p.1.

²⁷ A. Hodzic and G. Stawa “What can be said on clearance rate and disposition time (and some more relations)?” Presentation at the CEPEJ plenary meeting, 9 December 2010, p.1.

2. Second and highest instance courts data analysis

It is in this section that the analysis carried out for first instance courts data in chapter 9 of the European Judicial Systems, Edition 2010 (data 2008): Efficiency and quality of justice study and in particular the figures indicated by the Cepej Secretariat have been analyzed for second (and where possible) for highest instance courts. Whenever deemed appropriate, additional tables and data have been provided in order to improve the reader access to useful information.

More in detail, this section analyses through descriptions, tables and figures, the second and highest instance courts Clearance rate, Evolution of the Clearance rate, Disposition time, and confronts Disposition time and Clearance rate for 1) civil *litigious* and *non-litigious civil and commercial cases* 2) *administrative law cases*. It also analyses second and highest instance courts criminal cases (severe criminal offences) and misdemeanour cases (minor offences): the number of incoming through absolute figures, per 100.000 inhabitants, and as part of total incoming criminal cases and the Clearance rate; confronts Disposition time and Clearance rate of severe criminal cases and analyses the Clearance rate of the total number of criminal cases. Finally, it analyses the average length of proceedings for litigious divorce cases between 2004 and 2008 in second instance courts.

2.1. Clearance rate of civil (and commercial) litigious and non-litigious cases in 2008

2.1.1. Second instance courts

The figure below presents Clearance rate in second instance courts of civil and commercial litigious (29 states) and non litigious (10 states) cases.

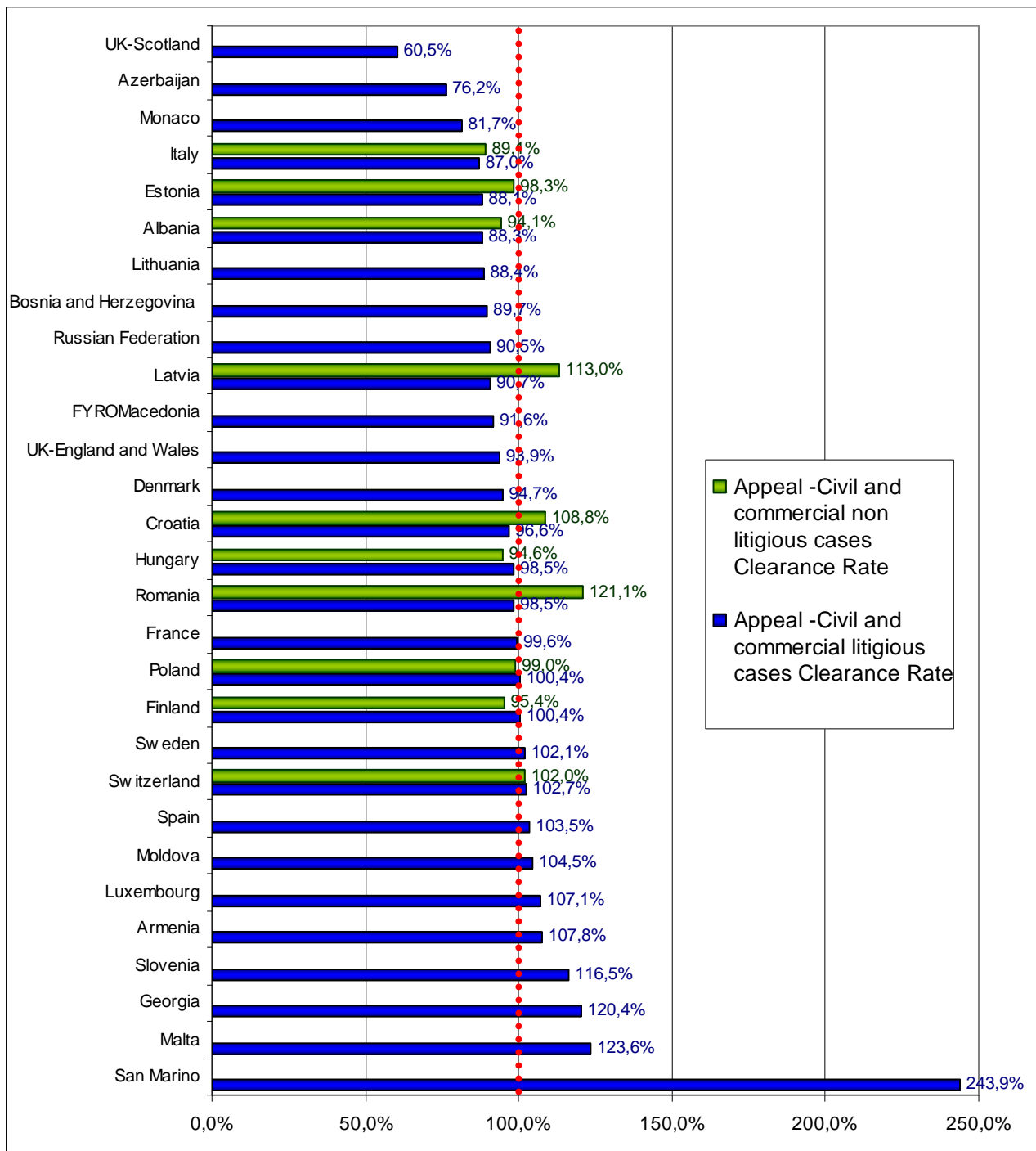


Figure 1 - Clearance rate of civil litigious and non-litigious cases in 2008, in% Appeal courts

In 2008, second instance courts civil and commercial litigious pending cases raises in more than half (17 out of 29) of the states for which data are available. The CR for civil and commercial litigious cases is below 90% for almost one third of the states (**Bosnia and Herzegovina, Lithuania, Albania, Estonia, Italy, Monaco, Azerbaijan, UK-Scotland**). In nine states the Clearance rate for civil and commercial litigious cases is more then 90% but less then 100% (**Russian Federation, Latvia, FYROMacedonia, UK-England and Wales, Denmark, Croatia, Hungary, Romania and France**). The remaining twelve states (**Poland, Finland, Sweden, Switzerland, Spain, Moldova, Luxembourg, Armenia, Slovenia, Georgia, Malta, San Marino**) have a CR of over 100%, with **Georgia and Malta** over 120% and **San Marino** over 240%. It should be noted that the CR value of San Marino is the result of a relatively small number of cases (66 incoming and 161 resolved cases). In such cases, small differences in absolute numbers (i.e. 100 cases) may result in great variation in an index such as the CR.

In the same period, the number of second instance courts civil and commercial non-litigious pending cases raises in 6 out of 10 states. Only one country, **Italy**, has a CR of less than 90% for civil and commercial non litigious cases. **Albania** and **Hungary** CR is just below 95% while for other three countries (**Finland, Estonia**

and Poland) it ranges between 95% and 99%. Of the remaining four countries, two have a CR between 100% and 110% (**Switzerland** and **Croatia**) while two have a CR higher than 110% (**Latvia** and **Romania**). In four cases, the CR is below 100% both in litigious and non-litigious cases (**Italy, Albania, Hungary, Estonia**), in two states it is over 100% in litigious but below it in non-litigious cases (**Finland** and **Poland**), in three states it is below 100% in litigious and above it in non-litigious cases (**Croatia, Latvia, Romania**), and only in **Switzerland** it is above 100% in both cases.

2.1.2. Highest instance courts

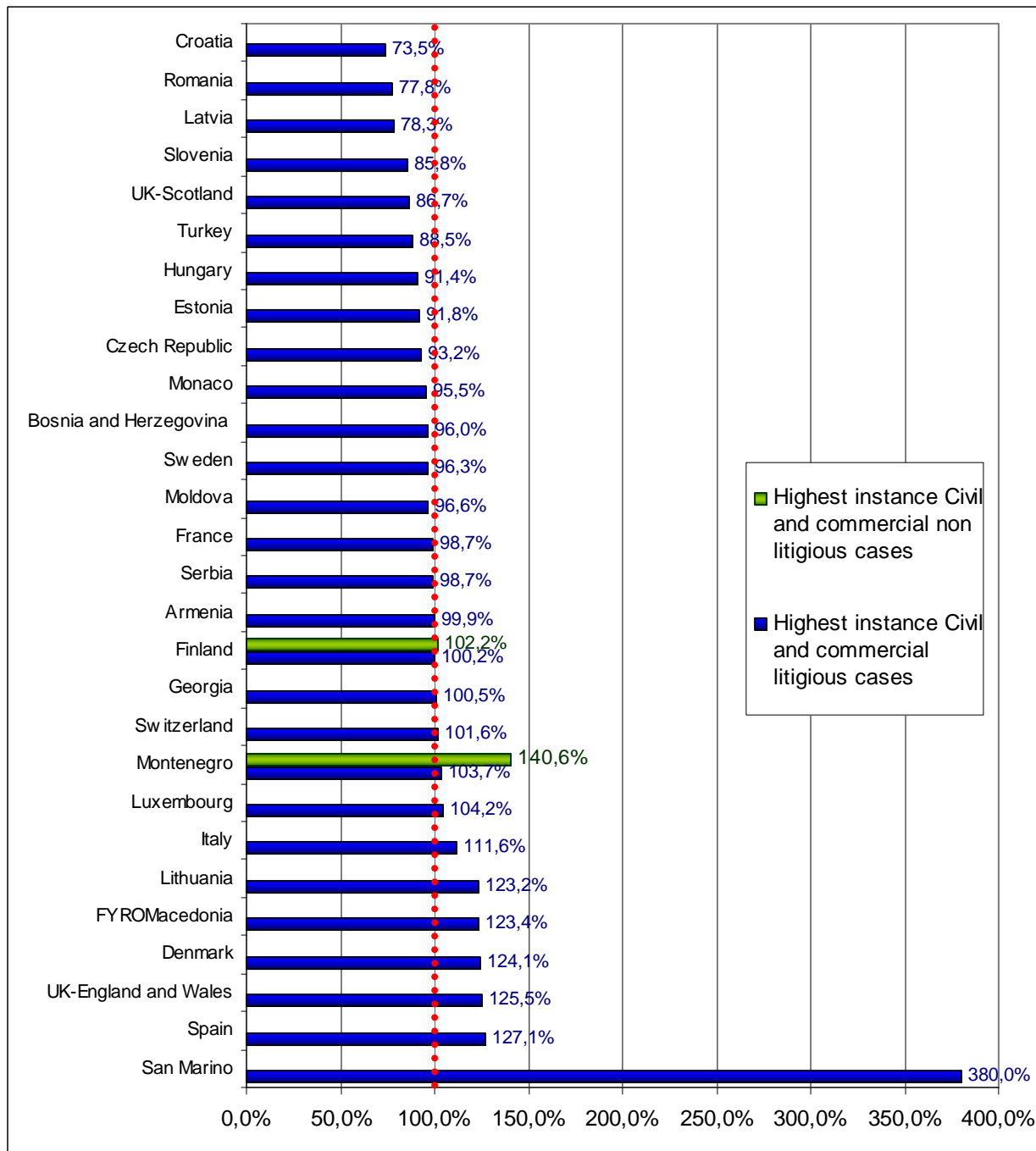


Figure 2 - Clearance rate of civil litigious and non-litigious cases in 2008, in% Highest courts

The above figure presents the Clearance rate in Highest instance courts of civil and commercial litigious cases in 28 states and in two states for non litigious cases (**Finland** and **Montenegro**, both with a CR above 100%).

Clearance rate in Highest instance courts of civil and commercial litigious cases ranges from below 75% of **Croatia** up to 380% in **San Marino**. In nine cases (including **Romania, Latvia, Slovenia, UK-Scotland, Turkey, Hungary, Estonia, Czech Republic**) the Clearance rate is below 95%, while in twelve states the

CR is within a $\pm 5\%$ of 100% (**Monaco, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Sweden, Moldova, France, Serbia, Armenia** below 100%, **Finland, Georgia, Switzerland, Montenegro, Luxembourg** above it). The five remaining countries have a CR above 110% (**Italy, Lithuania, FYROMacedonia, Denmark, UK-England and Wales, Spain, San Marino**). As in the second instance courts case, the CR value of San Marino is the result of a small number of cases (5 incoming and 19 resolved cases). As a consequence, a small difference in absolute numbers (14 cases) result in a very high CR value. Overall, the number of pending cases increases in 16 states in Highest instance courts of civil and commercial litigious cases, while it decreases in 12.

2.2. Evolution of the Clearance rate of civil (and commercial) litigious cases between 2006 and 2008

2.2.1. Second instance courts

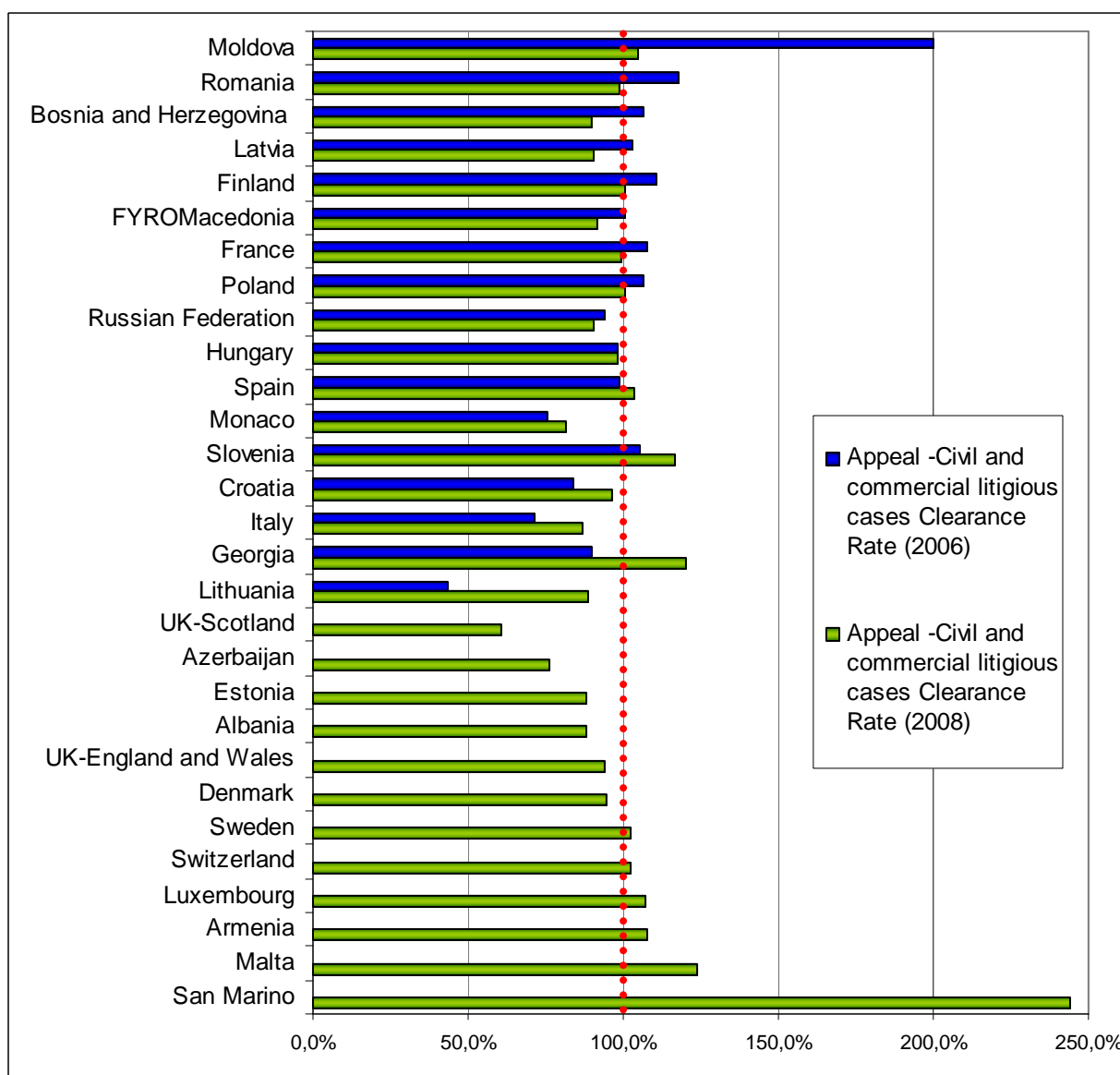


Figure 3 - Evolution of the Clearance rate of civil litigious cases between 2006 and 2008, appeal courts, in % (ordered by CR variation)

The table above confronts the second instance courts evolution of the Clearance rate for litigious civil (and commercial) law cases between 2006 and 2008 in 17 states. 2008 data available for further 12 states (**UK-Scotland, Azerbaijan, Estonia, Albania, Lithuania, UK-England and Wales, Denmark, Sweden, Switzerland, Luxembourg, Armenia, Malta, San Marino**) are presented only for information purposes as 2006 data is missing. For clarity purposes, 2006 data for the six states (**Cyprus, Germany, Montenegro, Netherlands, Serbia, Slovakia**) which did not provide 2008 data have instead been omitted.

As it is evidenced in the figure below, in nine states out of 17 the Clearance rate decreases between 2006 and 2008, with one these case in which it decreases by -95,5% (**Moldova**), four in which it decreases between -20% and -10% (**Romania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Latvia, Finland**) and in the other four cases between -10% and -3% (**FYROMacedonia, France, Poland, Russian Federation**). In the remaining eight states (**Hungary, Spain, Monaco, Slovenia, Croatia, Italy, Georgia, Lithuania**) the CR increases from a 0,3% of **Hungary** to more than 30% of **Georgia, Lithuania**.

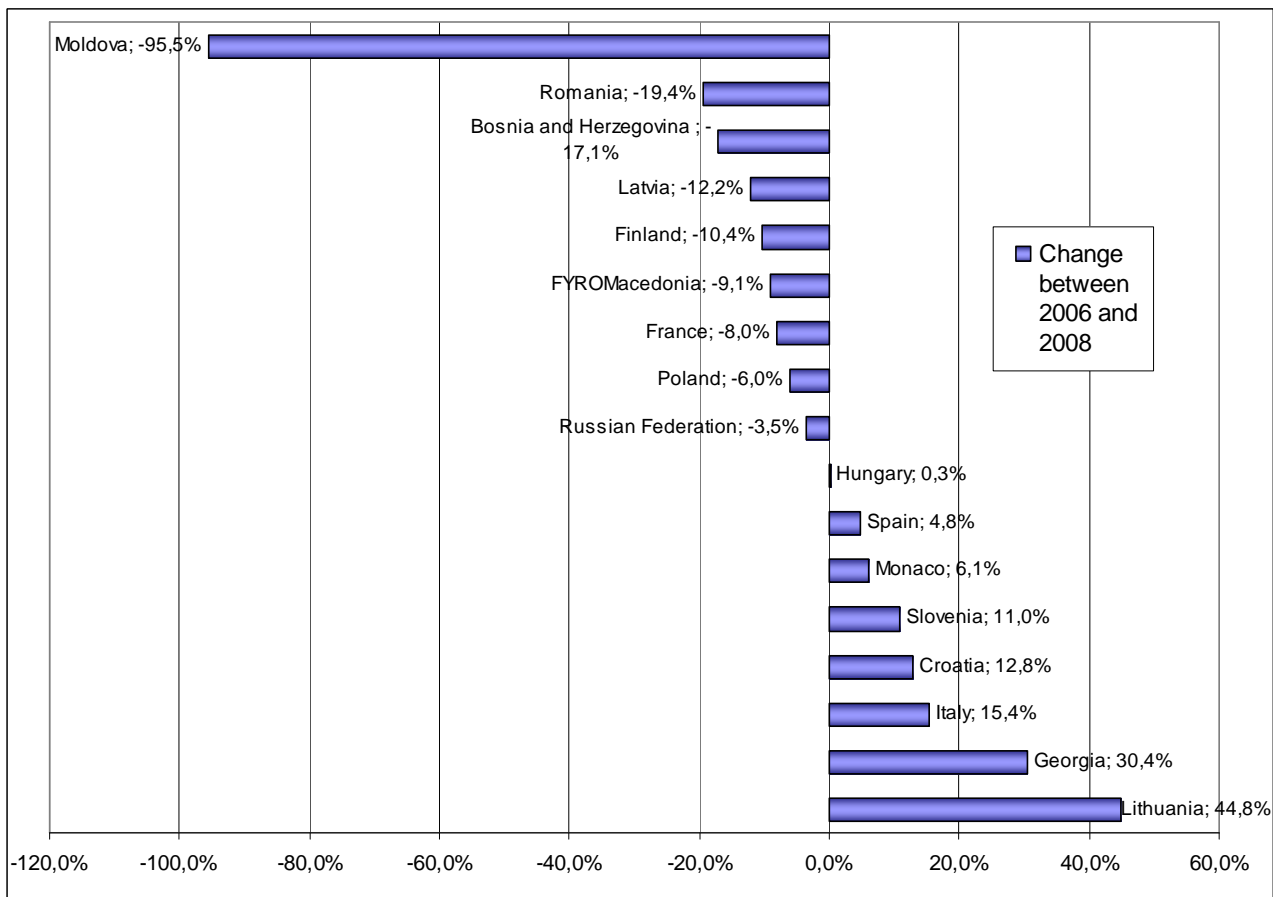


Figure 4 - Evolution of the Clearance rate of civil litigious cases between 2006 and 2008, appeal courts, differential in %

At the same time, the increase and decrease of CR must be considered taking into account the 2008 situation. A negative result does not necessary imply a Clearance rate below 100% and a consequent increase in pending cases and a growth of the Disposition time. The situation should nevertheless be monitored in order to be sure the CR stabilizes around 100% if the Disposition time is considered acceptable, or acted upon if the Disposition time is too long. Looking only at the 2006-2008 Clearance rate variation and at the 2008 CR, while the CR decrease in **Bosnia and Herzegovina, Russian Federation, Latvia and FYROMacedonia** should be looked with attention as the 2008 CR was around 90% for all four states, the decrease in **Romania, France, Poland, Finland, Spain, Moldova** leads to a stabilization of the Disposition time, as 2008 CR was around 100%. At the same time, the CR rise in **Monaco, Italy, Lithuania, Croatia, Hungary**, while a positive indication, are coupled with Clearance rates which were still below 100% in 2008. Finally, **Spain, Slovenia and Georgia** show both a positive trend and a 2008 Clearance rate above 100%.

The figure below provides both 2006 and 2008 second instance courts Clearance rate for litigious civil (commercial) law cases between the 17 (+12) states, both the value of the variation between the two dates.

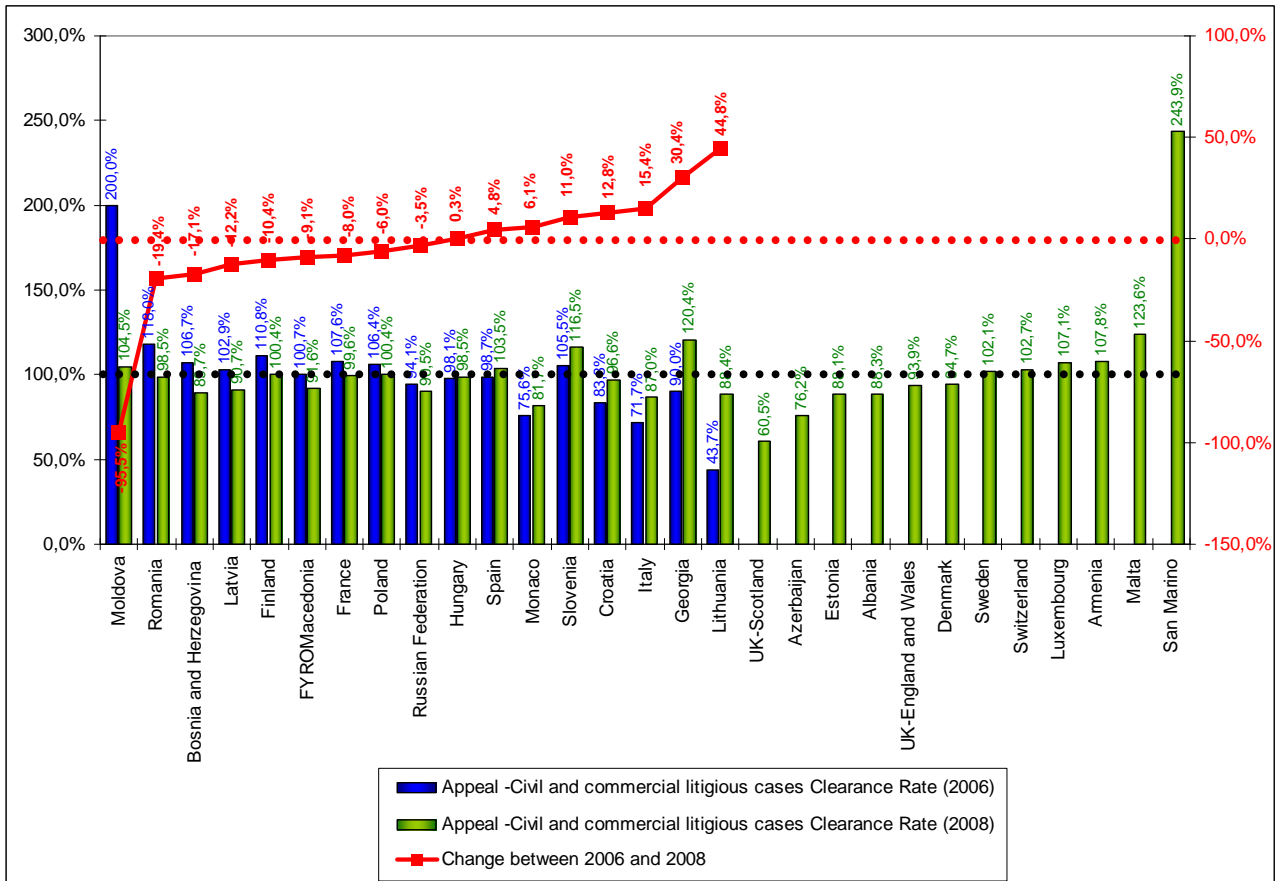


Figure 5 - Evolution of the Clearance rate of civil litigious cases between 2006 and 2008, appeal courts, in % and change in %

2.2.2. Highest instance courts

Considering the data available, it is possible to assess the highest instance courts evolution of the Clearance rate for litigious civil (and commercial) law cases between 2006 and 2008 in 21 states. As for the second instance courts, the figure below presents highest instance courts 2008 data available for further seven states (**UK-Scotland, Armenia, Luxembourg, Lithuania, Denmark, UK-England and Wales, San Marino**) for which 2006 data is missing for information purposes.

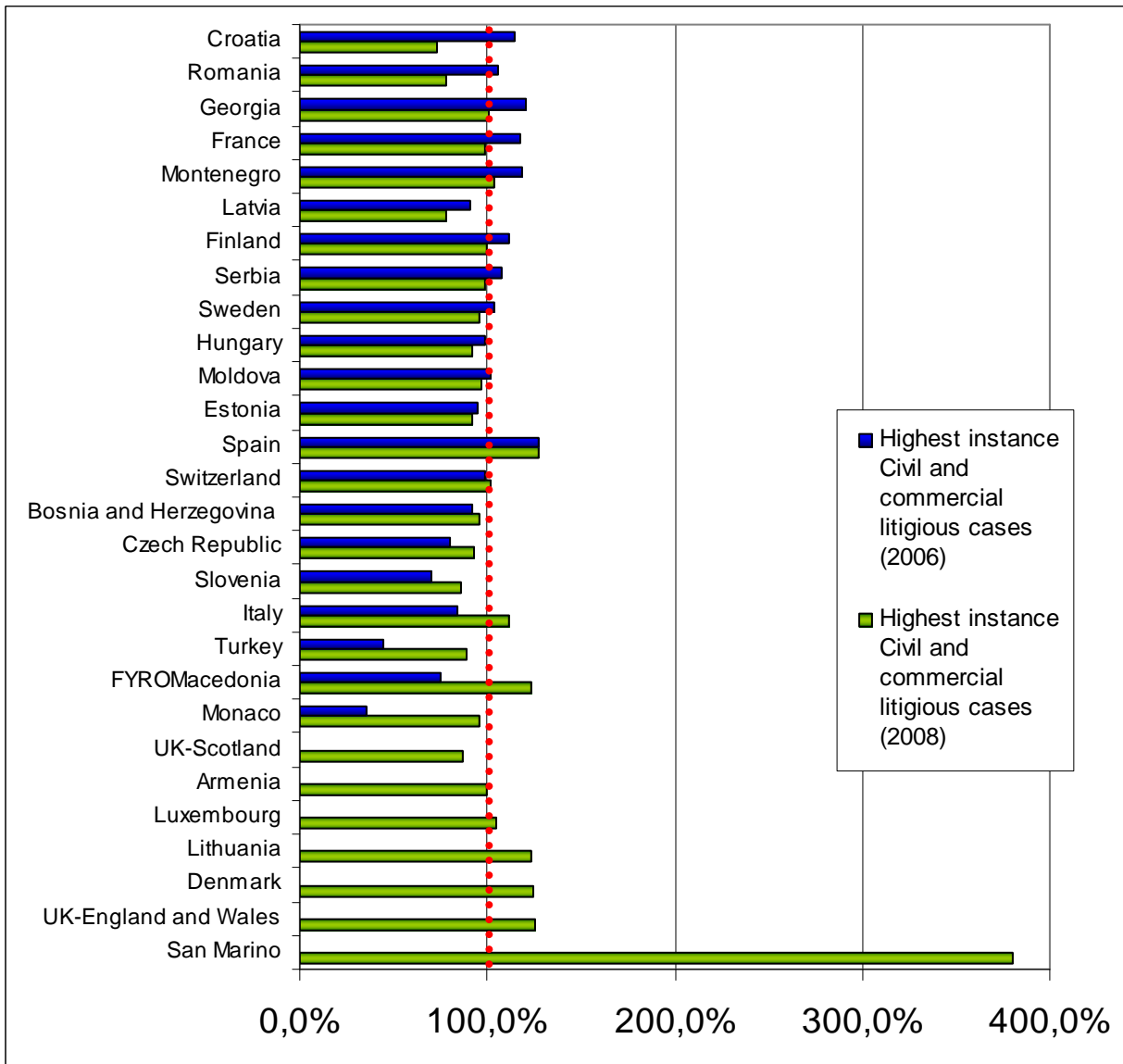


Figure 6 - Evolution of the Clearance rate of civil litigious cases between 2006 and 2008, Highest courts, in % (ordered by CR variation)

As the figure below clearly shows, between 2006 and 2008 Clearance rates drop in almost two thirds of the states (**Croatia, Romania, Georgia, France, Montenegro, Latvia, Finland, Serbia, Sweden, Hungary, Moldova, Estonia, Spain**), with one third of the states with a CR decrease of more than 10% (**Croatia, Romania, Georgia, France, Montenegro, Latvia, Finland**). In two states the CR raise between 3% and 4% (**Switzerland and Bosnia and Herzegovina**) while in the remaining five it raised more than 10% (**Czech Republic, Slovenia, Italy, Turkey, FYROMacedonia, Monaco**), up to 44% in Turkey, 49% in FYROMacedonia, and almost 60% in Monaco.

Crossing the Clearance rate variation between 2006 and 2008 with the 2008 situation it can be observed that the CR decrease in nine states, **Croatia, Romania, Latvia, Hungary, Estonia, Sweden, Moldova, France, Serbia** is related to a 2008 CR below 100%. It is worth noticing that in 2006 in six of these states the Clearance rate is above 100% (**Croatia, Romania, Sweden, Moldova, France, Serbia**).

The Clearance rate decrease **Finland, Georgia, Montenegro, Spain** is instead coupled with a 2008 CR above 100%. The CR rise in **Slovenia, Turkey, Czech Republic, Monaco, Bosnia and Herzegovina**, while a positive indication (especially **Turkey** with a +44%), is coupled with Clearance rates which are still below 100% in 2008. Finally, **Switzerland, Italy, FYROMacedonia** show both a positive trend and a 2008 Clearance rate above 100%.

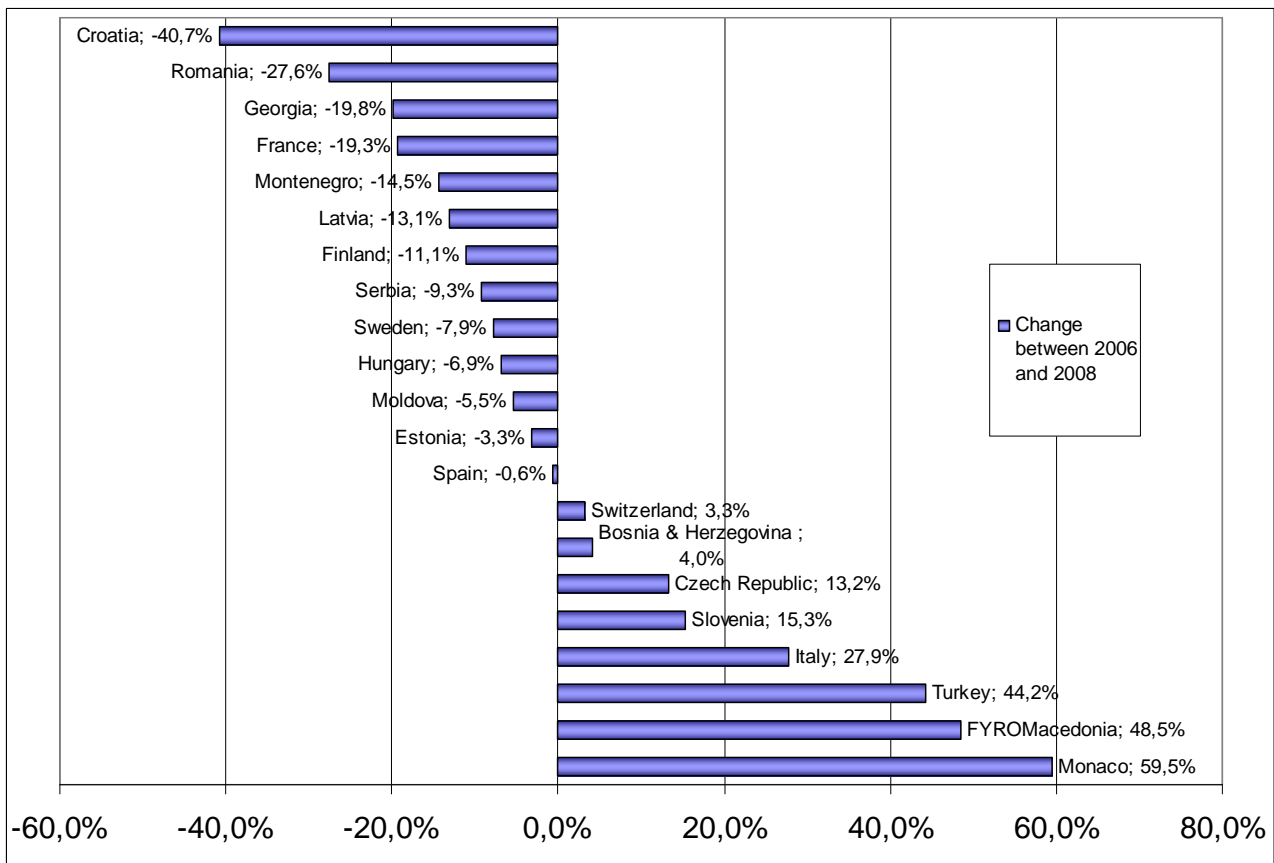


Figure 7 - Evolution of the Clearance rate of civil litigious cases between 2006 and 2008, Highest courts, change in %

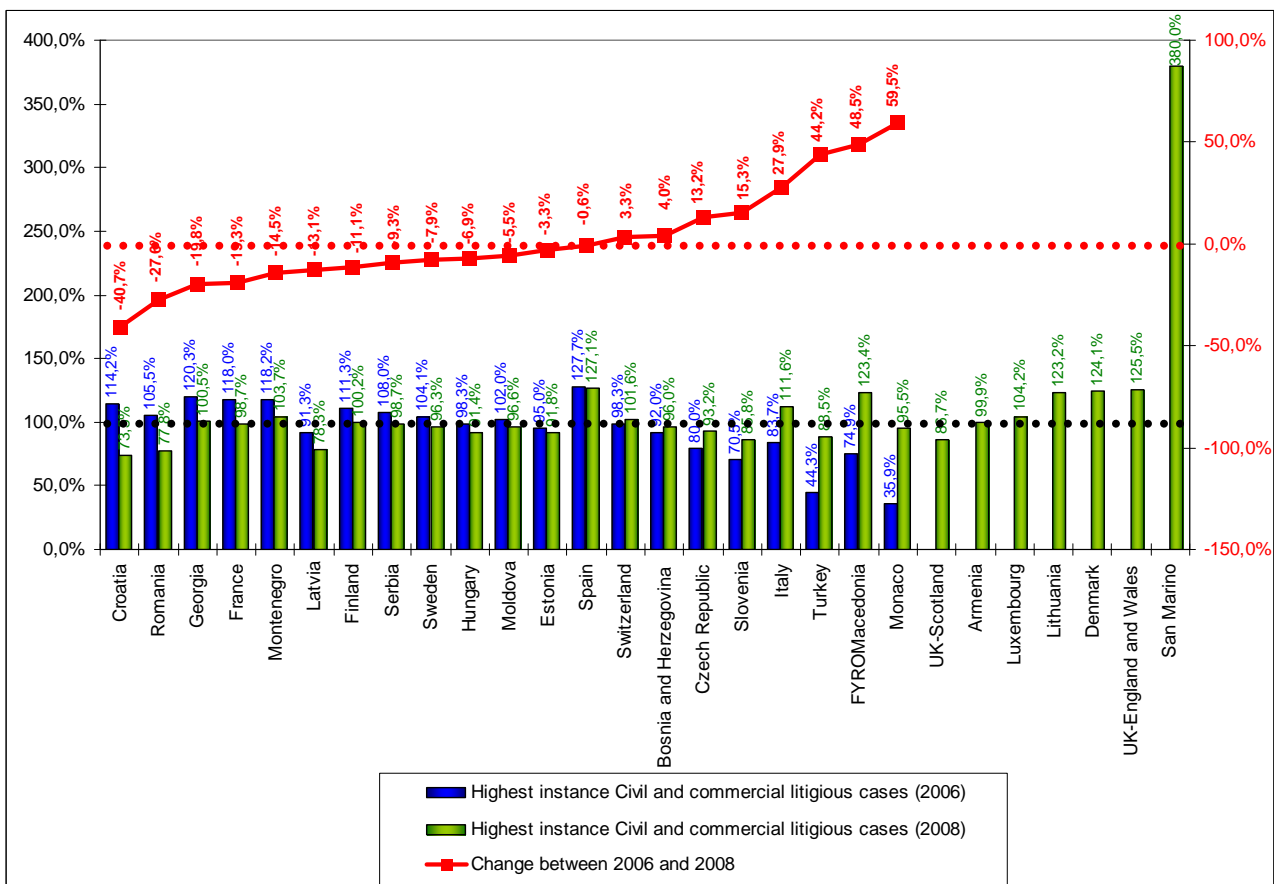


Figure 8 - Evolution of the Clearance rate of civil litigious cases between 2006 and 2008, Highest instance courts, in % and change in %

The figure above provides both 2006 and 2008 highest instance courts Clearance rate for litigious civil (commercial) law cases between the 21 (+7) states, both the value of the variation between the two dates.

2.3. Disposition time of litigious and non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases

2.3.1. Second instance courts

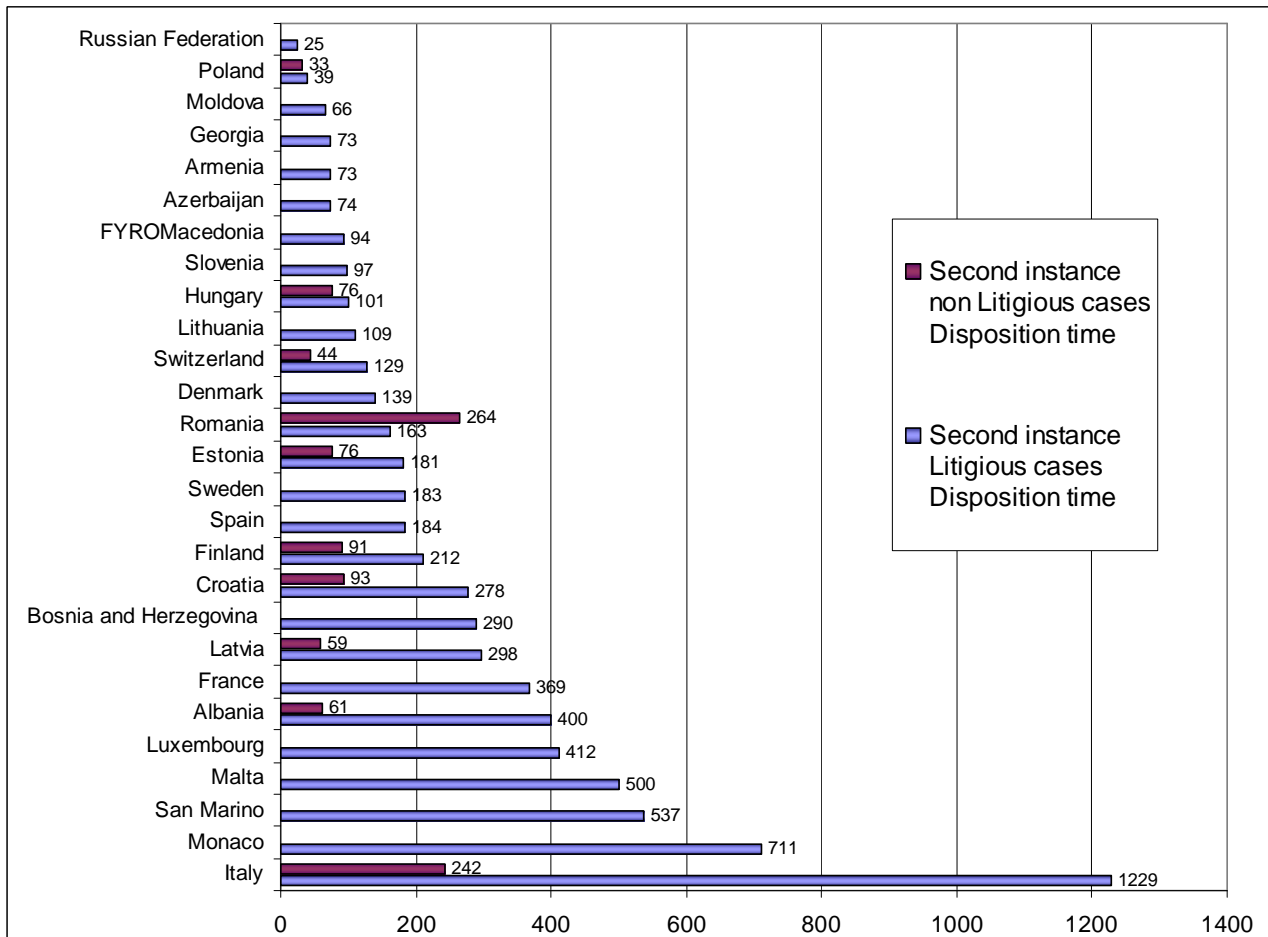


Figure 9 - Disposition time of litigious and non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases, appeal courts, in days

Considering the data available, it has been possible to calculate the Disposition time (in days) of litigious civil (and commercial) cases at second instance courts for 27 states and for non litigious cases for 10 states. Only in the case of **Romania** the 2008 Disposition time is longer for non litigious cases than for the litigious ones. On an average, non litigious cases Disposition time is one third of the litigious one. Of the 10 states which provided data to calculate the Disposition time for non litigious cases, eight (**Poland, Switzerland, Latvia, Albania, Estonia, Hungary, Finland, Croatia**) have a 2008 Disposition time of less than 100 days, while the remaining two (**Italy** and **Romania**) have a Disposition time of approximately 250 days.

The Disposition time of litigious civil (and commercial) cases at second instance courts presents a great variation, ranging from less than on month (25 days) of the Russian Federation to more than three years (1229 days) of Italy, with an average of 258 days and a median of 181. Eight states (**Russian Federation, Poland, Moldova, Georgia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, FYROMacedonia, Slovenia**) have a 2008 Disposition time of less than 100 days, further twelve of less than one year (**Hungary, Lithuania, Switzerland, Denmark, Romania, Estonia, Sweden, Spain, Finland, Croatia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Latvia**), six between one and two years (**France, Albania, Luxembourg, Malta, San Marino, Monaco**) and just one, **Italy**, over three years.

2.3.2. Highest instance courts

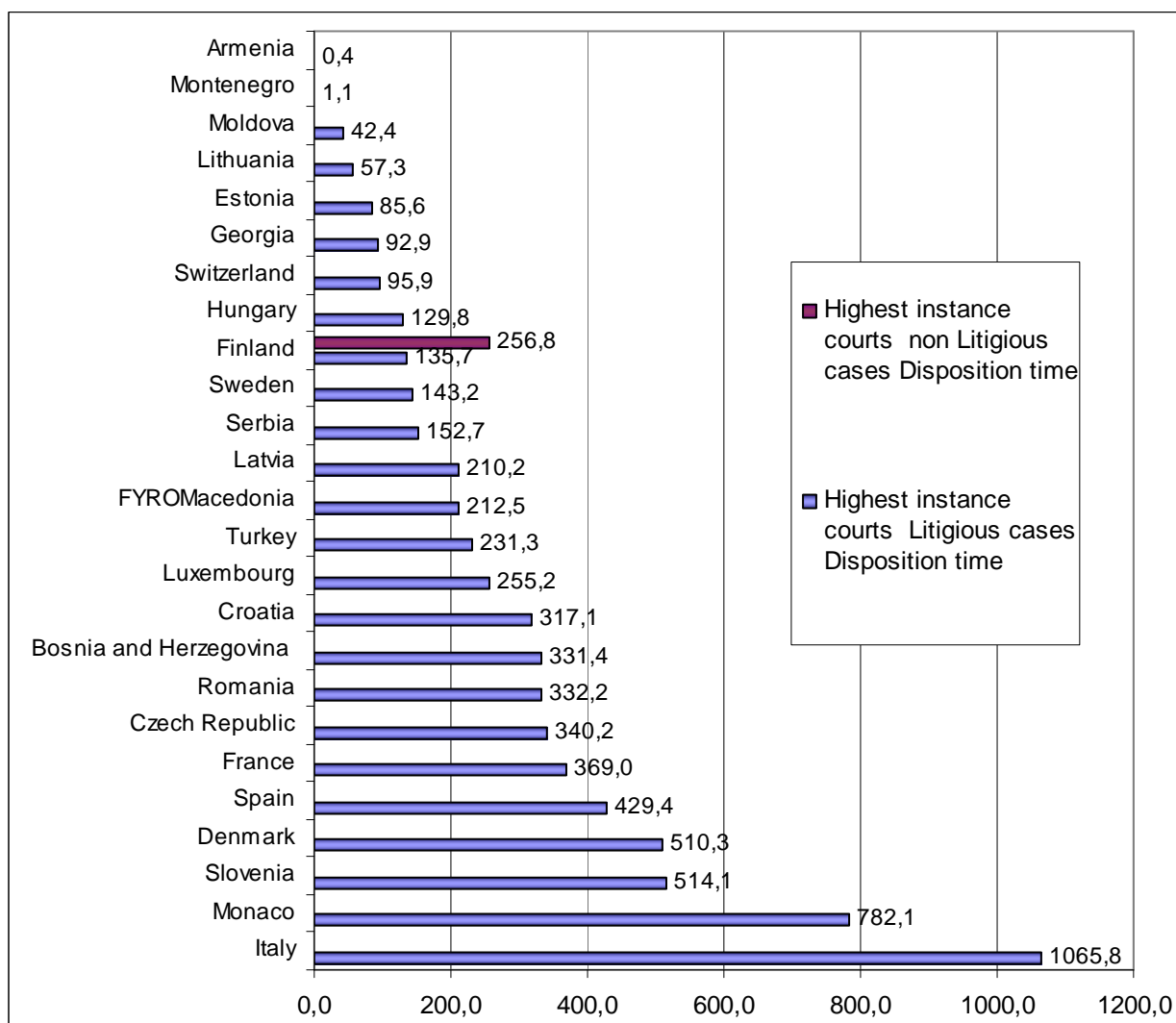


Figure 10 - Disposition time of litigious and non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases, highest instance courts, in days

The figure above shows the Disposition time of litigious civil (and commercial) cases at highest instance courts for 25 states and for non litigious cases for just one state, **Finland**. San Marino has not been included as data shows zero pending cases both for litigious and non litigious cases.

Interesting to notice, in opposition to what happens at first and second instance level, non litigious cases Disposition time is higher (almost double) than the litigious one.

Disposition time of litigious civil (and commercial) cases at highest instance courts present differences that are even greater than those of second and first instance level ranging from 0,4 days for **Armenia**²⁸ and 1 day for **Montenegro**²⁹ to more than 1000 days for **Italy**. The Disposition time average is of 273 days (slightly higher than that of second instance) and the median of 213 (higher than that of second instance). Seven states in 2008 had a Highest instance courts litigious cases Disposition time of less than 100 days (**Armenia, Montenegro, Moldova, Lithuania, Estonia, Georgia, Switzerland**), and further twelve (**Hungary, Finland, Sweden, Serbia, Latvia, FYROMacedonia, Turkey, Luxembourg, Croatia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Romania, Czech Republic**) had a Disposition time of less than one year. In four states (**France, Spain,**

²⁸ This very small value is the result of the of having resolved 845 cases in 2008 and having just one pending case at the end of the year

²⁹ This very small value is the result of the of having resolved 669 cases and having just two pending cases at the end of 2008

Denmark, Slovenia) litigious cases Disposition time was between one and two years while in the remaining two (Monaco and Italy) it was between two and three years

2.4. Disposition time and Clearance rate of litigious civil (and commercial) cases

2.4.1. Second instance courts

The map below shows litigious civil (and commercial) cases at second instance courts Disposition time for 27 states and Clearance rate for 29 states. Numerical values displayed on the map represent Disposition time for each state (in days).

Of the eight states that have a Disposition time of less than 100 days, five have also a Clearance rate of 100% or higher (Poland, Moldova, Georgia, Armenia, Slovenia), while three (Azerbaijan, Russian Federation, FYROMacedonia) have a Clearance rate between 76 and 92%. Of the twelve states with a Disposition time of less than one year, eight (Estonia, Lithuania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Latvia, Denmark, Croatia, Hungary, Romania) have a Clearance rate below 100%, while four (Finland, Sweden, Switzerland, Spain) have a Clearance rate equal or higher than 100%. Two of the six states with a Disposition time between one and two years, Monaco and Albania, have a Clearance rate below 100% while the remaining four countries were all equal or above it (France, Luxembourg, Malta, San Marino). Italy, with a Disposition time of over three years, has also a Clearance rate well below 100%. Both UK-England and Wales and UK-Scotland, for which Disposition time could not be provided, have a Clearance rate below 100%, especially in the UK-Scotland case (60%).

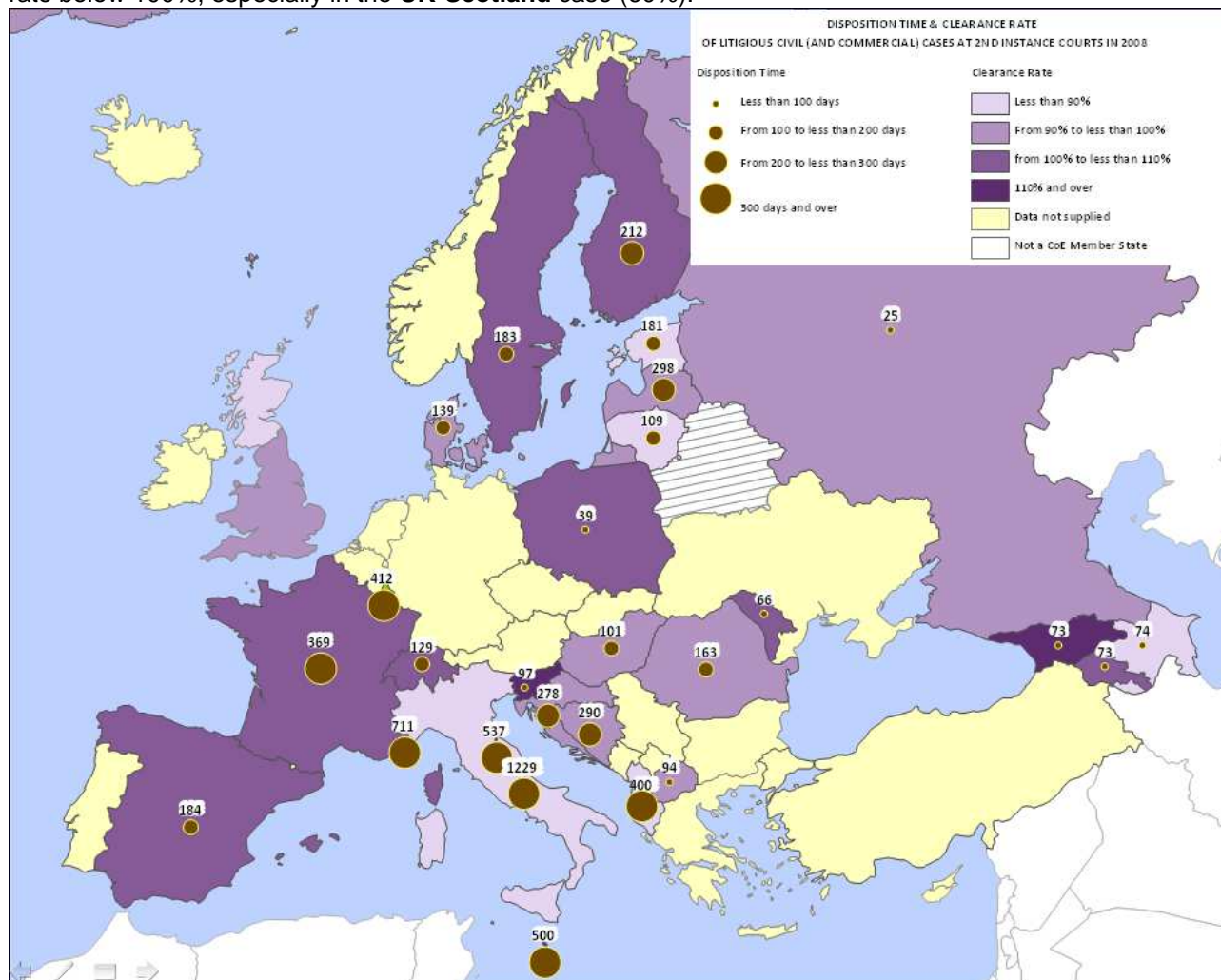


Figure 11 - Disposition time and Clearance rate of litigious civil (and commercial) cases at 2nd instance courts in 2008

The table below provides the raw data used to draw the above map, including 2008 incoming, resolved and pending (on 31 December) cases, Clearance rate, case turnover ratio and Disposition time.

Table 1 - Second instance courts 2008 civil and commercial litigious cases incoming, resolved and pending (on 31 December), Clearance rate, case turnover ratio and Disposition time

country	92.2.2. Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)	92.3.2. Second instance (appeal) courts Resolved cases - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)	92.4.2. Second instance (appeal) courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)	Second instance courts Clearance rate - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)	Second instance courts Case Turnover Ratio - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)	Second instance courts Disposition time - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)
Albania	3.383	2.988	3.278	88%	91%	400
Andorra	NA	NA	NA			
Armenia	2.913	3.140	630	108%	498%	73
Austria	NA	NA	NA			
Azerbaijan	9.210	7.018	1.432	76%	490%	74
Belgium	29.758	NA	NA			
Bosnia and Herzegovina	32.309	28.971	23.004	90%	126%	290
Bulgaria	NA	NA	NA			
Croatia	81.098	78.372	59.595	97%	132%	278
Cyprus						
Czech Republic						
Denmark	5.998	5.679	2.159	95%	263%	139
Estonia	1.803	1.588	788	88%	202%	181
Finland	2.790	2.802	1.626	100%	172%	212
France	218.316	217.412	219.554	100%	99%	369
Georgia	3.124	3.760	748	120%	503%	73
Germany						
Greece						
Hungary	28.390	27.952	7.728	98%	362%	101
Iceland	NAP	NAP	NAP			
Ireland						
Italy	151.699	132.036	444.481	87%	30%	1229
Latvia	4.556	4.133	3.369	91%	123%	298
Lichtenstein						
Lithuania	8.548	7.559	2.267	88%	333%	109
Luxembourg	1.019	1.091	1.231	107%	89%	412
Malta	542	670	918	124%	73%	500
Moldova	6.616	6.916	1.253	105%	552%	66
Monaco	142	116	226	82%	51%	711
Montenegro						
Netherlands	NA	NA	NA			
Norway						
Poland	98.609	98.981	10.707	100%	924%	39
Portugal						
Romania	31.612	31.153	13.897	99%	224%	163
Russian Federation	275.000	249.000	17.000	91%	1465%	25
San Marino	66	161	237	244%	68%	537
Serbia						
Slovakia						
Slovenia	12.036	14.017	3.731	116%	376%	97
Spain	143.715	148.729	74.805	103%	199%	184
Sweden	2.752	2.811	1.408	102%	200%	183
Switzerland	10.894	11.184	3.943	103%	284%	129
FYROMacedonia	18.610	17.052	4.407	92%	387%	94
Turkey						
Ukraine	NAP	NAP	NAP			
UK-England and Wales	3.294	3.094	NA	94%		
UK-Northern Ireland	NA	NA	NA			
UK-Scotland	215	130	NA	60%		

2.4.2. Highest instance courts

In the map below are presented the Disposition time for 25 states and the Clearance rate for 28 states, for litigious civil (and commercial) cases at highest instance courts. Of the Seven states that in 2008 had a Highest instance courts litigious cases Disposition time of less than 100 days, two (**Estonia and Moldova**) have a 2008 Clearance rate below 100% while five (**Armenia, Georgia, Switzerland, Montenegro, Lithuania**) have a Clearance rate of 100% or higher. Of the twelve states with a Disposition time of more than 100 days but less than on year, three quarters (**Croatia, Romania, Latvia, Turkey, Hungary, Czech Republic, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Sweden, Serbia**) have a Clearance rate below 100%, while three (**Finland, Luxembourg, FYROMacedonia**) have a Clearance rate equal or higher than 100%.

Of the six states with a Disposition time of over one year, **three (Slovenia, Monaco, France)**, have a Clearance rate below 100% while the remaining three countries are above it (**Italy, Denmark, Spain**). Of the three countries for which Disposition time could not be calculated, one (**UK-Scotland**) has a Clearance rate below 100%, while the other two **UK-England and Wales** and **San Marino** have a Clearance rate above it.

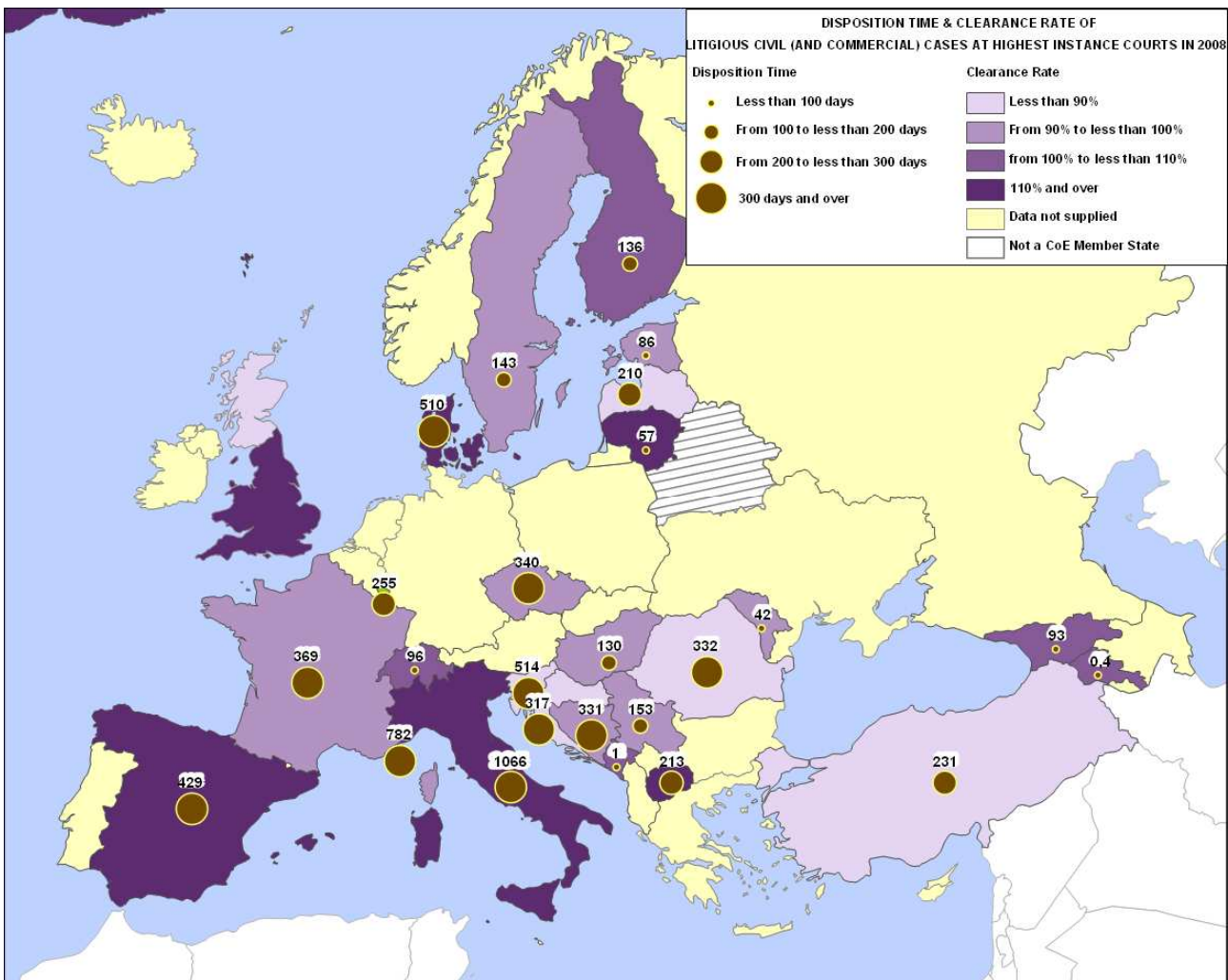


Figure 12 - Disposition time and Clearance rate of litigious civil (and commercial) cases at highest instance courts in 2008

The table below provides the raw data used to draw the above map, including 2008 incoming, resolved and pending (on 31 December) cases, Clearance rate, case turnover ratio and Disposition time.

Table 2 - Highest instance courts 2008 civil and commercial litigious cases incoming, resolved and pending (on 31 December), Clearance rate, case turnover ratio and Disposition time

country	93.2.2. Highest instance courts Incoming cases - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)	92.3.2. Highest instance courts Resolved cases - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)	93.4.2. Highest instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)	Highest instance courts Clearance rate - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)	Highest instance courts Case Turnover Ratio - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)	Highest instance courts Disposition time - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)
Albania	NAP	NAP	NAP			
Andorra						
Armenia	846	845	1	100%	84500%	0
Austria	NA	NA	NA			
Azerbaijan						
Belgium	NA	NA	NA			
Bosnia and Herzegovina	4.304	4.133	3.752	96%	110%	331
Bulgaria	NA	NA	NA			
Croatia	2.625	1.929	1.676	73%	115%	317
Cyprus						
Czech Republic	6.510	6.066	5.654	93%	107%	340
Denmark	257	319	446	124%	72%	510
Estonia	158	145	34	92%	426%	86
Finland	985	987	367	100%	269%	136
France	18.932	18.684	18.890	99%	99%	369
Georgia	1.107	1.112	283	100%	393%	93
Germany						
Greece						
Hungary	2.840	2.596	923	91%	281%	130
Iceland	NAP	NAP	NAP			
Ireland						
Italy	30.406	33.928	99.066	112%	34%	1066
Latvia	916	717	413	78%	174%	210
Lichtenstein						
Lithuania	496	611	96	123%	636%	57
Luxembourg	118	123	86	104%	143%	255
Malta						
Moldova	3.293	3.180	369	97%	862%	42
Monaco	22	21	45	95%	47%	782
Montenegro	645	669	2	104%	33450%	1
Netherlands	NA	NA	NA			
Norway						
Poland						
Portugal						
Romania	15.602	12.146	11.056	78%	110%	332
Russian Federation	258000/10000	153000/10000	6000/500			
San Marino	5	19	0	380%		
Serbia	8.891	8.775	3.671	99%	239%	153
Slovakia						
Slovenia	1.929	1.655	2.331	86%	71%	514
Spain	16.643	21.157	24.889	127%	85%	429
Sweden	588	566	222	96%	255%	143
Switzerland	1.506	1.530	402	102%	381%	96
FYROMacedonia	1.641	2.025	1.179	123%	172%	213
Turkey	480.568	425.393	269.551	89%	158%	231
Ukraine	NAP	NAP	NAP			
UK-England and Wales	51	64	NA	125%		
UK-Northern Ireland	NA	NA	NA			
UK-Scotland	3.904	3.385	NA	87%		

2.5. Clearance rate of administrative law cases in 2008

2.5.1. Second instance courts

22 states were able to provide data needed to calculate the 2008 Clearance rate for administrative law cases at second instance courts, compared to 32 states that were able to provide such data for first instance courts. Administrative law cases at second instance courts Clearance rate ranges from 24% of **Ukraine** up to 166% of **Georgia**. While over half 2008 states are below 100%, almost two thirds have a Clearance rate of 98% or above.

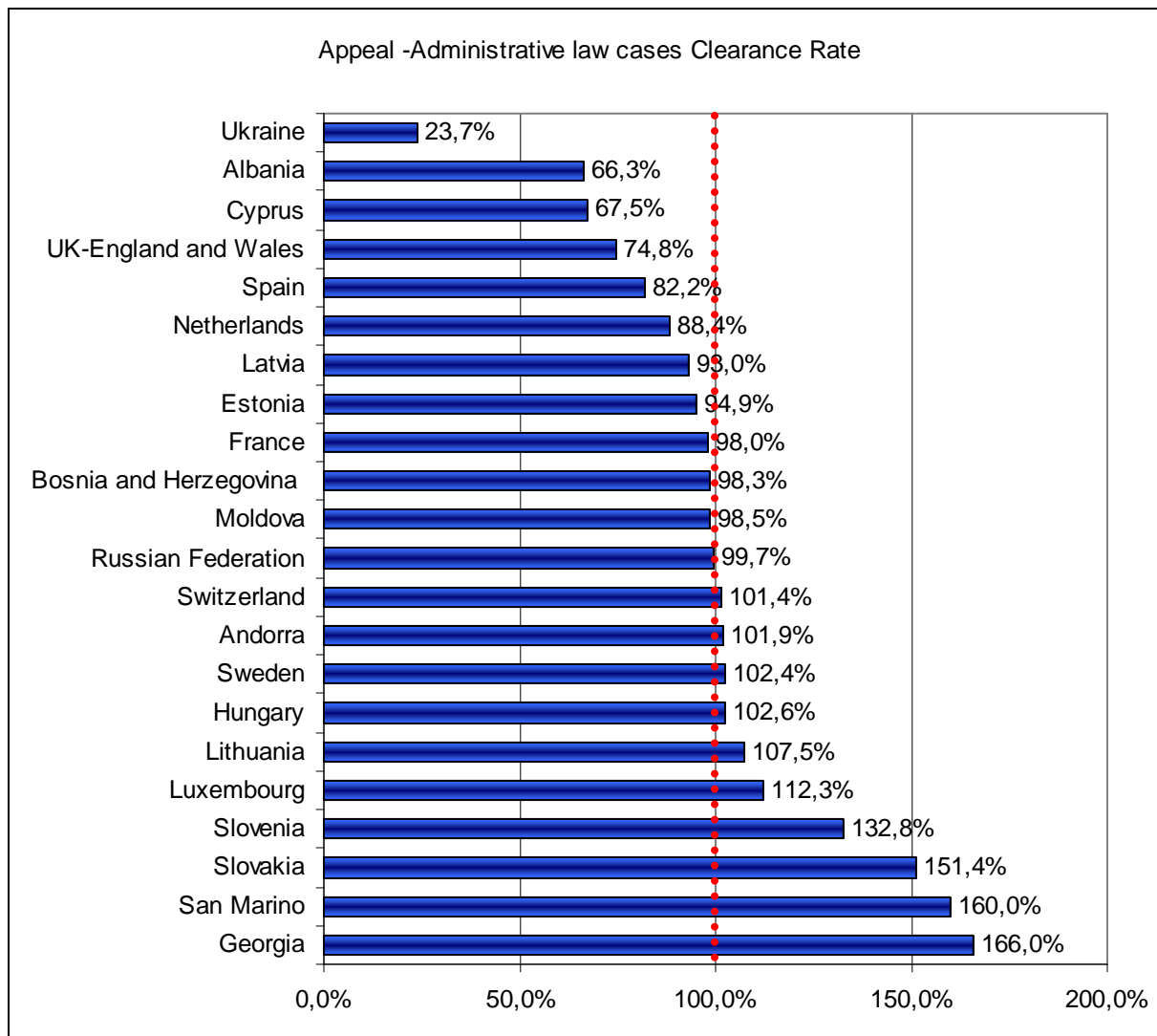


Figure 13 - Clearance rate of administrative law cases, appeal courts, in 2008

2.5.2. Highest instance courts

More states, 26, were able to provide data needed to calculate the 2008 Clearance rate for administrative law cases at highest instance courts. Administrative law cases at highest instance courts Clearance rate ranges from 29% of **Ukraine** up to 142% of **Slovenia**. Interesting to notice, **Georgia**, which has the highest Clearance rate for appeal instance courts, has a Clearance rate of 80% for highest instance courts. Highest instance courts average Clearance rate is 91% while median is 93%. Overall, eleven countries have a Clearance rate equal or above 100% while fifteen are below it.

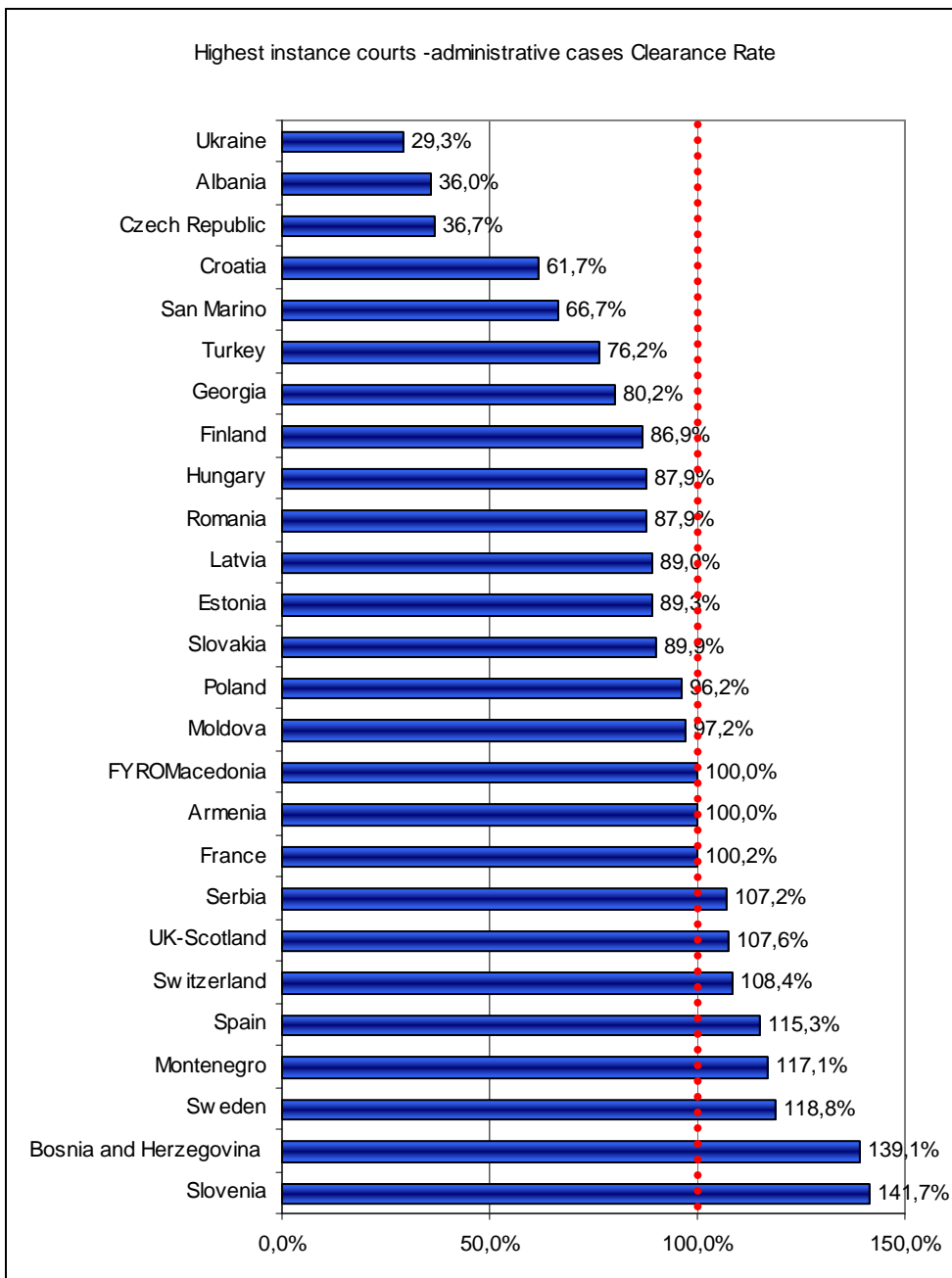


Figure 14 - Clearance rate of administrative law cases, highest instance courts, in 2008

2.6. Evolution of the Clearance rate of administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008

2.6.1. Second instance courts

Only sixteen states have provided the data needed to calculate the Clearance rates for administrative law cases at second instance courts in 2006 and 2008. The figure below presents also 2008 CR for six further states (**Albania, UK-England and Wales, Switzerland, Andorra, Sweden, San Marino**). This information is presented only for information purposes as lack of 2006 data did not allow their 2006 second instance courts administrative law cases Clearance rates.

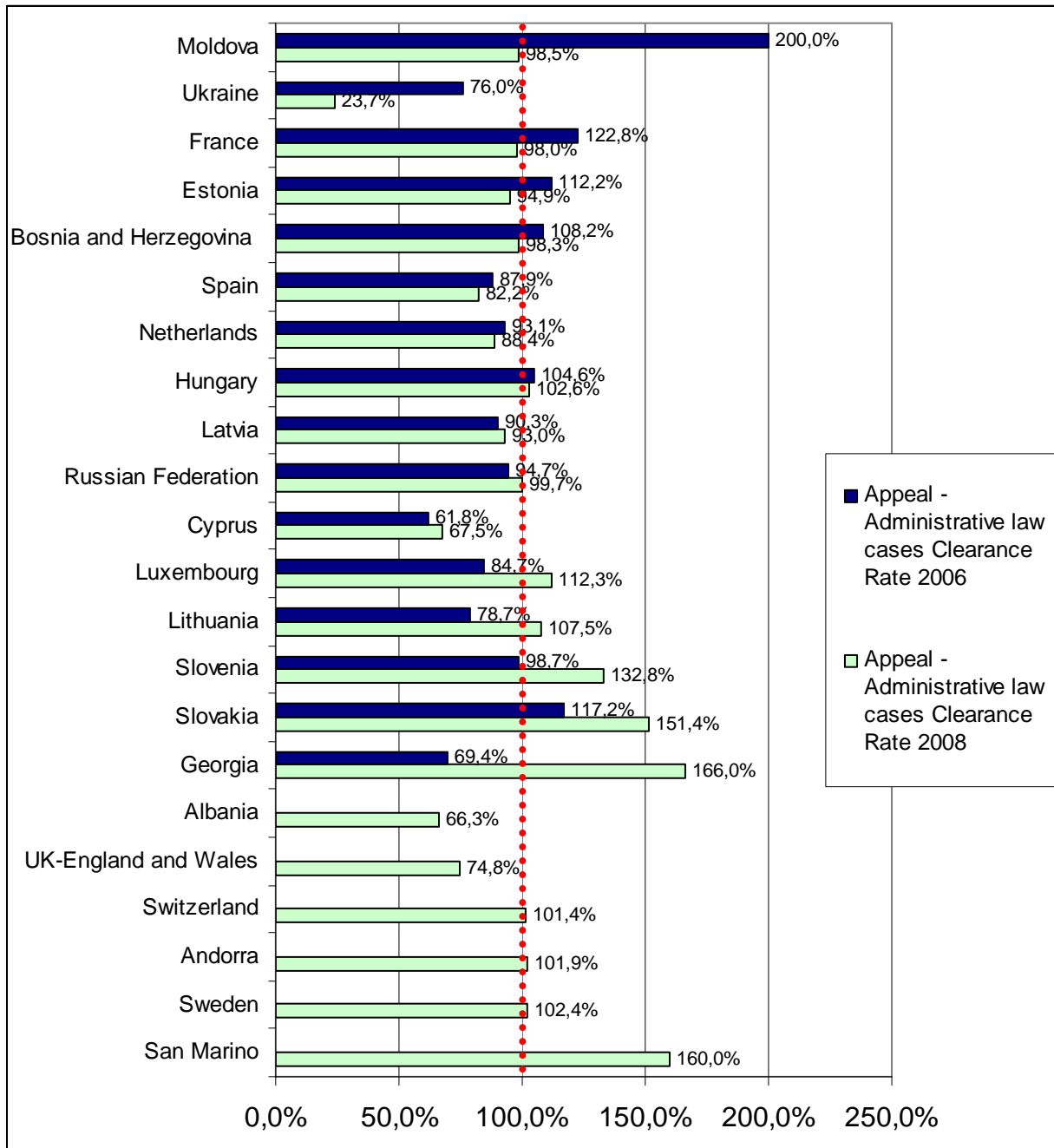


Figure 15 - Evolution of the Clearance rate of administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008, appeal courts, in % (ordered by CR variation)

Of the sixteen states for which the Evolution of the Clearance rate of administrative law cases has been calculated, half shows a negative trend (**Moldova, Ukraine, France, Estonia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Spain, Netherlands, Hungary**) while the other half sows a positive one (**Latvia, Russian Federation, Cyprus, Luxembourg, Lithuania, Slovenia, Slovakia, Georgia**). As clearly shown in the figure below, the

variation range from a -102% for **Moldova** to +96% for **Georgia**, with only six countries within a $\pm 6\%$ of variation (**Spain, Netherlands, Hungary, Latvia, Russian Federation, Cyprus**).

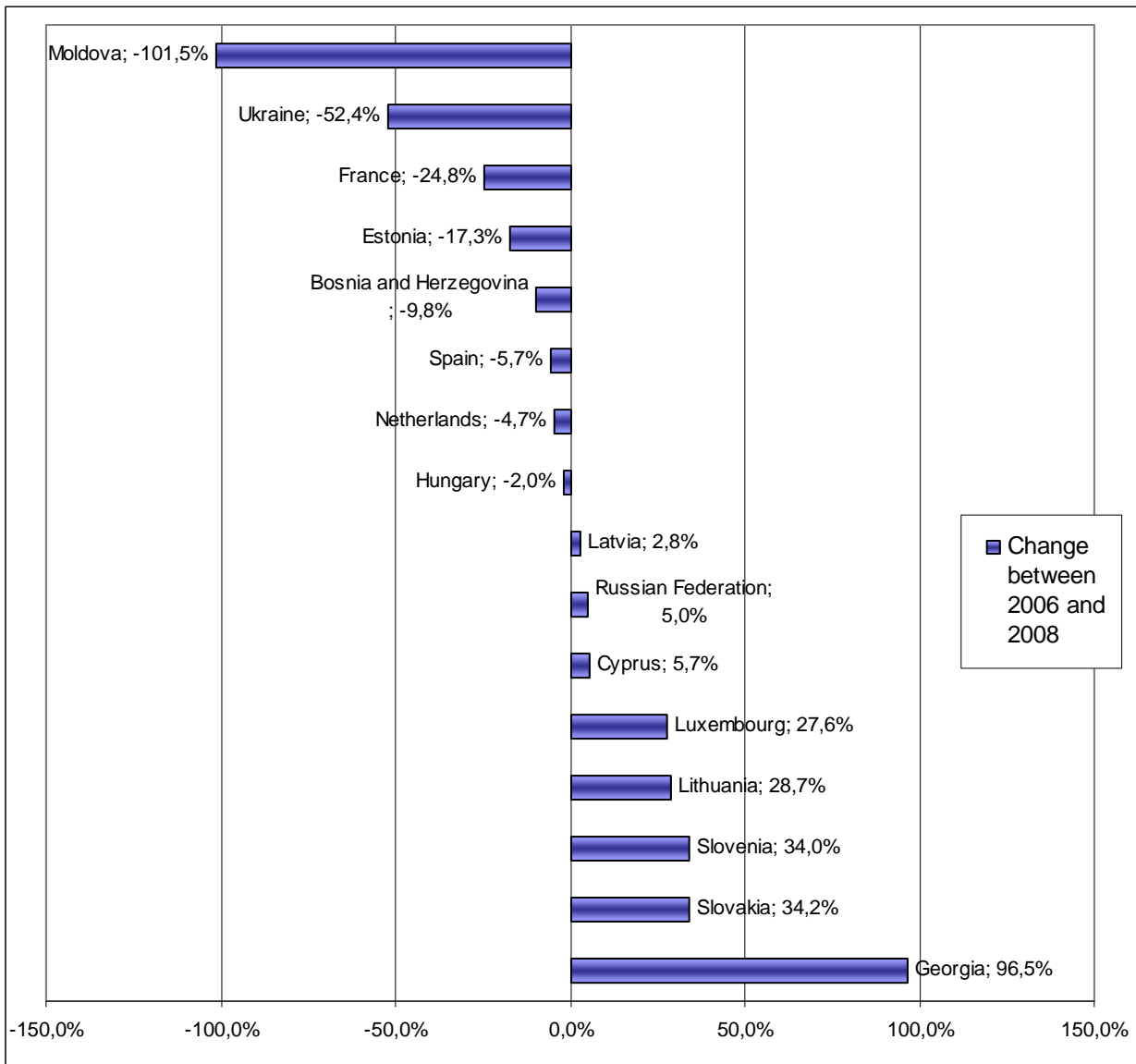


Figure 16 - Evolution of the Clearance rate of administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008, appeal courts, change in %

Of the eight states with a negative 2006-2008 Clearance rate trend, seven have a 2008 Clearance rate below 100% (**Ukraine, Spain, Netherlands, Estonia, France, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Moldova**). In three of these cases (**France, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Moldova**), though, the 2008 Clearance rate is within two point percentage from 100%. The 8th state with a negative 2006-2008 Clearance rate trend, Hungary, has a 2008 Clearance rate of more than 102%. Of the eight states with a positive Clearance rate trend, three (**Cyprus, Latvia, Russian Federation**) have a 2008 Clearance rate below 100%, and in particular, while the **Russian Federation** is just 0,3% below it, **Cyprus** 2008 CR is 67,5%. The remaining five countries (**Lithuania, Luxembourg, Slovenia, Slovakia, Georgia**) have both a positive Clearance rate trend, both a 2008 Clearance rate above 100%.

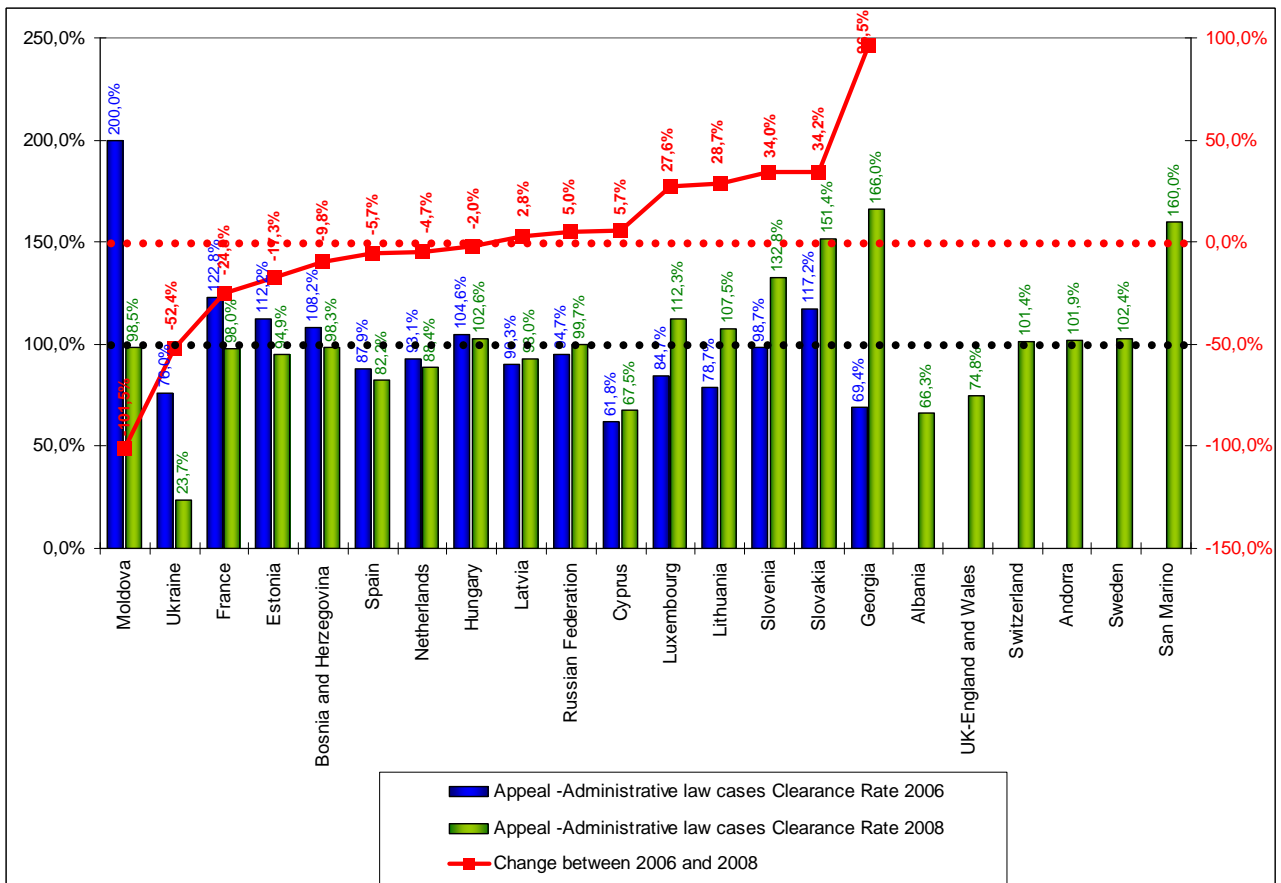


Figure 17 - Evolution of the Clearance rate of administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008, second instance courts, in % and change in %

The figure above provides both 2006 and 2008 second instance courts Clearance rate for administrative law cases between the 16 (+6) states, both the value of the variation between the two dates.

2.6.2. Highest instance courts

With the available data it has been possible to calculate the highest instance courts evolution of the Clearance rate for administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008 in 19 states. 2008 Clearance rate data for further seven states (**Albania, Croatia, San Marino, Poland, Moldova, Armenia, UK-Scotland**) is provided for information purposes.

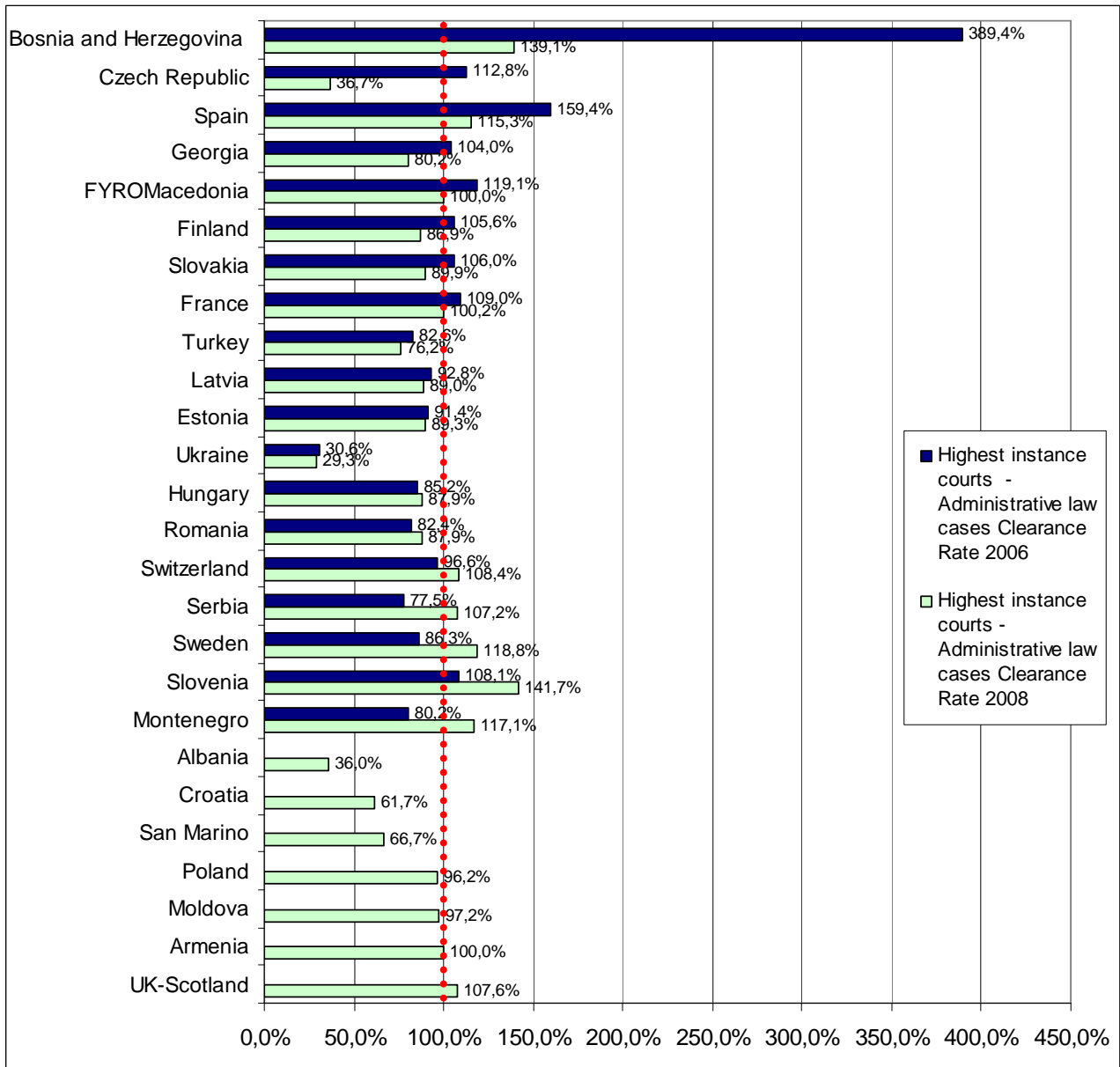


Figure 18 - Evolution of the Clearance rate of administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008, highest instance courts, in % (ordered by CR variation)

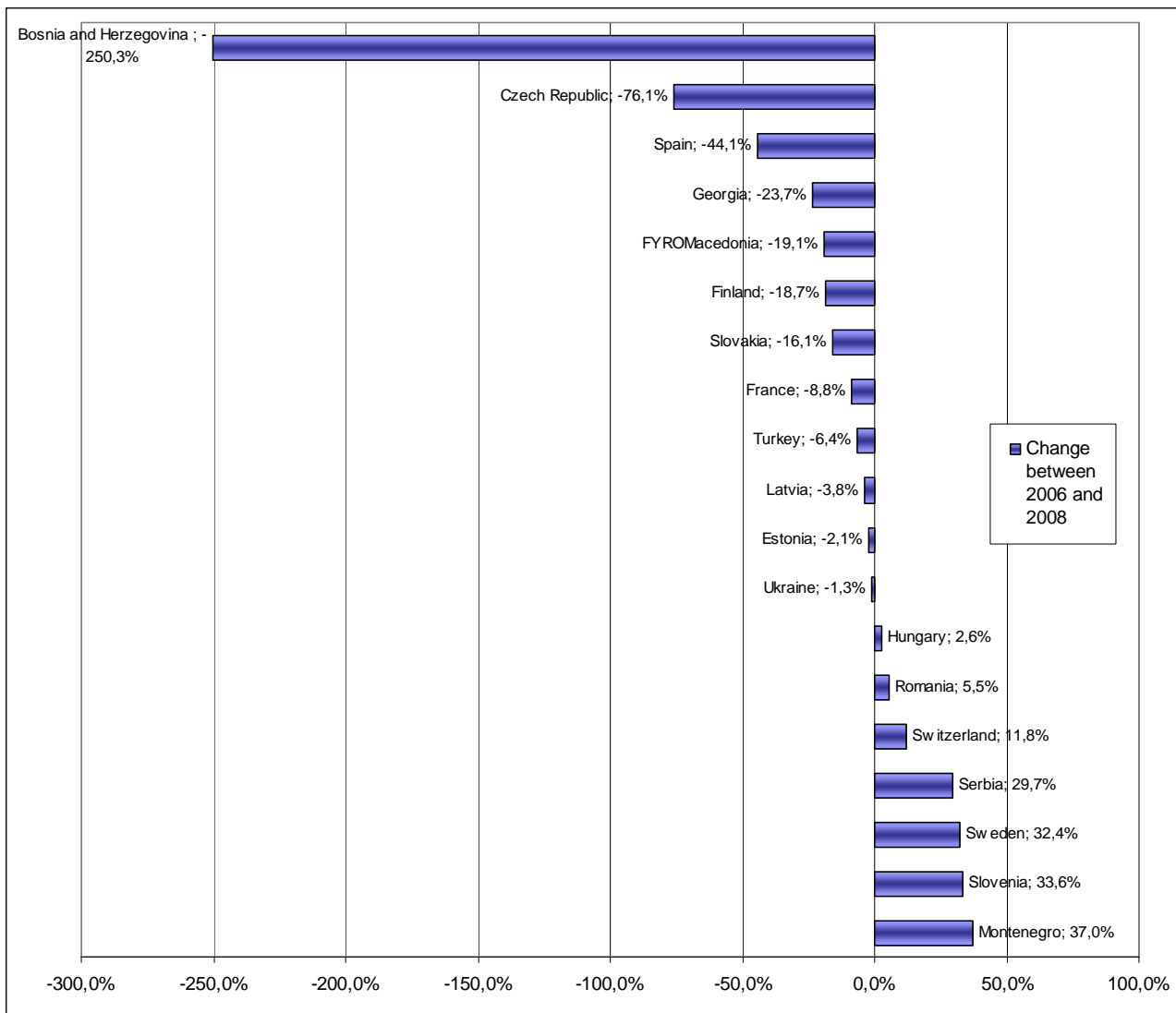


Figure 19 - Evolution of the Clearance rate of administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008, highest instance courts, change in %

As the above figure shows, in twelve out of nineteen states (almost two thirds) the Clearance rate of administrative law cases decreases between 2006 and 2008. The drop is quite consistent in several states and in particular in **Bosnia and Herzegovina (-250%)**, **Czech Republic (-76%)** and **Spain (-44%)**. At the same time, in the three of the six countries in which the Clearance rate raises between 2006 and 2008, the CR increment is of more than 30% (**Sweden, Slovenia, Montenegro**).

Observing the 2006-2008 Clearance rate trend of administrative law cases for highest instance courts taking into account 2008 Clearance rates, it emerges that in eight cases (**Ukraine, Czech Republic, Turkey, Georgia, Finland, Latvia, Estonia, Slovakia**) Clearance rate decrease is linked with a 2008 CR below 100% while in 4 cases (**FYROMacedonia, France, Spain, Bosnia and Herzegovina**) it is linked with a 2008 CR which is equal or higher than 100%. At the same time, in two of the states (**Hungary and Romania**) which shows a Clearance rate rise in the 2006-2008 period, the 2008 Clearance rate is still below 90%. Five states, **Switzerland, Serbia, Sweden, Slovenia and Montenegro**, show both a positive trend and a 2008 Clearance rate of administrative law cases above 100%.

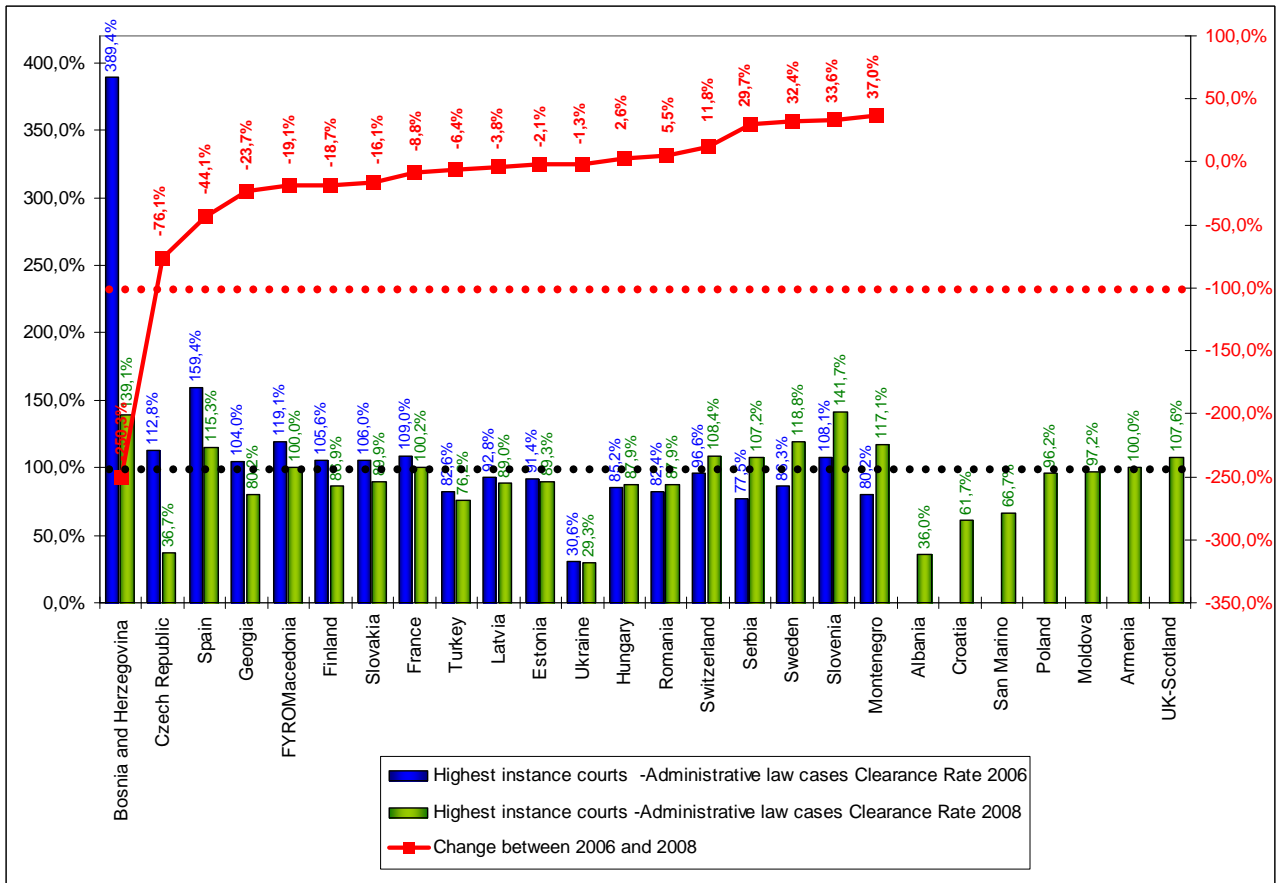


Figure 20 - Evolution of the Clearance rate of administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008, highest instance courts, in % and change in %

The figure above provides both 2006 and 2008 highest instance courts Clearance rate for administrative law cases between the 19 (+7) states, both the value of the variation between the two dates.

2.7. Disposition time and Clearance rate of the total number of civil, commercial and administrative law cases

2.7.1. Second instance courts

The map below shows the total number of civil, commercial and administrative law cases at second instance courts Disposition time for 35 states and Clearance rate for 41 states. Numerical values displayed on the map represent Disposition time for each state expressed in days.

Of the eleven states that have a Disposition time of less than 100 days, seven have also a Clearance rate of 100% or higher (**Czech Republic, Poland, Sweden, Moldova, Armenia, Slovenia, Georgia**), while four (**FYROMacedonia, Russian Federation, Hungary, Austria**) have a Clearance rate between 91 and 99%. Of the remaining seventeen states with a Disposition time of less than on year, eight (**Portugal, Switzerland, Norway, Slovakia, Serbia, Bulgaria, Andorra, Montenegro**) have a 2008 Clearance rate above 100%, while nine (**Lithuania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Estonia, Latvia, Denmark, Croatia, Spain, Romania, Finland,**) have a Clearance rate lower than 100%. It should be mentioned, though, that in three of the latter cases (**Lithuania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Estonia**) the Clearance rate is 99%. Of the five states with a Disposition time between one and two years, three (**France, Greece and Albania**) have a Clearance rate below 100% while two, **Malta and San Marino**) have a Clearance rate of 121% and 221% respectively. **Italy** and **Cyprus**, with a Disposition time of over three years have both a Clearance rate well below 100% (respectively 87% and 65%)

Five of the six states for which Disposition time could not be calculated (**Ukraine, UK-Scotland, Monaco, UK-England and Wales, Netherlands**) have a Clearance rate below 100%, while the remaining one, **Luxembourg** has a Clearance rate of 108%.

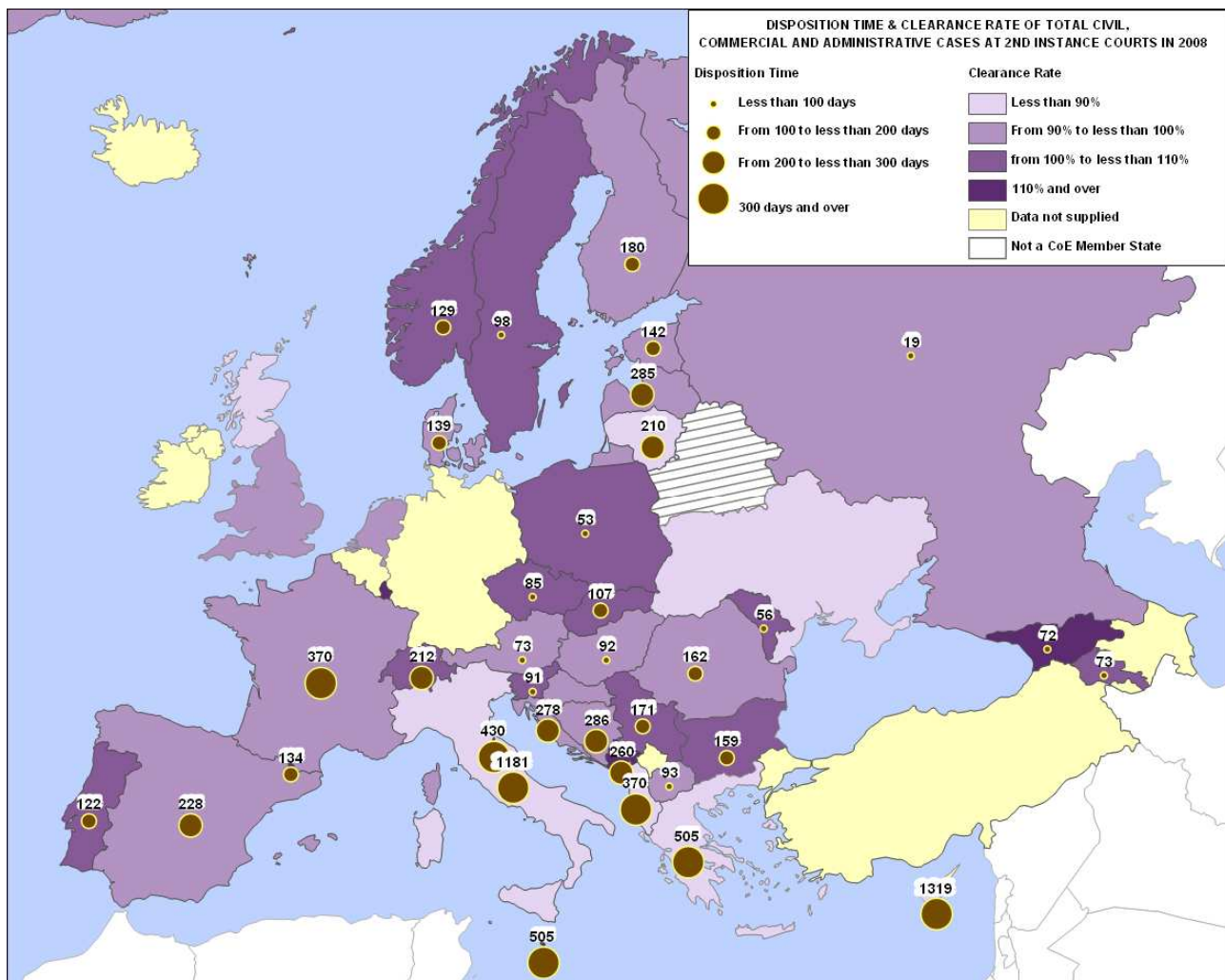


Figure 21 - Disposition time and Clearance rate of total number of civil, commercial and administrative law cases at second instance courts in 2008

The table below provides the raw data used to draw the above map, including 2008 incoming, resolved and pending (on 31 December) cases, Clearance rate, case turnover ratio and Disposition time.

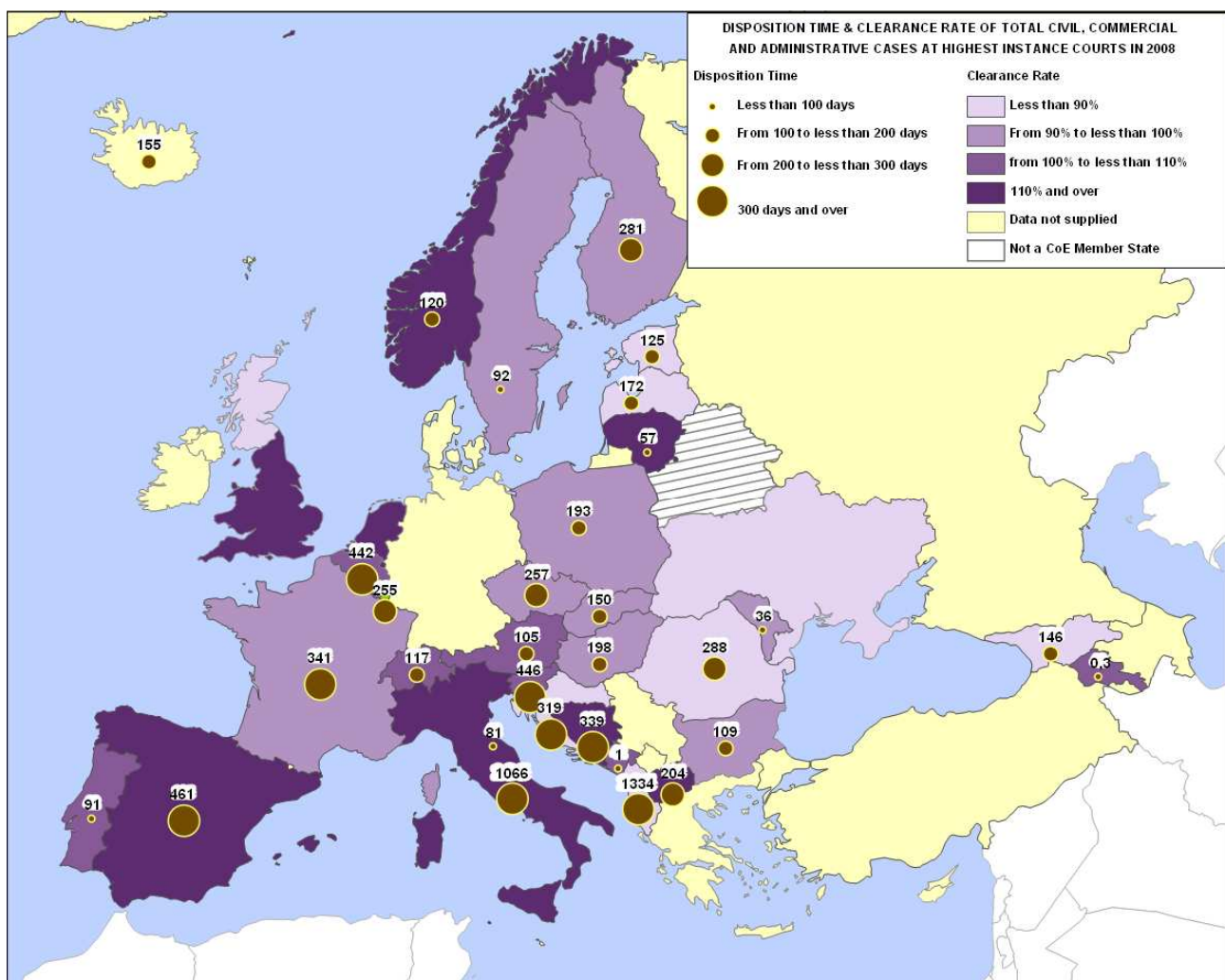
Table 3 - Second instance courts 2008 Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases: incoming, resolved and pending (on 31 December), Clearance rate, case turnover ratio and Disposition time

country	92.2.1. Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	92.3.1. Second instance (appeal) courts Resolved cases - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	92.4.1. Second instance (appeal) courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	Second instance courts Clearance rate - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	Second instance courts Case Turnover Ratio - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	Second instance courts Disposition time - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)
Albania	4.997	4.148	4.205	83%	99%	370
Andorra	491	544	199	111%	273%	134
Armenia	2.913	3.140	630	108%	498%	73
Austria	34.251	33.777	6.791	99%	497%	73
Azerbaijan	NAP	NAP	NAP			
Belgium	NA	NA	NA			
Bosnia and Herzegovina	40.723	37.246	29.233	91%	127%	286
Bulgaria	23.397	24.922	10.854	107%	230%	159
Croatia	81.089	78.372	59.595	97%	132%	278
Cyprus	222	145	524	65%	28%	1319
Czech Republic	72.788	73.488	17.086	101%	430%	85
Denmark	5.998	5.679	2.159	95%	263%	139
Estonia	3.869	3.559	1.384	92%	257%	142
Finland	3.918	3.890	1.917	99%	203%	180
France	246.118	244.647	248.112	99%	99%	370
Georgia	6.456	8.540	1.677	132%	509%	72
Germany						
Greece	34.900	29.800	41.196	85%	72%	505
Hungary	46.620	45.332	11.482	97%	395%	92
Iceland	NAP	NAP	NAP			
Ireland						
Italy	159.187	138.707	448.906	87%	31%	1181
Latvia	6.861	6.435	5.016	94%	128%	285
Lichtenstein						
Lithuania	16.752	13.374	7.709	80%	173%	210
Luxembourg	1.328	1.438	NA	108%		
Malta	578	697	965	121%	72%	505
Moldova	9.686	9.941	1.515	103%	656%	56
Monaco	142	116	NA	82%		
Montenegro	6.354	7.384	5.254	116%	141%	260
Netherlands	26.494	25.419	NA	96%		
Norway	3.222	3.288	1.161	102%	283%	129
Poland	158.843	161.052	23.449	101%	687%	53
Portugal	17.751	17.869	5.950	101%	300%	122
Romania	32.390	32.006	14.243	99%	225%	162
Russian Federation	872.000	845.000	45.000	97%	1878%	19
San Marino	91	201	237	221%	85%	430
Serbia	81.353	84.742	39.711	104%	213%	171
Slovakia	31.534	32.451	9.521	103%	341%	107
Slovenia	21.502	23.322	5.809	108%	401%	91
Spain	193.520	191.064	119.391	99%	160%	228
Sweden	23.632	24.128	6.484	102%	372%	98
Switzerland	43.665	44.352	25.729	102%	172%	212
FYROMacedonia	23.332	21.252	5.393	91%	394%	93
Turkey						
Ukraine	248.848	95.023		38%		
UK-England and Wales	3.294	3.094	NA	94%		
UK-Northern Ireland	NA	NA	NA			
UK-Scotland	215	130	NA	60%		

2.7.2. Highest instance courts

In the map below are presented the Disposition time for 31 states and the Clearance rate for 34 states for the total number of civil, commercial and administrative law cases at highest instance courts. Of the seven states that in 2008 have a Highest instance courts total number of civil, commercial and administrative law cases Disposition time of less than 100 days, five (**Armenia, Portugal, Montenegro, Lithuania, San Marino**) have a Clearance rate of 100% or higher while two (**Sweden, Moldova**) have a Clearance rate between 96% and 97%. Of the nineteen states with a Disposition time of more than 100 days but less than on year, almost one third (**Austria, Luxembourg, Switzerland, Bosnia and Herzegovina , Norway, FYROMacedonia**) has a Clearance rate higher than 100%, while almost two thirds (**Croatia, Romania, Latvia, Georgia, Estonia, Finland, Hungary, Bulgaria, Slovakia, Czech Republic, Poland, France**) have a Clearance rate below 100%, even though in three cases is 98% or higher (**Czech Republic, Poland, France**). For the 19th case, **Iceland**, missing data has not allowed to calculate the Clearance rate.

All three states with a Disposition time of over one year but less that two (**Slovenia, Belgium, Spain**) have a Clearance rate equal or higher than 100%. Of the two countries with a Disposition time of over two years, **Italy** has a Clearance rate of 112% while **Albania** of 42%. For the four countries for which only the Clearance rate has been calculated, in two cases (**Netherlands, UK-England and Wales**) it is above 100% (114% and 125% respectively), while in the other two (**Ukraine, UK-Scotland**) it is below it (27% and 87% respectively).



The table below provides the raw data used to draw the above map, including 2008 incoming, resolved and pending (on 31 December) cases, Clearance rate, case turnover ratio and Disposition time.

Table 4 - Highest instance courts 2008 Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases: incoming, resolved and pending (on 31 December), Clearance rate, case turnover ratio and Disposition time

country	93.2.1. Highest instance courts Incoming cases - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	93.3.1. Highest instance courts Resolved cases - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	93.4.1. Highest instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	Highest instance courts Clearance rate - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	Highest instance courts Case Turnover Ratio - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	Highest instance courts Disposition time - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)
Albania	2.788	1.184	4.326	42%	27%	1334
Andorra						
Armenia	1.069	1.068	1	100%	106800%	0,3
Austria	2.857	2.882	827	101%	348%	105
Azerbaijan	NAP	NAP	NAP			
Belgium	877	924	1.119	105%	83%	442
Bosnia and Herzegovina	8.741	10.307	9.568	118%	108%	339
Bulgaria	16.402	15.095	4.491	92%	336%	109
Croatia	2.672	1.958	1.711	73%	114%	319
Cyprus						
Czech Republic	10.137	9.938	6.986	98%	142%	257
Denmark						
Estonia	283	251	86	89%	292%	125
Finland	5.999	5.399	4.162	90%	130%	281
France	29.182	28.954	27.039	99%	107%	341
Georgia	2.830	2.494	995	88%	251%	146
Germany						
Greece						
Hungary	4.249	3.829	2.078	90%	184%	198
Iceland		353	150		235%	155
Ireland						
Italy	30.406	33.928	99.066	112%	34%	1066
Latvia	1.898	1.579	742	83%	213%	172
Lichtenstein						
Lithuania	496	611	96	123%	636%	57
Luxembourg	118	123	86	104%	143%	255
Malta	NAP	NAP	NAP			
Moldova	5.648	5.470	543	97%	1007%	36
Monaco	NA	NA	NA			
Montenegro	855	930	2	109%	46500%	1
Netherlands	1.334	1.520	NA	114%		
Norway	72	88	29	122%	303%	120
Poland	20.705	20.323	10.728	98%	189%	193
Portugal	2.969	3.025	755	102%	401%	91
Romania	21.099	16.979	13.394	80%	127%	288
Russian Federation	258000/10000	153000/56000	6000/500			
San Marino	17	27	6	159%	450%	81
Serbia						
Slovakia	7.466	7.148	2.944	96%	243%	150
Slovenia	3.696	3.698	4.518	100%	82%	446
Spain	24.620	30.357	38.319	123%	79%	461
Sweden	5.420	5.221	1.318	96%	396%	92
Switzerland	5.729	6.106	1.962	107%	311%	117
FYROMacedonia	1.726	2.110	1.179	122%	179%	204
Turkey						
Ukraine	102.500	27.500	NA	27%		
UK-England and Wales	51	64	NA	125%		
UK-Northern Ireland	NA	NA	NA			
UK-Scotland	3.904	3.385	NA	87%		

2.8 Evolution of the Clearance rates of the total number of civil, commercial and administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008

2.8.1. Second instance courts

29 states have provided the data needed to calculate the Clearance rates of the total number of civil, commercial and administrative law cases at second instance courts in both 2006 and 2008. In addition to these Clearance rates, the figure below presents also 2008 Clearance rate for 11 further states (**Ukraine, UK-Scotland, Cyprus, Albania, UK-England and Wales, Sweden, Serbia, Bulgaria, Montenegro, Malta, San Marino**). The CR of these 11 states is presented only for information purposes as lack of 2006 data did not allow to calculate their 2006 Clearance rates. The three figures just below present such 2006 and 2008 clearance data ordered respectively by state name, 2008 Clearance rate and 2006-2008 Clearance rate variation.

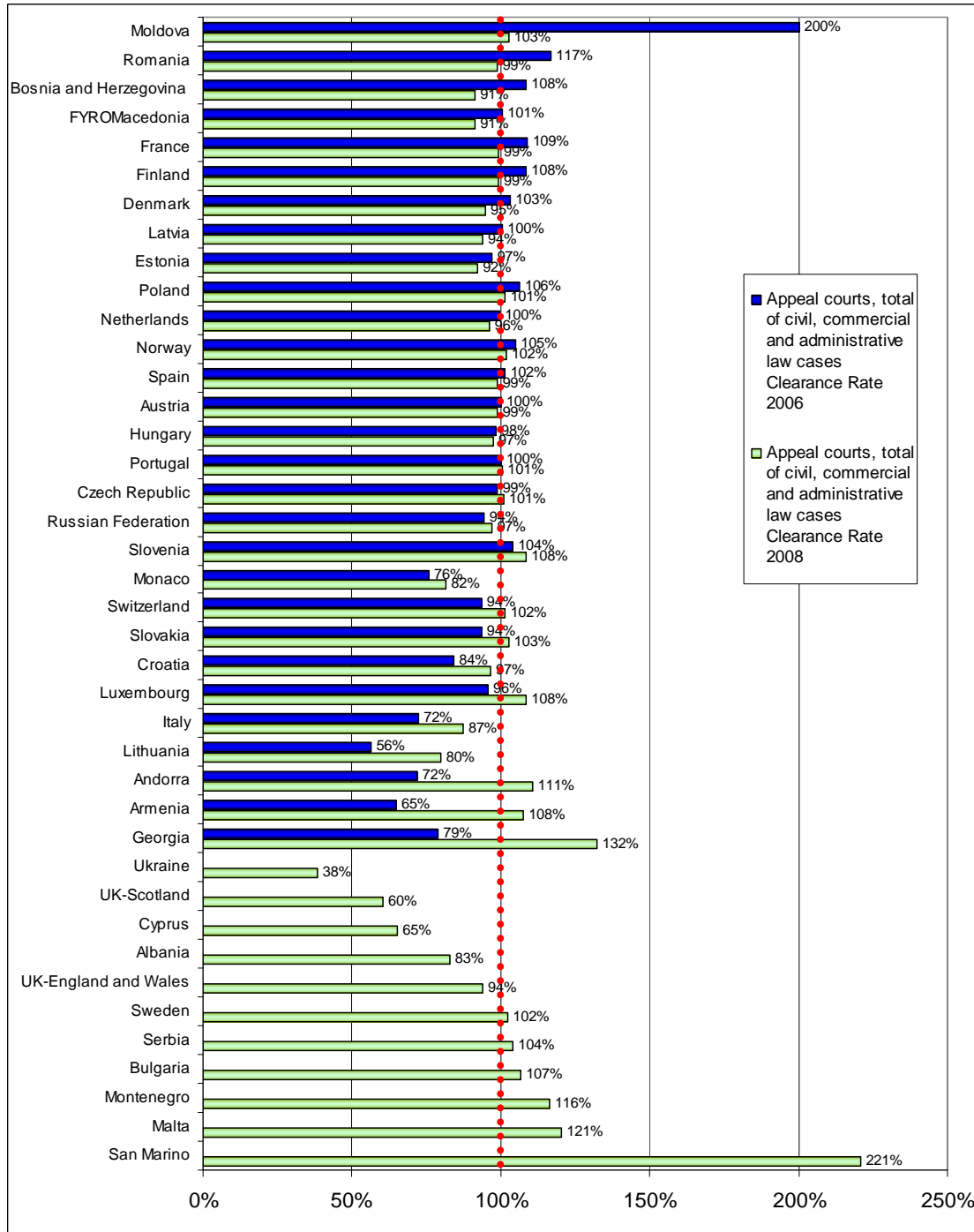


Figure 23 - Evolution of the Clearance rates of the total number of appeal courts civil, commercial and administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008, in % (ordered by CR variation)

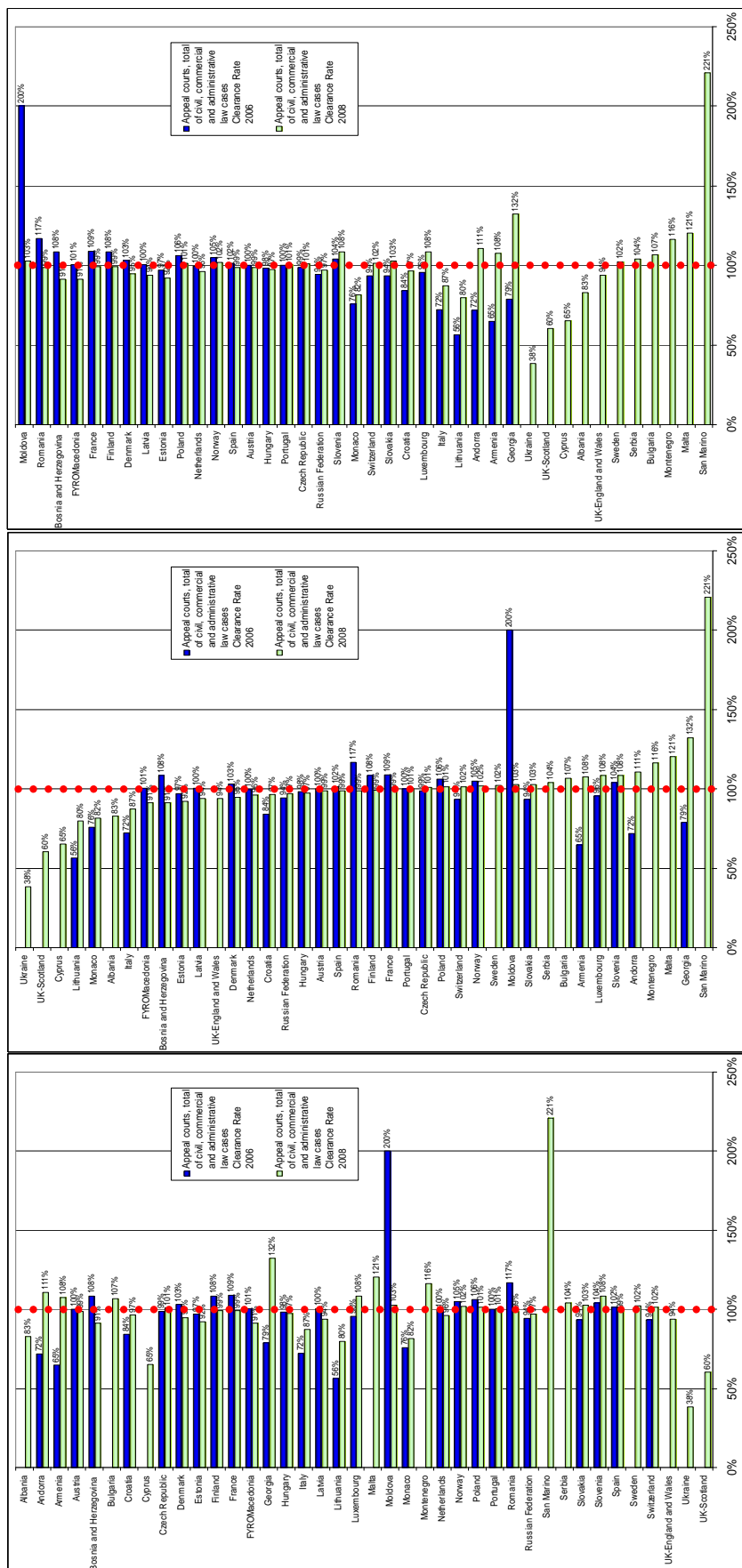


Figure 24 - Evolution of the Clearance rates of the total number of appeal courts civil, commercial and administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008, in %

The trend of the Clearance rate for the total number of appeal courts civil, commercial and administrative law cases is presented in the figure below. The average variation between 2006 and 2008 Clearance rates is

1,2% while the median is -1,2%. If the minimum and maximum values (-97% and +53% respectively) are excluded, the average rises to 2,9%. As it can be clearly observed in the data representation, just over half states (15 out of 29) present a negative trend when comparing 2006 and 2008 Clearance rates. With the exception of **Moldova**, with a -97%, and two other states with a decrease between -20% and -10% (**Romania and Bosnia and Herzegovina**), the other states with a negative trend have it contained within a -10% (**FYROMacedonia, France, Finland, Denmark, Latvia, Estonia, Poland, Netherlands, Norway, Spain, Austria, Hungary**). Of the fourteen states in which the trend is positive, seven (**Portugal, Czech Republic, Russian Federation, Slovenia, Monaco, Switzerland, Slovakia**) have an increase between 0% and 10%, three (**Croatia, Luxembourg, Italy**), between 10% and 20%, two (**Lithuania, Andorra**) between 20% and 40% and two (**Armenia, Georgia**) above it

Observing the 2006-2008 Clearance rate trend of the total number of appeal courts civil, commercial and administrative law cases for second instance courts while taking into account 2008 Clearance rates, it emerges that in twelve cases (**FYROMacedonia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Estonia, Latvia, Denmark, Netherlands, Hungary, Austria, Spain, Romania, Finland, France**) Clearance rate decrease is linked with a 2008 Clearance rate below 100%. At the same time, in five of these twelve states (**Austria, Spain, Romania, Finland, France**) the 2008 Clearance rate is 99%. In the remaining three cases (**Poland, Norway, Moldova**) the negative Clearance rate trend it is linked with a 2008 Clearance rate which is higher than 100% and therefore the situation should be monitored but is not worrisome.

Of the fourteen states which show a Clearance rate rise in the 2006-2008 period, the 2008 Clearance rate is still below 100% in five states (**Lithuania, Monaco, Italy, Croatia, Russian Federation**). As a consequence, while the trend is the right one, the number of pending cases is still increasing and efforts should be made to keep increasing the Clearance rate. The remaining nine states, (**Portugal, Czech Republic, Switzerland, Slovakia, Armenia, Luxembourg, Slovenia, Andorra, Georgia**), show both a positive trend and a 2008 Clearance rate above 100% for the total number of appeal courts civil, commercial and administrative law cases.

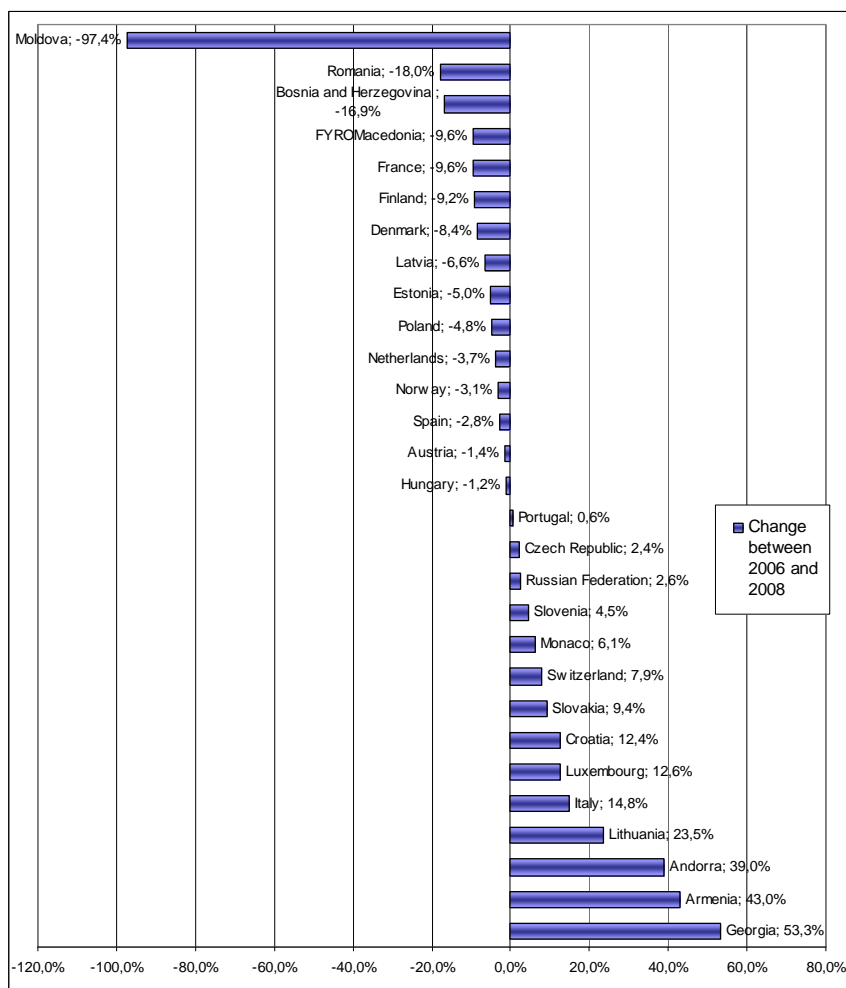


Figure 25 - Evolution of the Clearance rates of the total number of appeal courts civil, commercial and administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008, change in %

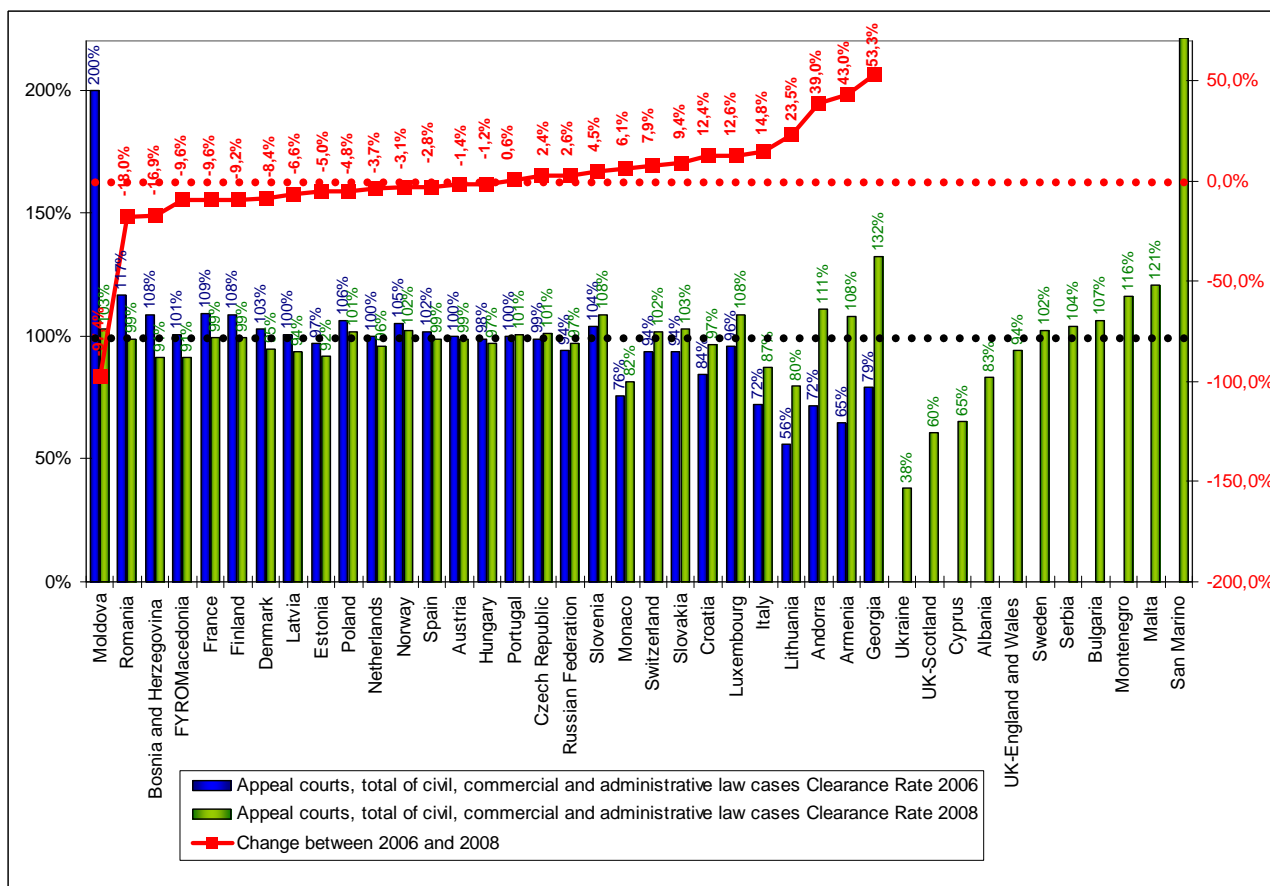


Figure 26 - Evolution of the Clearance rate of the total number of civil, commercial and administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008, appeal courts, in % and change in %

The figure above provides both 2006 and 2008 second instance courts Clearance rate of the total number of civil, commercial and administrative law cases between the 29 (+11) states, both the value of the variation between the two dates.

2.8.2. Highest instance courts

With the available data it has been possible to calculate the highest instance courts evolution of the Clearance rate of the total number of civil, commercial and administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008 in 26 states. 2008 Clearance rate data for further 8 states (**San Marino, UK-England and Wales, Netherlands, Montenegro, Luxembourg, UK-Scotland, Albania, Ukraine**) is provided for information purposes.

The three figures just below present such 2006 and 2008 clearance data ordered respectively by state name, 2008 Clearance rate and 2006-2008 Clearance rate variation.

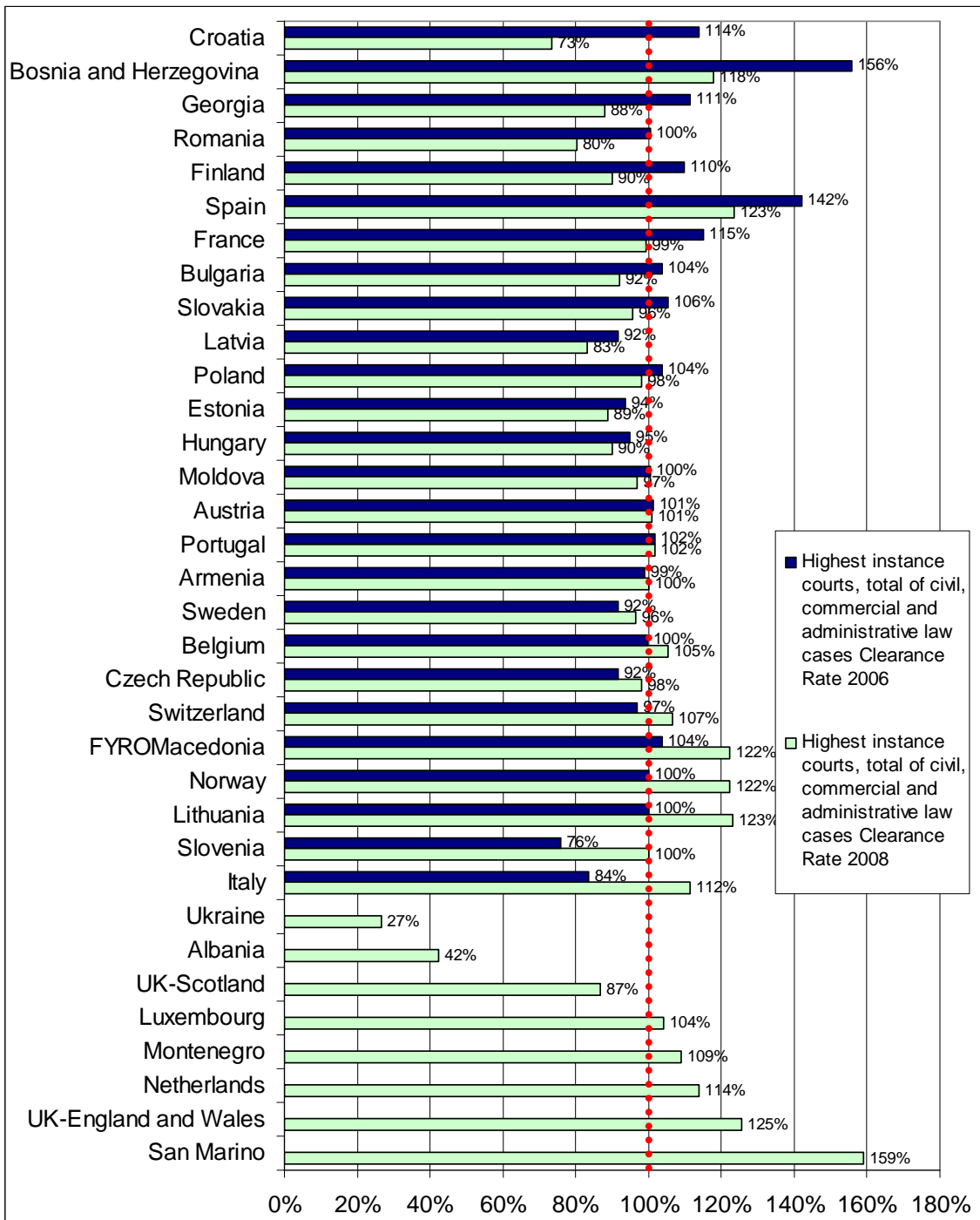


Figure 27 - Evolution of the Clearance rates of the total number of highest instance courts civil, commercial and administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008, in % (ordered by CR variation)

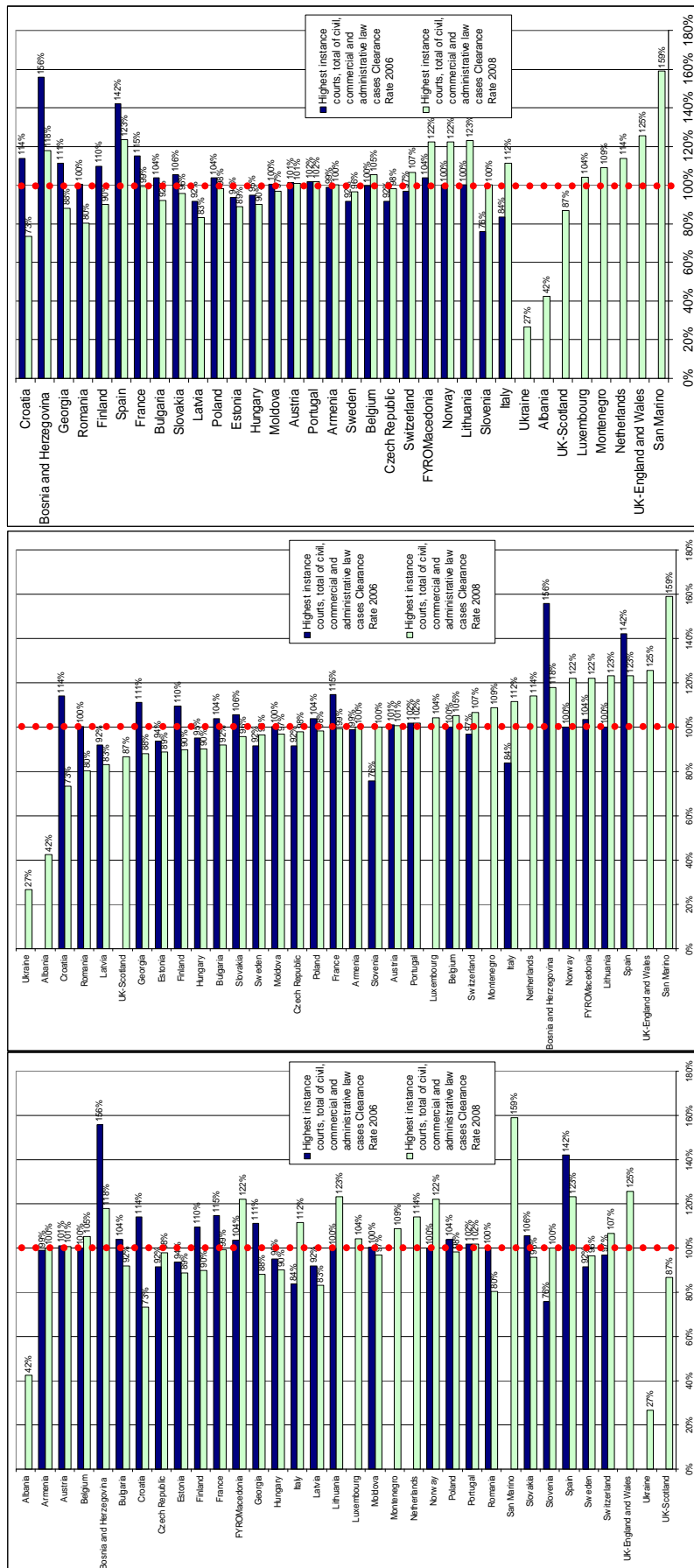


Figure 28 - Evolution of the Clearance rates of the total number of highest instance courts civil, commercial and administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008, in %

The differential between the Highest instance courts 2006 and 2008 Clearance rates for the total number of appeal courts civil, commercial and administrative law cases is presented in the figure below. The average variation between 2006 and 2008 Clearance rates is -3,1% (compared to +1,2% at second instance courts) while the median is -4,3 (compared to -1,2% at second instance courts). The most consistent decrease is in **Croatia**, with a -41% while the highest increase take place in **Italy**, with a +28%.

Fifteen out of twenty-six states present a negative trend when comparing 2006 and 2008 Clearance rates. In three of these cases the decrease is more than -20% (**Croatia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Georgia**), in five cases the Clearance rate decreases between -20% and -10% (**Romania, Finland, Spain, France, Bulgaria**), while in the other seven states the negative trend is below -10% (**Slovakia, Latvia, Poland, Estonia, Hungary, Moldova, Austria**). Of the eleven states characterized by a positive trend, six (**Portugal, Armenia, Sweden, Belgium, Czech Republic, Switzerland**) have an increase between 0% and 10%, one between 10% and 20% (**FYROMacedonia**), and four (**Norway, Lithuania, Slovenia, Italy**) between 20% and 30%.

Crossing the 2006-2008 highest instance courts Clearance rate trend for the total number of appeal courts civil, commercial and administrative law cases with the 2008 Clearance rates, it emerges that in twelve cases (**Croatia, Romania, Latvia, Georgia, Estonia, Finland, Hungary, Bulgaria, Slovakia, Moldova, Poland, France**) Clearance rate decrease is linked with a 2008 Clearance rate below 100%. Especially in cases where both values are particularly low, the situation should be addressed (i.e. **Croatia, Romania, Latvia, Georgia, Estonia, Finland**). In the remaining three cases (**Austria, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Spain**) the negative Clearance rate trend it is linked with a 2008 Clearance rate which is higher than 100% and therefore the trend require observation but does not necessarily indicate a difficulty.

Of the eleven states which show a Clearance rate rise in the 2006-2008 period, the 2008 Clearance rate is still below 100% in two states (**Sweden, Czech Republic**). In both cases, if the present trend is kept, 2010 data should show a Clearance rates equal or higher 100%. The situation though still needs to be monitored as at present the number of pending cases is still increasing. The remaining nine states, (**Armenia, Slovenia, Portugal, Belgium, Switzerland, Italy, Norway, FYROMacedonia, Lithuania**), show both a positive trend and a 2008 Clearance rate above 100% for the total number of appeal courts civil, commercial and administrative law cases.

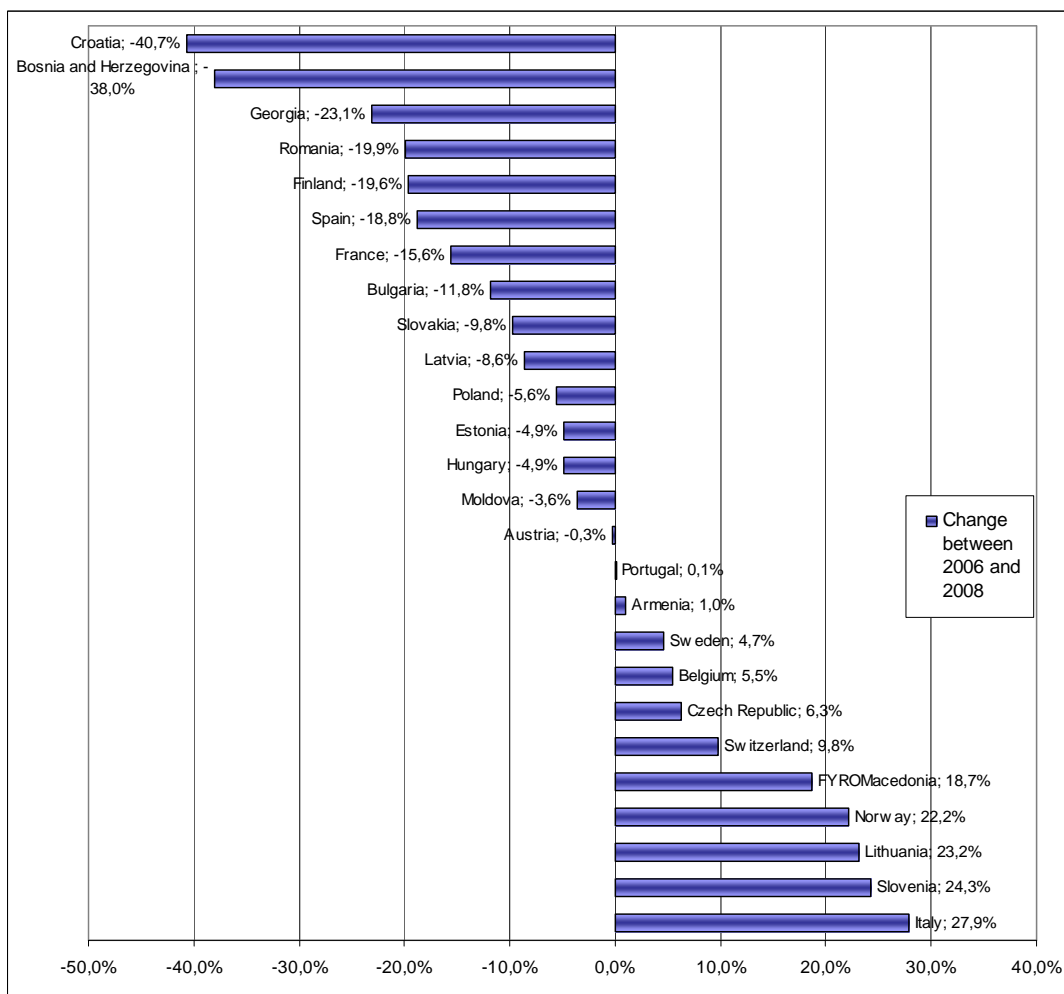


Figure 29 - Evolution of the Clearance rates of the total number of highest instance courts civil, commercial and administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008, change in %

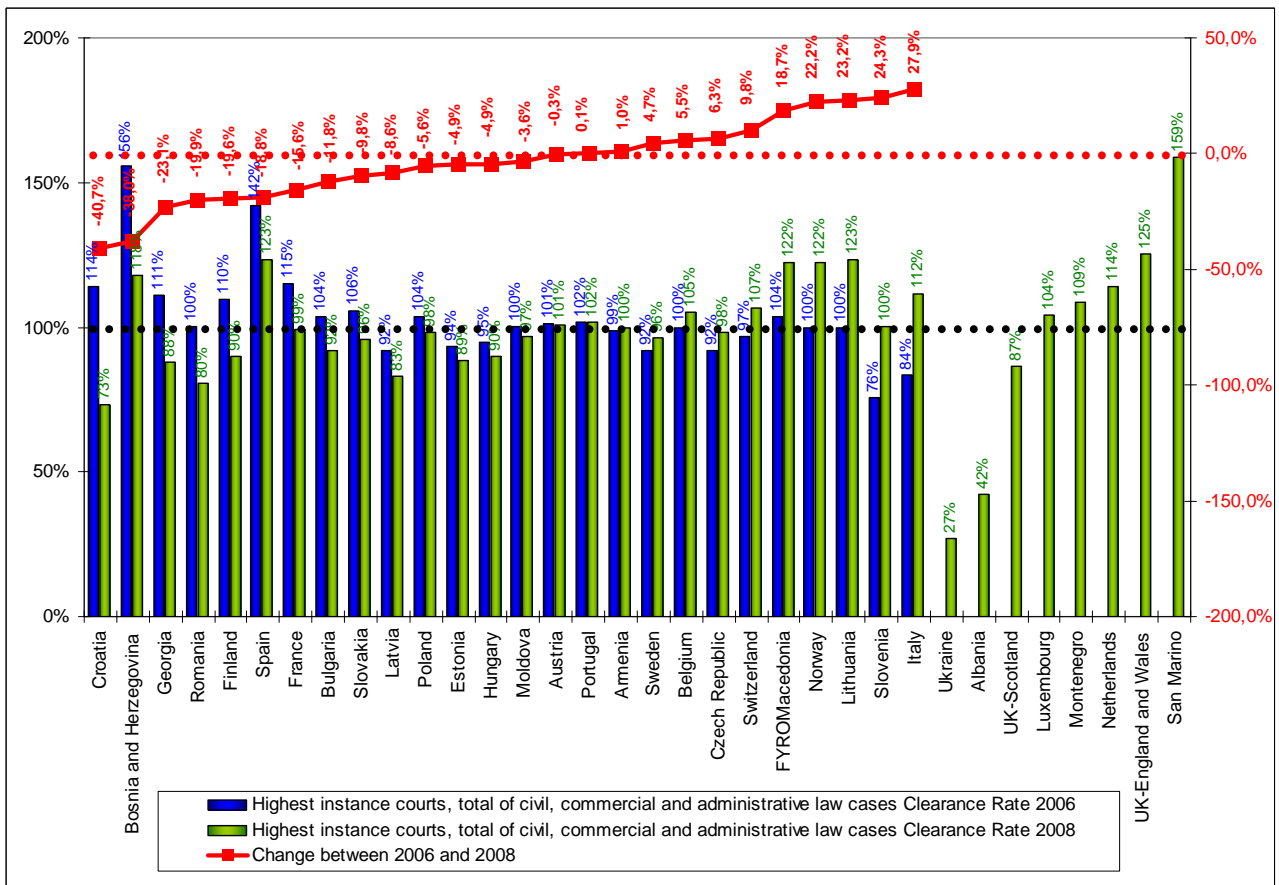


Figure 30 - Evolution of the Clearance rate of the total number of civil, commercial and administrative law cases between 2006 and 2008, highest instance courts, in % and change in %

The figure above provides both 2006 and 2008 highest instance courts Clearance rate of the total number of civil, commercial and administrative law cases between the 26 (+8) states, both the value of the variation between the two dates.

2.9. Criminal law cases (severe criminal offences) and misdemeanor cases (minor offences)

The following tables present data on the total number of incoming criminal cases and of two sub groups of this category of cases: severe criminal offences and minor offences. As pointed out in the Cepej European judicial systems study, Edition 2010 (data 2008), criminal law cases “are categorized by the CEPEJ into two types corresponding to the way of classifying in a majority of member states or entities: *severe criminal cases* and *minor offences (misdemeanours)*. Examples of severe criminal cases are: murder, rape, organised crime, fraud, drugs trafficking, trafficking of human beings, etc. Minor offences may be shoplifting, certain categories of driving offences, disturbance of the public order, etc. However, it should be noted that for both types of cases there is a possibility that states classify criminal law cases in a different manner”.

2.9.1. Second instance courts

The table below provides information on second instance courts total number of incoming criminal cases in 37 states, incoming severe criminal offences in 23 states and incoming minor offences in 20 states. Data is provided both in absolute values, both per 100.000 inhabitants.

Absolutes values range from a minimum of second instance courts total number of incoming criminal cases 26 cases (**San Marino**) to a maximum of 355.000 (**Russian Federation**), with an average of 29.935 cases and a median of 10.951. Incoming severe criminal offences vary between a minimum of 2 (**Monaco**) to a maximum of 111.121 (**Poland** though it should be noted that **Russian Federation** does not provide the specific data), with an average of 12.367 cases and a median of 4.794. Finally, incoming minor offences range from a minimum of 26 cases (**Andorra**) to a maximum of 52.608 (**Croatia**), with an average of 6.778 cases and a median of 2.634.

Second instance courts total number of incoming criminal cases per 100.000 inhabitants ranges from a minimum 25 cases (**Russian Federation**) to a maximum of 1398 (**Croatia**), with an average of 211 cases and a median of 137. Incoming severe criminal offence cases per 100.000 inhabitants ranges from a minimum 6 of cases (**Malta**) to a maximum of 342 (**Hungary**), with an average of 113 cases and a median of 93. Finally, incoming minor offences per 100.000 inhabitants ranges from a minimum 6 of cases (**Hungary**) to a maximum of 1186 (**Croatia**), with an average of 156 cases and a median of 32

Over all, 13 states have a comparatively low number of second instance courts total number of incoming criminal cases per 100.000 inhabitants (less than 100: **Russian Federation, Azerbaijan, UK-England and Wales, UK-Scotland, Armenia, Moldova, Slovakia, Romania, Georgia, San Marino, Albania, Andorra, Sweden**) while four states have comparatively high number of them (over 500: **Slovenia, FYROMacedonia, Montenegro, Croatia**)

Table 5 - Number of incoming criminal cases (severe criminal offences) and misdemeanour cases (minor offences) in second instance (appeal) courts. Absolute figures and per 100.000 inhabitants, in 2008

Country	Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - Total criminal cases	Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - Severe criminal offences	Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases	Per 100,000 inhabitants		
				Total criminal cases	Severe criminal offences	Misdemeanour and/or minor offences
Albania	2809	1854	955	88,6	58,5	30,1
Andorra	75	49	26	88,8	58,0	30,8
Armenia	1573			49,2		
Austria	11628	8943	2685	139,5	107,3	32,2
Azerbaijan	2241	700	1894	26,0	8,1	21,9
Belgium	16716	7466	9248	156,7	7	86,7
Bosnia and Herzegovina	13774	8154	5620	358,5	212,2	146,3
Bulgaria	7922			103,7		
Croatia	62002	9394	52608	1398,2	211,8	1186,3
Czech Republic	15263			146,3		
Denmark	6860	6860		125,3	125,3	
Estonia	2311	2143	168	172,3	159,8	12,5
Finland	11539			217,7		
France		53298			83,4	
Georgia	3309	2402	907	75,5	54,8	20,7
Hungary	34915	34361	554	347,6	342,1	5,5
Italy	88751			148,9		
Latvia	2595	2115	480	114,3	93,1	21,1
Lithuania	6845			203,6		
Malta	418	26	392	101,1	6,3	94,8
Moldova	2117			59,3		
Monaco		2			6,4	
Montenegro	4658		2582	751,1		416,4
Netherlands	37910			231,1		
Norway	6826			144,1		
Poland	119263	111121	8142	312,7	291,4	21,3
Portugal	13297	13297		125,2	125,2	
Romania	16024			74,4		
Russian Federation	355000			25		
San Marino	26	26		83,1	83,1	
Serbia			19310			262,7
Slovakia	3697			68,5		
Slovenia	10951	4794	6157	540,6	236,6	303,9
Spain	144530			319,2		
Sweden	9030			98,3		
Switzerland	10563	4742	784	137,1	61,6	10,2
FYROMacedonia	12122	4663	7459	592,7	228,0	364,7
Ukraine	46427			100,2		
UK-England and Wales	21259	7240	14019	39,1	13,3	25,8
UK-Scotland	2347	786	1561	45,4	15,2	30,2

Country	Second	Second	Second			
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	instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - Total criminal cases	instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - Severe criminal offences	instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases	Per 100,000 inhabitants		
				Total criminal cases	Severe criminal offences	Misdemeanour and/or minor offences
Average				211,05135	112,54348	156,205
Median				137,1	93,1	31,5
Minimum				25	6,3	5,5
Maximum				1398,2	342,1	1186,3

The table below presents the proportion of the severe and misdemeanour incoming cases in 2008 in second instance (appeal) courts in 22 states. In half of these states severe criminal cases are the majority of incoming total criminal cases (**Bosnia and Herzegovina , Andorra, Albania, Georgia, Austria, Latvia, Estonia, Poland, Hungary, Denmark, Portugal, San Marino**), while in ten states the opposite is true (**Malta, Croatia, Azerbaijan, UK-Scotland, UK-England and Wales, FYROMacedonia, Slovenia, Belgium, Montenegro**). **Switzerland** data needs to be checked as of the total criminal cases only 45% result as severe criminal cases while 7% is classified misdemeanour cases.

The proportion of the severe and misdemeanour incoming cases ranges between a minimum of 6% severe criminal cases Vs 94% misdemeanour to a maximum of 100% severe criminal cases. Average proportion of severe criminal cases is 61% and median 62%.

Table 6 - Part of second instance (appeal) courts incoming criminal cases (severe criminal offences) vs. misdemeanour cases (minor offences) criminal in 2008

Country	Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - Total criminal cases	Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - Severe criminal offences	Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases	Part of severe criminal offences in the total number of criminal cases	Part of Misdemeanour and/or minor offences in the total number of criminal cases
Albania	1854	955	2809	66%	34%
Andorra	49	26	75	65%	35%
Austria	8943	2685	11628	77%	23%
Azerbaijan	700	1894	2241	31%	85%
Belgium	7466	9248	16716	45%	55%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	8154	5620	13774	59%	41%
Croatia	9394	52608	62002	15%	85%
Denmark	6860		6860	100%	0%
Estonia	2143	168	2311	93%	7%
Georgia	2402	907	3309	73%	27%
Hungary	34361	554	34915	98%	2%
Latvia	2115	480	2595	82%	18%
Malta	26	392	418	6%	94%
Montenegro		2582	4658	45%	55%
Poland	111121	8142	119263	93%	7%
Portugal	13297		13297	100%	0%
San Marino	26		26	100%	0%
Slovenia	4794	6157	10951	44%	56%
Switzerland	4742	784	10563	45%	7%
FYROMacedonia	4663	7459	12122	38%	62%
UK-England and Wales	7240	14019	21259	34%	66%
UK-Scotland	786	1561	2347	33%	67%
Average	11006	6118	16097	61%	38%
Median	4742	1894	8712	62%	34%
Minimum	26	26	26	6%	0%
Maximum	111121	52608	119263	100%	94%

2.9.2. Highest instance courts

As regards to data concerning highest instance courts criminal cases, it is possible to provide information on total number of incoming criminal cases in 34 states, incoming severe criminal offences in 14 states and incoming minor offences in 5 states. Data is provided both in absolute values, both per 100.000 inhabitants. Absolutes values range from a minimum of highest instance courts total number of incoming criminal cases 11 cases (**UK-England and Wales**) to a maximum of 245.604 (**Turkey**), with an average of 10371 cases and a median of 1077. Incoming severe criminal offences vary between a minimum of 11 cases (**UK-England and Wales**) to a maximum of 44.029 (**Italy**), with an average of 4538 cases and a median of 949. Finally, incoming minor offences range from a minimum of 0 cases (**UK-England and Wales**) to a maximum of 1022 (**Georgia**), with an average of 282 cases and a median of 125.

Highest instance courts total number of incoming criminal cases per 100.000 inhabitants ranges from a minimum of 0,02 cases (**UK-England and Wales**) to a maximum of 343 (**Turkey**), with an average of 42 cases and a median of 20. Incoming severe criminal offence cases per 100.000 inhabitants ranges from a minimum of 0,02 cases (**UK-England and Wales**) to a maximum of 74 (**Italy**), with an average of 24 cases and a median of 17. Finally, incoming minor offences per 100.000 inhabitants ranges from a minimum of 0 cases (**UK-England and Wales**) to a maximum of 23 (**Georgia**), with an average of 156 cases and a median of 32

Over all, eight states have a total number of incoming criminal cases per 100.000 inhabitants at highest instance courts of ten or less (**UK-England and Wales, Romania, Denmark, Norway, Armenia, Estonia, Poland, Spain**) while another eight states have over 50 of them (**Slovenia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Italy, Moldova, Monaco, Serbia, Montenegro, Turkey**).

Table 7 - Number of incoming criminal cases (severe criminal offences) and misdemeanour cases (minor offences) in highest instance courts. Absolute figures and per 100.000 inhabitants, in 2008

country	Highest instance courts Incoming cases - Total criminal cases	Highest instance courts Incoming cases - Severe criminal offences	Highest instance courts Incoming cases - Misdemeanour and/or minor offences	Per 100,000 inhabitants		
				Total criminal cases	Severe criminal offences	Misdemeanour and/or minor offences
Albania	912			28,8		
Armenia	88			2,8		
Austria	942			11,3		
Azerbaijan	972			11,3		
Belgium	1939			18,2		
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2320	2320		60,4	60,4	
Croatia	999	999		22,5	22,5	
Czech Republic		2718			26,1	
Denmark	59	59		1,1	1,1	
Estonia	96	51	45	7,2	3,8	3,4
Finland	1220			23,0		
France		8348			13,1	
Georgia	1575	553	1022	35,9	12,6	23,3
Hungary	1131	1131		11,3	11,3	
Italy	44029	44029		73,9	73,9	
Latvia	711	491	220	31,3	21,6	9,7
Lithuania	509			15,1		
Moldova	2842			79,5		
Monaco	35			112,5		
Montenegro	925			149,2		
Netherlands	3683			22,4		
Norway	88			1,9		
Poland	2827			7,4		
Portugal	1221	1221		11,5	11,5	
Romania	42			0,2		
Serbia	9720			132,2		
Slovakia	1190			22,0		
Slovenia	1023	898	125	50,5	44,3	6,2
Spain	4470			9,9		
Sweden	1554			16,9		
Switzerland	1418			18,4		
FYROMacedonia	700	700		34,2	34,2	
Turkey	245604			343,4		
Ukraine	16800			36,3		
UK-England and Wales	11	11	0	0,02	0,02	0

UK-Scotland	951			18,4	Per 100,000 inhabitants		
country	Highest instance courts Incoming cases - Total criminal cases	Highest instance courts Incoming cases - Severe criminal offences	Highest instance courts Incoming cases - Misdemeanour and/or minor offences	Per 100,000 inhabitants			
				Total criminal cases	Severe criminal offences	Misdemeanour and/or minor offences	
Average				41,8	24,0	8,5	
Median				20,2	17,35	6,2	
Minimum				0,02	0,02	0	
Maximum				343,4	73,9	23,3	

The table below presents the proportion of the severe and misdemeanour incoming cases in 2008 in highest instance courts in 12 states. In all cases but one state (**Georgia**) severe criminal cases are the majority of incoming total criminal cases (**Estonia, Latvia, Slovenia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Denmark, Hungary, Italy, Portugal, FYROMacedonia, UK-England and Wales**). In eight states (**Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Denmark, Hungary, Italy, Portugal, FYROMacedonia, UK-England and Wales**) severe criminal cases constitute the totality of criminal cases dealt by the highest instance courts.

The proportion of the severe and misdemeanour incoming cases ranges between a minimum of 35% severe criminal cases Vs 65% misdemeanour to a maximum of 100% severe criminal cases. Average proportion of severe criminal cases is 87% and median is 100%.

Table 8 - Part of highest instance courts incoming criminal cases (severe criminal offences) vs. misdemeanour cases (minor offences) criminal in 2008

Country	Highest instance courts Incoming cases - Total criminal cases	Highest instance courts Incoming cases - Severe criminal offences	Highest instance courts Incoming cases - Misdemeanour and/or minor offences	Part of severe criminal offences in the total number of criminal cases	Part of Misdemeanour and/or minor offences in the total number of criminal cases
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2320		2320	100%	0%
Croatia	999		999	100%	0%
Denmark	59		59	100%	0%
Estonia	51	45	96	53%	47%
Georgia	553	1022	1575	35%	65%
Hungary	1131		1131	100%	0%
Italy	44029		44029	100%	0%
Latvia	491	220	711	69%	31%
Portugal	1221		1221	100%	0%
Slovenia	898	125	1023	88%	12%
FYROMacedonia	700		700	100%	0%
UK-England and Wales	11	0	11	100%	0%
Average	4372	282	4490	87%	13%
Median	799	125	1011	100%	0%
Minimum	11	0	11	35%	0%
Maximum	44029	1022	44029	100%	65%

2.10. Clearance rate of criminal cases (severe criminal offences) and misdemeanour cases (minor offences) in 2008

2.10.1. Second instance courts

The figures below show the 2008 Clearance rate in second instance courts for severe criminal cases (22 states) and misdemeanour cases (19 states) first separately and then together.

Severe criminal cases Clearance rate ranges between a minimum of 68,4% (**Albania**) and a maximum of 177,7%. Sixteen states have a Clearance rate above 95,0% (**UK-Scotland, San Marino, Slovenia, Switzerland, Georgia, Poland, Croatia, Belgium, Hungary, Monaco** -with a CR equal or higher than 100,0%, **Bosnia and Herzegovina, Denmark, France, FYROMacedonia, Portugal, Estonia** -with a CR lower than 100,0%) while in six cases it is below it (**Latvia, Austria, Malta, UK-England and Wales, Andorra, Albania**).

Misdemeanour cases Clearance rate ranges between a minimum of 53,4% (**UK-Scotland**) and a maximum of 135,8% (**Croatia**). Thirteen states have a Clearance rate above 95,0% (**Croatia, Serbia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Malta, Austria, Hungary, Montenegro** -with a CR equal or higher than 100,0%, **UK-England and Wales, Georgia, Poland, Estonia, FYROMacedonia, Switzerland** -with a CR lower than 100,0%).

Of the eighteen states for which it has been possible to calculate both severe criminal cases and misdemeanour cases Clearance rates, only two have a value equal or higher than 100% in both (**Hungary, Croatia**). Two more have a severe criminal cases Clearance rate higher than 100% and a misdemeanour cases Clearance rate very near to it (within 1%) (**Poland, Georgia**) while another (**Bosnia and Herzegovina**) has a misdemeanour cases Clearance rate higher than 100% and a severe criminal cases Clearance rate very close to 100% (99,7%). Only three countries (**Andorra, Albania, Latvia**) have both Clearance rates below 95%

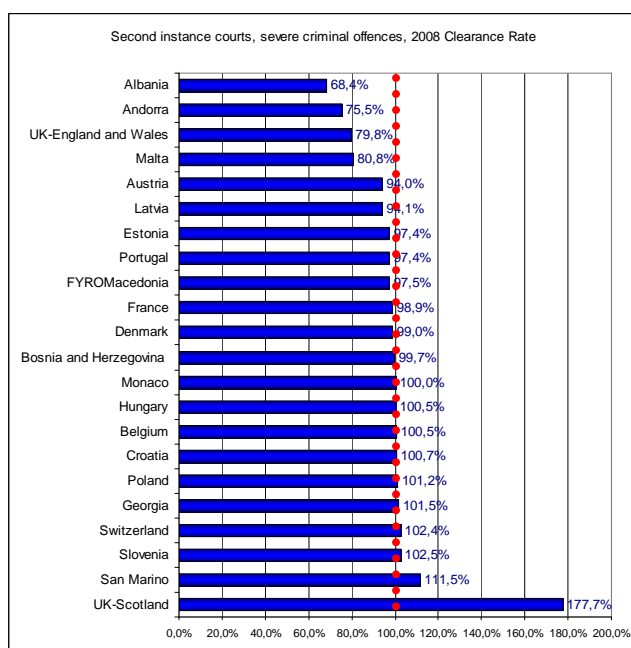


Figure 31 - Clearance rate of criminal cases (severe criminal offences) in 2008, in second instance courts

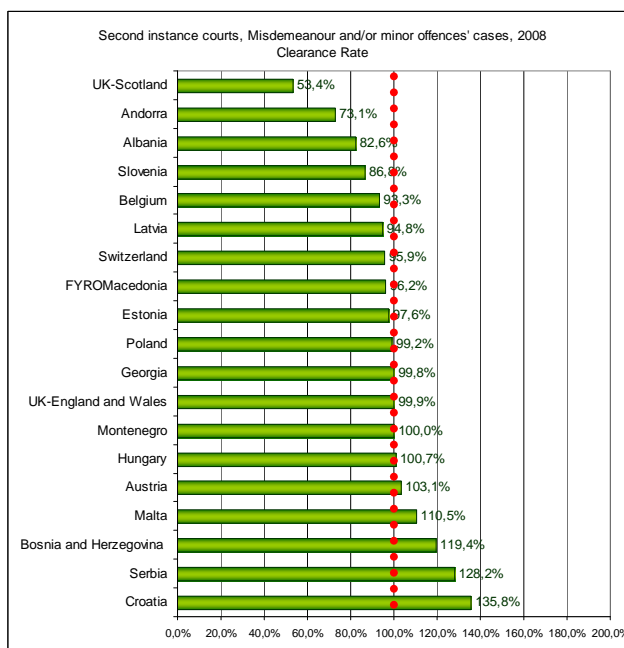


Figure 32 - Clearance rate of misdemeanour cases (minor offences) in 2008, in second instance courts

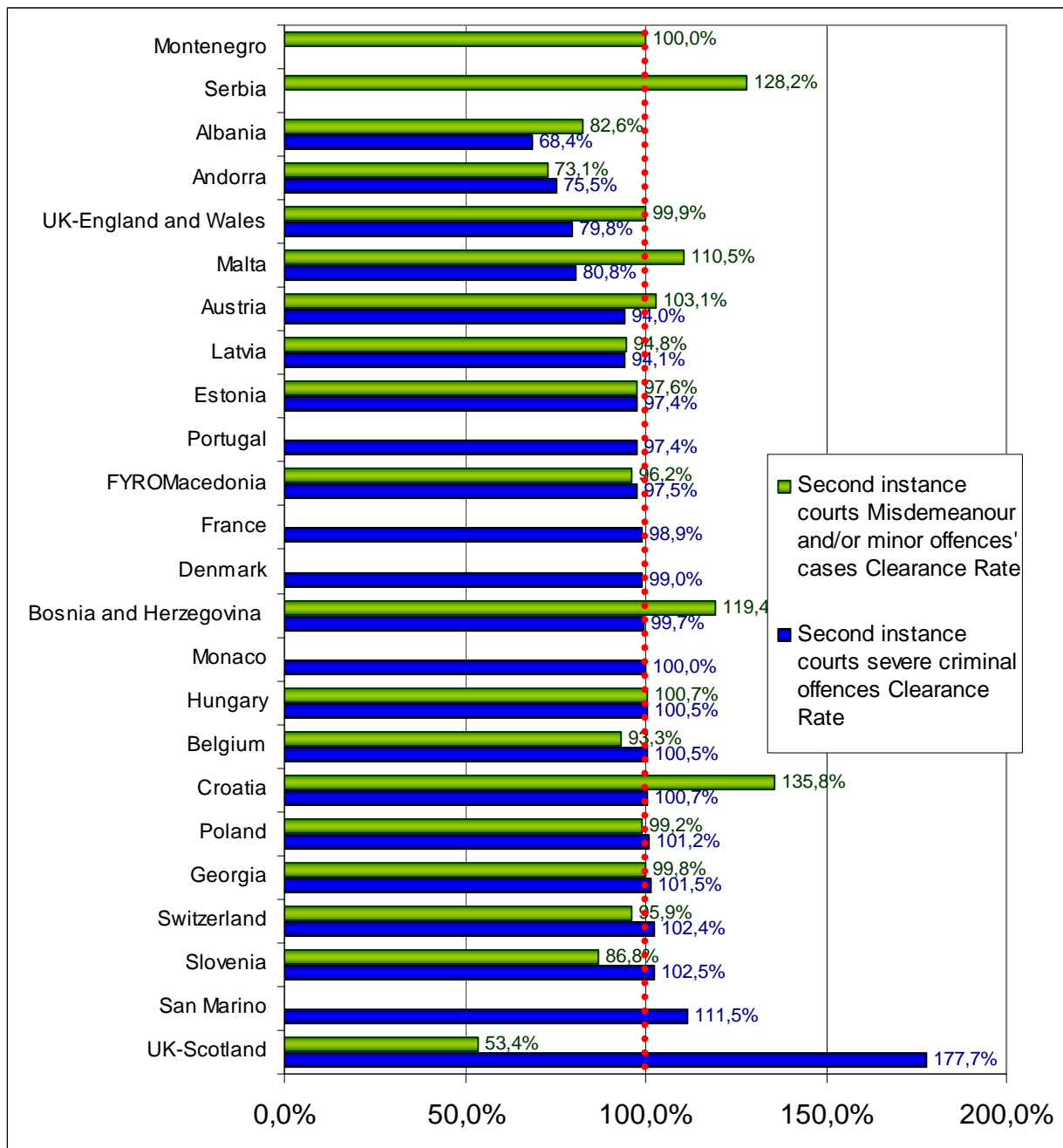


Figure 33 - Clearance rate of criminal cases (severe criminal offences) and misdemeanour cases (minor offences) in 2008, in second instance (appeal) courts

2.10.2. Highest instance courts

The figures below show the 2008 Clearance rate in highest instance courts for severe criminal cases (14 states) and misdemeanour cases (4 states) first separately and then together.

Severe criminal cases Clearance rate ranges between a minimum of 24,4% (**France**) and a maximum of 163,6% (**UK-England and Wales**) with an average of 101,2 and a median of 101,7. eleven states have a Clearance rate above 95,0% (**UK-England and Wales, Georgia, Portugal, Italy, Croatia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Slovenia, Latvia** -with a CR equal or higher than 100,0%, **Hungary, Czech Republic, Estonia** -with a CR lower than 100,0%) while in three cases it is below it (**FYROMacedonia, Denmark, France**).

Misdemeanour cases Clearance rate ranges between a minimum of 93,3% (**Estonia**) and a maximum of 141,9%(**Georgia**). All states that provided data sufficient to calculate Misdemeanour cases Clearance rate have provided also the data needed to calculate Severe criminal cases Clearance rate. Two states have a value equal or higher than 100% in both (**Georgia and Slovenia**). **Latvia** has a severe criminal cases

Clearance rate higher than 100% and a misdemeanour cases Clearance rate below 95% while **Estonia** has both Clearance rates below 100% and misdemeanour cases Clearance rate below 95%

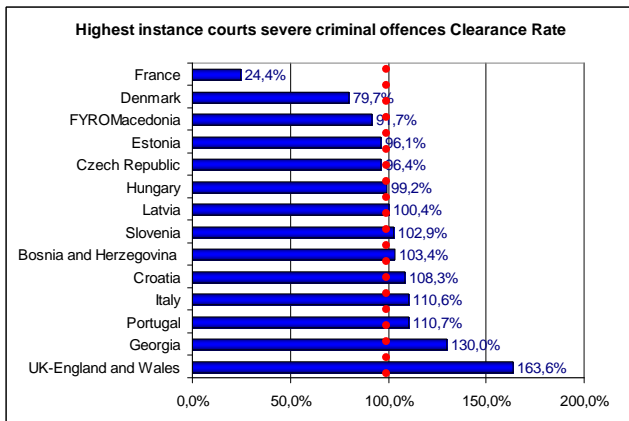


Figure 34- Clearance rate of criminal cases (severe criminal offences) in 2008, in Highest instance courts

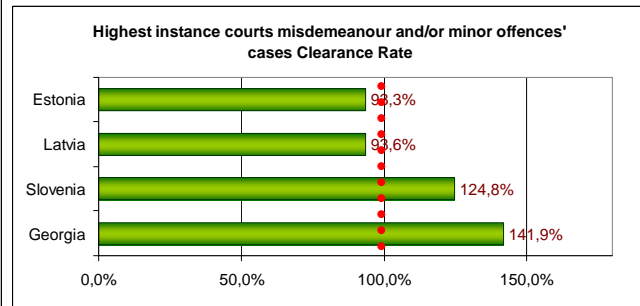


Figure 35 - Clearance rate of misdemeanour cases (minor offences) in 2008, in Highest instance courts

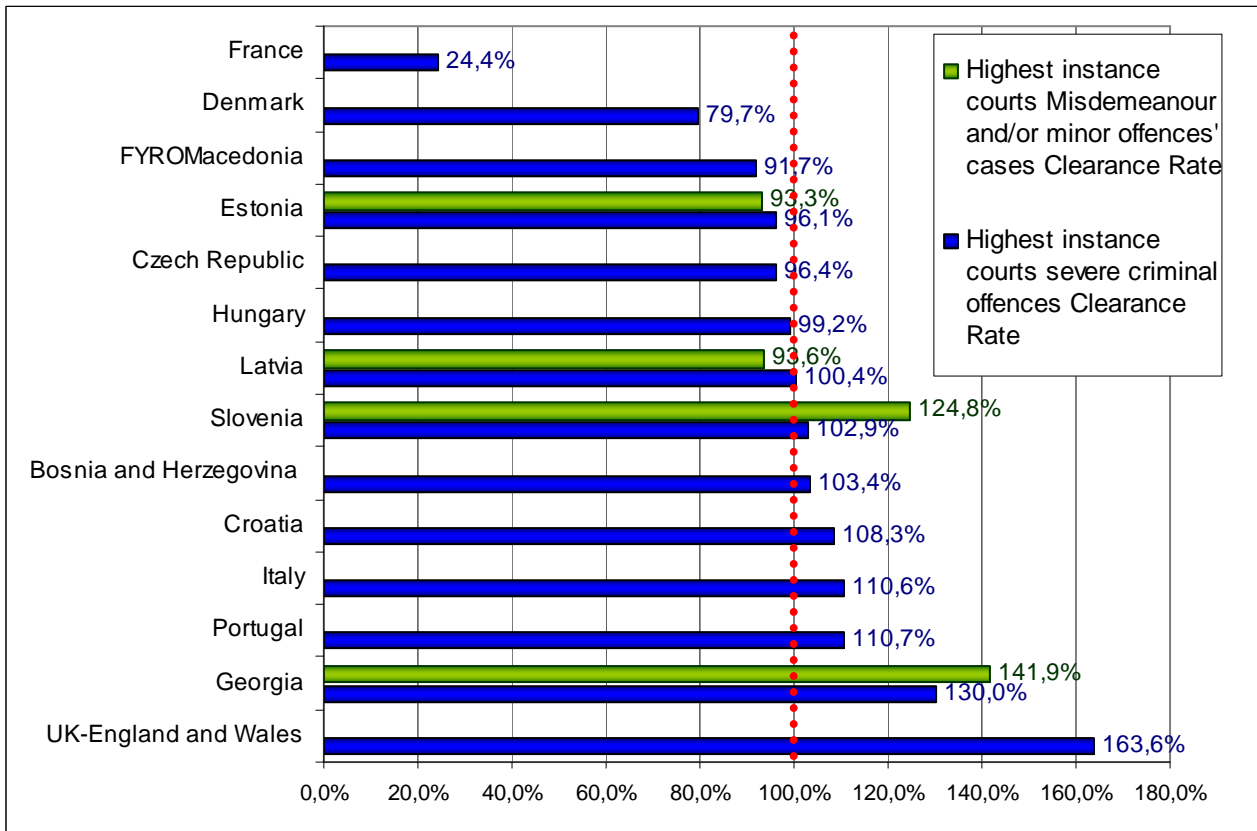


Figure 36 - Clearance rate of criminal cases (severe criminal offences) and misdemeanour cases (minor offences) in 2008, in highest instance courts

2.11. Disposition time and Clearance rate of severe criminal cases

2.11.1. Second instance courts

In the map below are presented the Disposition time for 20 states and the Clearance rate for 22 states for severe criminal cases at second instance courts. Disposition time ranges from a minimum of 24 days for **Estonia** to a maximum of 439 days in **Albania**. The average Disposition time of severe criminal cases at second instance courts is 142 days while the median is 92 days.

Of the ten states that in 2008 have a Disposition time of less than 100 days, six (**Bosnia and Herzegovina**, **Hungary**, **Croatia**, **Poland**, **Georgia**, **Slovenia**) have a Clearance rate of 100% or higher while four (**Austria**, **Estonia**, **FYROMacedonia**, **Denmark**) have a Clearance rate between 94% and 99%. Of the seven states with a Disposition time of more than 100 days but less than one year, three (**Monaco**, **Switzerland**, **San Marino**) have a Clearance rate equal or higher than 100%, while the other four (**Andorra**, **Latvia**, **Portugal**, **France**) have a Clearance rate below 100%, even though in one of the latter cases the Clearance rate is 99%.

Of the three states with a Disposition time of over one year, one, **Belgium** has a Clearance rate slightly higher than 100% while the other two, **Malta**, has a Clearance rate of 81% and **Albania** of 68% (minimum value between all 20 states). For the two countries for which only the Clearance rate has been calculated, in one case (**UK-Scotland**) it is above 100% (178%), while in the other (**UK-England and Wales**) it is 20% below it.

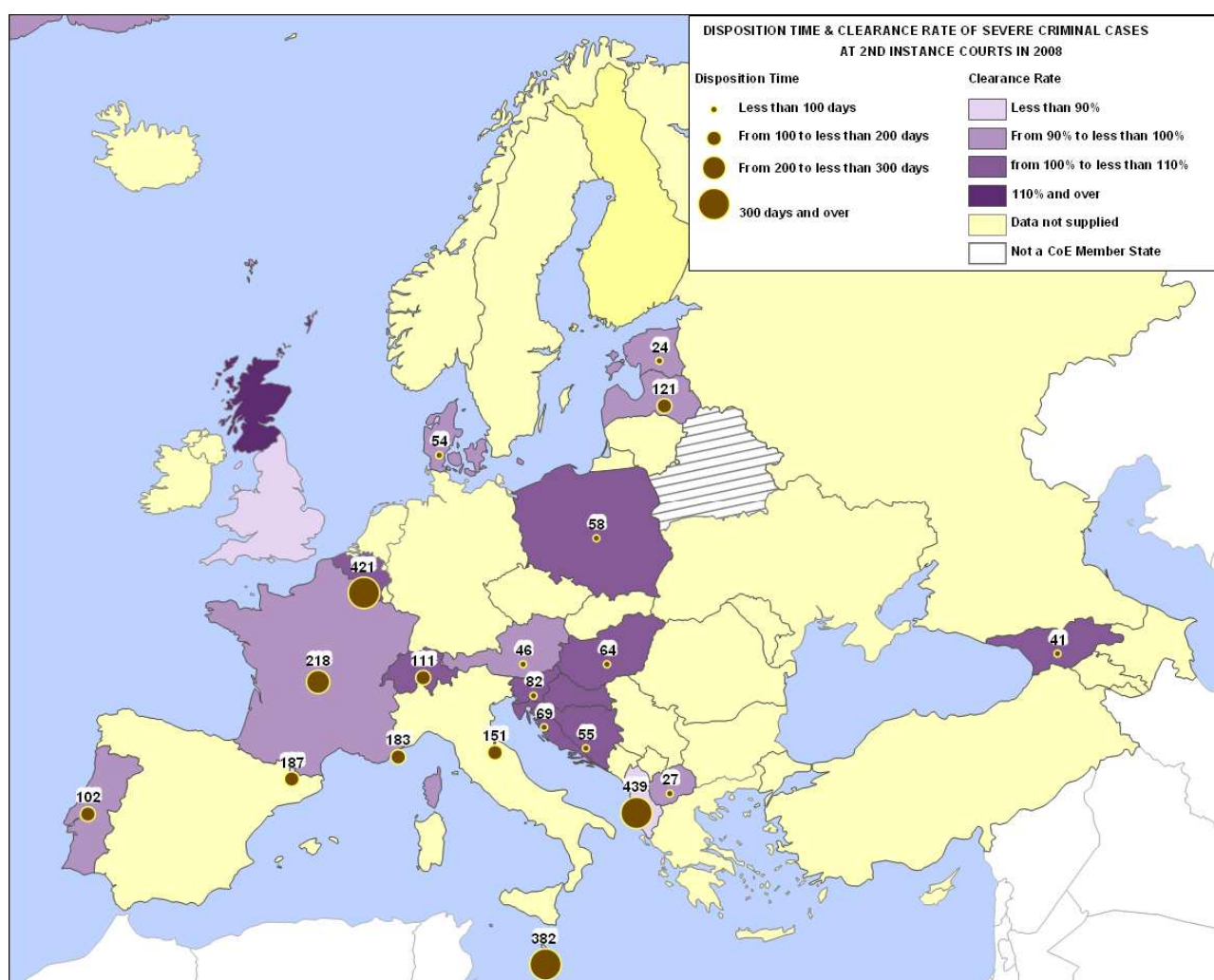


Figure 37 - Disposition time and Clearance rate of severe criminal cases at second instance courts in 2008

The table below provides the raw data used to draw the above map, including 2008 incoming, resolved and pending (on 31 December) cases, Clearance rate, case turnover ratio and Disposition time.

Table 9 - Second instance courts 2008 Criminal cases (severe criminal offences): incoming, resolved and pending (on 31 December), Clearance rate, case turnover ratio and Disposition time

country	92.2.10. Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2008)	92.3.10. Second instance (appeal) courts Resolved cases - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2008)	92.4.10. Second instance (appeal) courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2008)	Second instance courts Clearance rate - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2008)	Second instance courts Case Turnover Ratio - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2008)	Second instance courts Disposition time - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2008)
Albania	1.854	1.268	1.524	68%	83%	439
Andorra	49	37	19	76%	195%	187
Armenia						
Austria	8.943	8.404	1.065	94%	789%	46
Azerbaijan	700	NA	NA			
Belgium	7.466	7.507	8.664	101%	87%	421
Bosnia and Herzegovina	8.154	8.133	1.236	100%	658%	55
Bulgaria	NA	NA	NA			
Croatia	9.394	9.459	1.794	101%	527%	69
Cyprus						
Czech Republic						
Denmark	6.860	6.788	999	99%	679%	54
Estonia	2.143	2.087	135	97%	1546%	24
Finland	NAP	NAP	NAP			
France	53.298	52.718	31.418	99%	168%	218
Georgia	2.402	2.437	274	101%	889%	41
Germany						
Greece						
Hungary	34.361	34.522	6.079	100%	568%	64
Iceland	NAP	NAP	NAP			
Ireland						
Italy	NA	NA	NA			
Latvia	2.115	1.990	660	94%	302%	121
Lichtenstein						
Lithuania						
Luxembourg	NA	NA	NA			
Malta	26	21	22	81%	95%	382
Moldova						
Monaco	2	2	1	100%	200%	183
Montenegro						
Netherlands	NA	NA	NA			
Norway						
Poland	111.121	112.413	17.730	101%	634%	58
Portugal	13.297	12.957	3.634	97%	357%	102
Romania	NAP	NAP	NAP			
Russian Federation	NA	NA	NA			
San Marino	26	29	12	112%	242%	151
Serbia						
Slovakia						
Slovenia	4.794	4.916	1.100	103%	447%	82
Spain						
Sweden	NAP	NAP	NAP			
Switzerland	4.742	4.858	1.481	102%	328%	111
FYROMacedonia	4.663	4.546	339	97%	1341%	27
Turkey						
Ukraine	NAP	NAP	NAP			
UK-England and Wales	7.240	5.774	NA	80%		
UK-Northern Ireland	NA	NA	NA			
UK-Scotland	786	1.397	NA	178%		

2.11.2. Highest instance courts

The map below shows the severe criminal cases highest instance courts Disposition time for 13 states and Clearance rate for 14 states. Numerical values displayed on the map represent Disposition time for each state expressed in days. The minimum Disposition time is 14 days for **Latvia** and the maximum is 505 for **Denmark**. Average Disposition time is of 143 days while the median is 71 days. Clearance rate ranges from a minimum of 24% in **France** to a maximum of 168% in **UK-England and Wales**, an average of 101% and a median of 102%.

Of the eight states that have a Disposition time of less than 100 days, five have a Clearance rate equal or higher than 100% (**Latvia, Slovenia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Portugal**), while three (**FYROMacedonia, Czech Republic, Hungary**) have a Clearance rate between 92 and 99%. Three states have a Disposition time of more than 100 days but less than on year, two (**Italy, Georgia**) have a Clearance rate above 100%, while one, **Estonia** has a Clearance rate of 96%. Both states with a Disposition time of over one year (**France and Denmark**) have a Clearance rate well below 100% (respectively 24% and 80%) **UK-England and Wales**, for which Disposition time could not be calculated has a Clearance rate of 164%.

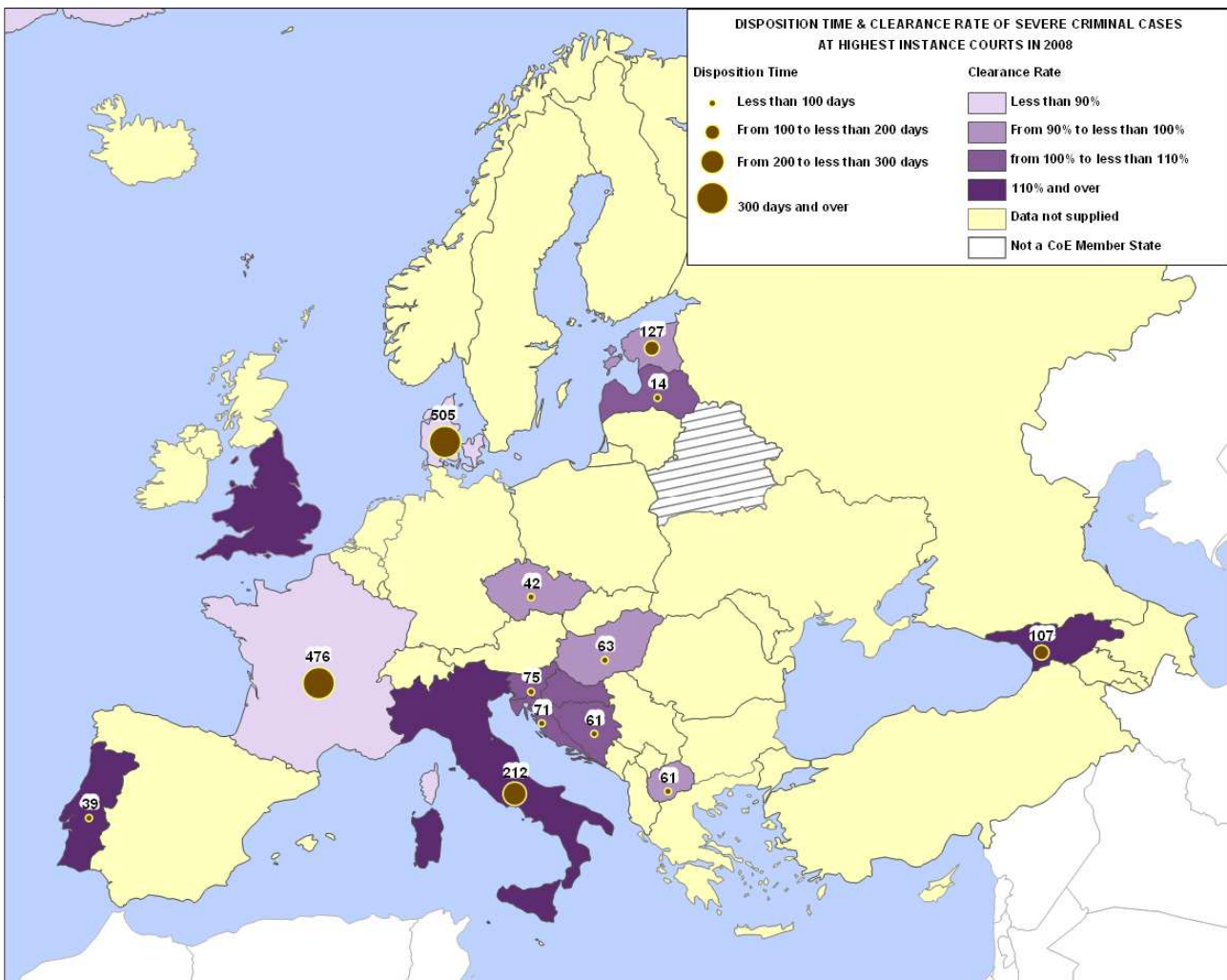


Figure 38 - Disposition time and Clearance rate of severe criminal cases at highest instance courts in 2008

The table below provides the raw data used to draw the above map, including 2008 incoming, resolved and pending (on 31 December) cases, Clearance rate, case turnover ratio and Disposition time.

Table 10 - Highest instance courts 2008 Criminal cases (severe criminal offences): incoming, resolved and pending (on 31 December), Clearance rate, case turnover ratio and Disposition time

country	93.2.10. Highest instance courts Incoming cases - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2008)	93.3.10. Highest instance courts Resolved cases - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2008)	93.4.10. Highest instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2008)	Highest instance courts Clearance rate - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2008)	Highest instance courts Case Turnover Ratio - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2008)	Highest instance courts Disposition time - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2008)
Albania	NAP	NAP	NAP			
Andorra						
Armenia						
Austria	NA	NA	NA			
Azerbaijan	NA	NA	NA			
Belgium	NA	NA	NA			
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2.320	2.399	399	103%	601%	61
Bulgaria	NA	NA	NA			
Croatia	999	1.082	209	108%	518%	71
Cyprus						
Czech Republic	2.718	2.619	304	96%	862%	42
Denmark	59	47	65	80%	72%	505
Estonia	51	49	17	96%	288%	127
Finland	NAP	NAP	NAP			
France	8.348	2.037	2.654	24%	77%	476
Georgia	553	719	211	130%	341%	107
Germany						
Greece						
Hungary	1.131	1.122	195	99%	575%	63
Iceland	NAP	NAP	NAP			
Ireland						
Italy	44.029	48.683	28.340	111%	172%	212
Latvia	491	493	19	100%	2595%	14
Lichtenstein						
Lithuania						
Luxembourg	NA	NA	NA			
Malta						
Moldova						
Monaco	NA	NA	NA			
Montenegro						
Netherlands	NA	NA	NA			
Norway	NA	NA	NA			
Poland						
Portugal	1.221	1.352	146	111%	926%	39
Romania	NAP	NAP	NAP			
Russian Federation	NA	NA	NA			
San Marino						
Serbia						
Slovakia						
Slovenia	898	924	191	103%	484%	75
Spain						
Sweden	NAP	NAP	NAP			
Switzerland	NA	NA	NA			
FYROMacedonia	700	642	107	92%	600%	61
Turkey	NAP	NAP	NAP			
Ukraine	NAP	NAP	NAP			
UK-England and Wales	11	18	NA	164%		
UK-Northern Ireland	NA	NA	NA			
UK-Scotland	NA	NA	NA			

2.12. Clearance rate of the total number of criminal cases in 2008

2.12.1. Second instance courts

Of the 37 states which provided the data needed to calculate, nine (**Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Italy, Czech Republic, Russian Federation, UK-England and Wales, Slovenia, Latvia**) have a Clearance rate lower than 95%, fourteen equal or higher than 95% but lower than 100% (**Montenegro, Netherlands, UK-Scotland, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belgium, FYROMacedonia, Estonia, Portugal, Norway, Lithuania, Spain, Denmark, Romania, Slovakia, Ukraine, Hungary, Georgia, Poland, Switzerland, Moldova, Finland, Bulgaria, Sweden**) and the remaining 14 have a Clearance rate higher than 100% (**Slovakia, Ukraine, Hungary, Georgia, Poland, Switzerland, Moldova, Finland, Bulgaria, Sweden, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Malta, San Marino, Croatia**). Both average and median Clearance rate are 98%.

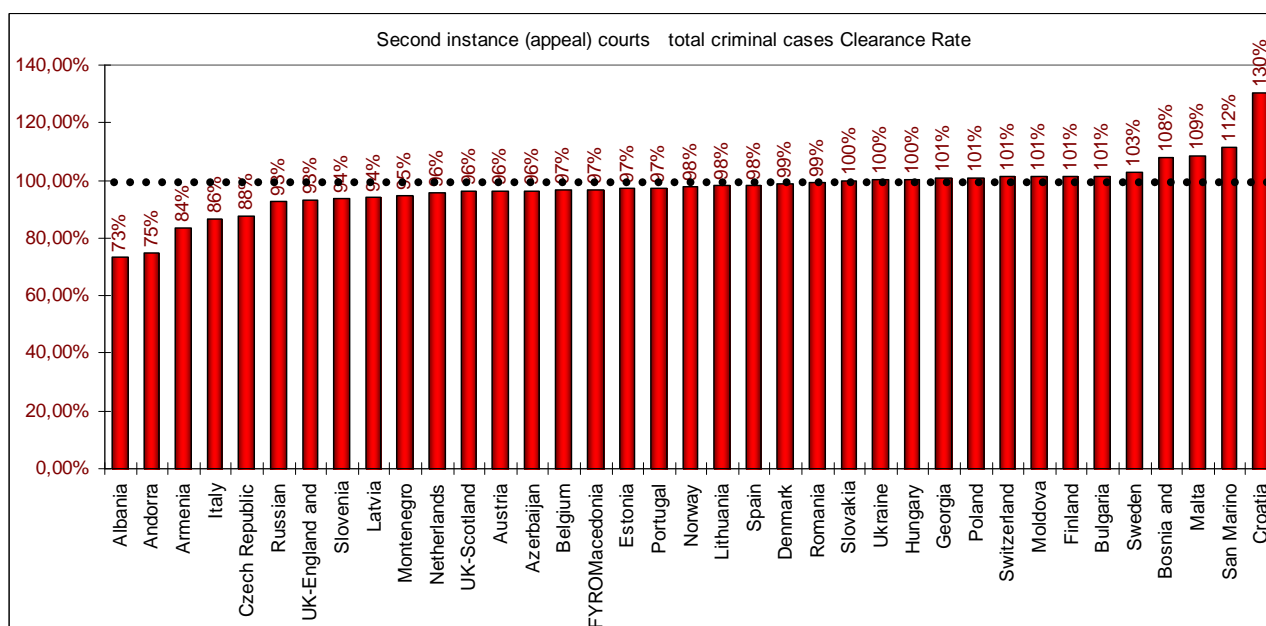


Figure 39 - Clearance rate of the total number of criminal cases at second instance courts in 2008, %

The figure below presents the Clearance rate of the total number of criminal cases allowing confronting it with the number of cases per 100.000 inhabitants in 2008.

Both the Clearance rate and the volume of cases present a great variation. The Clearance rate varies from a minimum of 73% in **Albania**, which has approximately 89 cases per 100.000 inhabitants to 131% of **Croatia**, which has approximately 1398 cases per 100.000 inhabitants. At the same time, the number of cases per 100.000 inhabitants ranges between 26 of **Azerbaijan**, with a Clearance rate of 96% to the 1398 cases of **Croatia**.

Similarly to what noted for first instance courts, at CoE level, the capacity of dealing with cases does not seem to be strictly related to the number of cases per fixed number of inhabitants but to be more dependent from other variables, such as organization of the work, human and technological resources and so on and so forth. Further analysis in this direction and with a more limited number of states characterized by similar justice administration structures and procedures could result in interesting results.

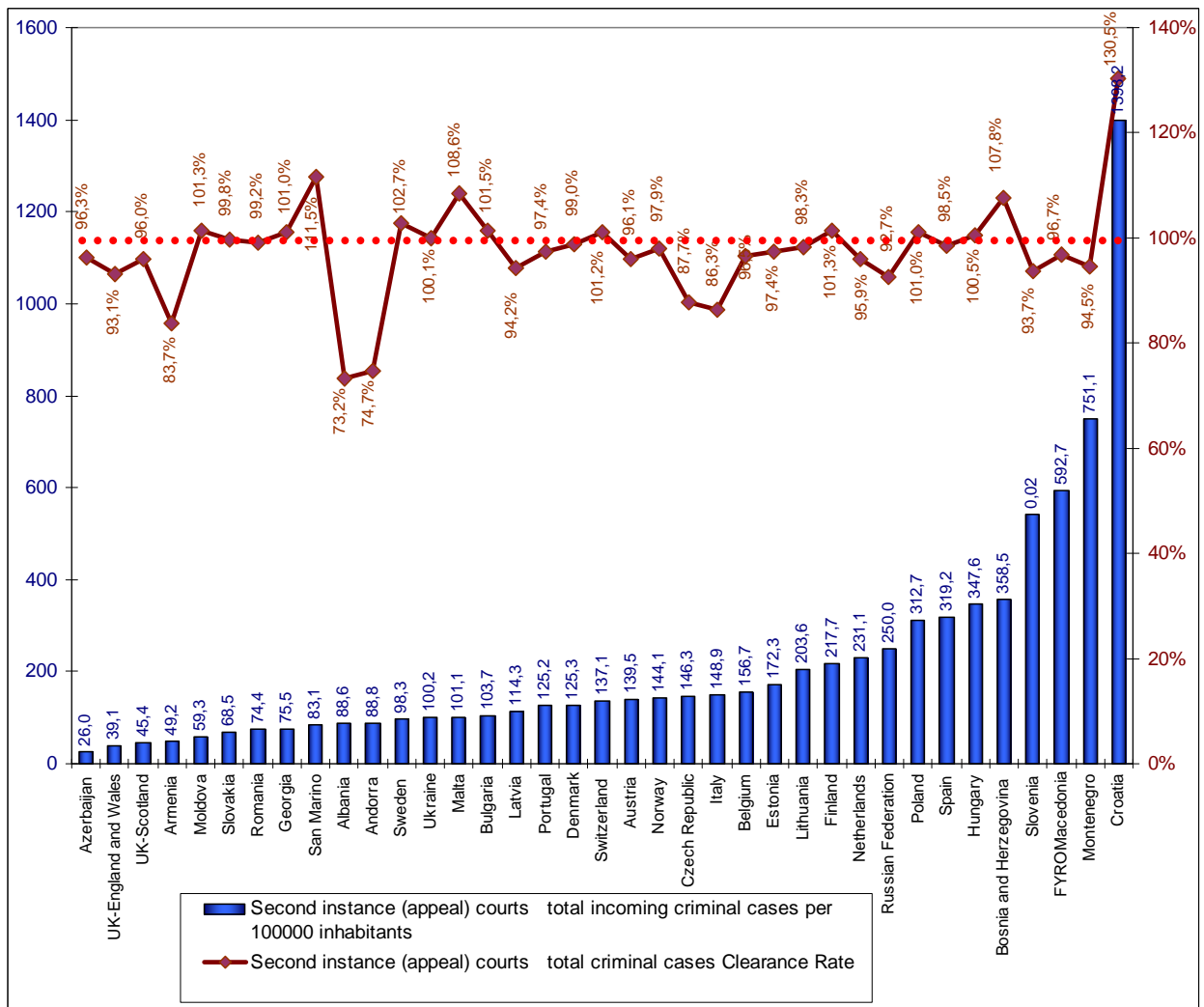


Figure 40 - Clearance rate of the total number of criminal cases at second instance courts in 2008, % compared with incoming cases per 100.000 inhabitants

2.12.2. Highest instance courts

The figure below shows the highest instance courts 2008 Clearance rate for the total of criminal cases for 35 states. The Clearance rate values range between 64% of **Albania** and 164% of **UK-England and Wales**. The average Clearance rate is 100% while the median is 99%. More than one fourth of the states have a Clearance rate below 95% (**Albania, Azerbaijan, Denmark, Turkey, Spain, UK-Scotland, Armenia, Netherlands, FYROMacedonia**), over one third have a Clearance rate equal or higher than 95% but lower than 100% (**Belgium, Estonia, Sweden, Ukraine, Norway, Monaco, Serbia, Latvia, Poland, Finland, Hungary, Austria, Switzerland**) and also a bit more than one third have a Clearance rate equal or higher than 100% (**Montenegro, Moldova, Lithuania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Slovenia, Slovakia, Croatia, Italy, Portugal, Romania, Georgia, UK-England and Wales**).

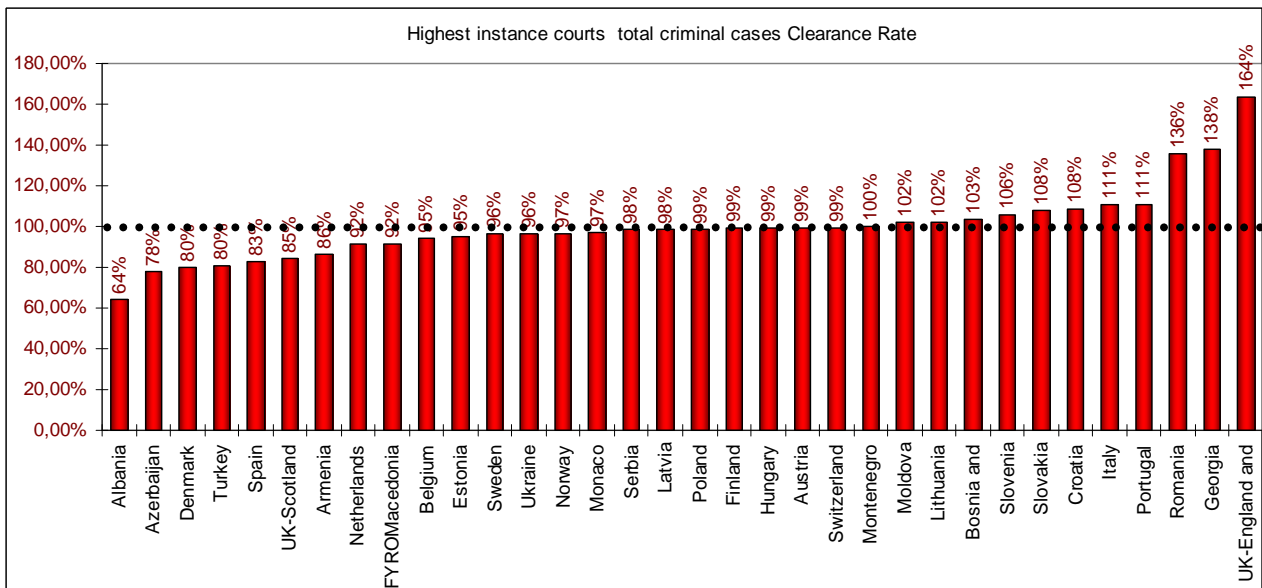


Figure 41 - Clearance rate of the total number of criminal cases at highest instance courts in 2008, %

The figure below presents the Clearance rate of the total number of criminal cases at highest instance courts allowing confronting it with the number of cases per 100.000 inhabitants in 2008.

As in the case of first and second instance courts both the Clearance rate and the volume of cases present a great variation. The Clearance rate ranges from a minimum 64% of **Albania** (which also has the lowest Clearance rate at second instance level), which has approximately 29 cases per 100.000 inhabitants to 164% of **UK-England and Wales**, which has approximately 0,02 cases per 100.000 inhabitants. At the same time, the number of cases per 100.000 inhabitants ranges between 0,02 cases per 100.000 inhabitants of **UK-England and Wales**, 96% to the 343 cases of **Turkey** with a Clearance rate of 80%.

Again, as for first and second instance courts, there does not seem to be a strong correlation between Clearance rate of the total number of criminal cases and the number of cases per 100.000 inhabitants.

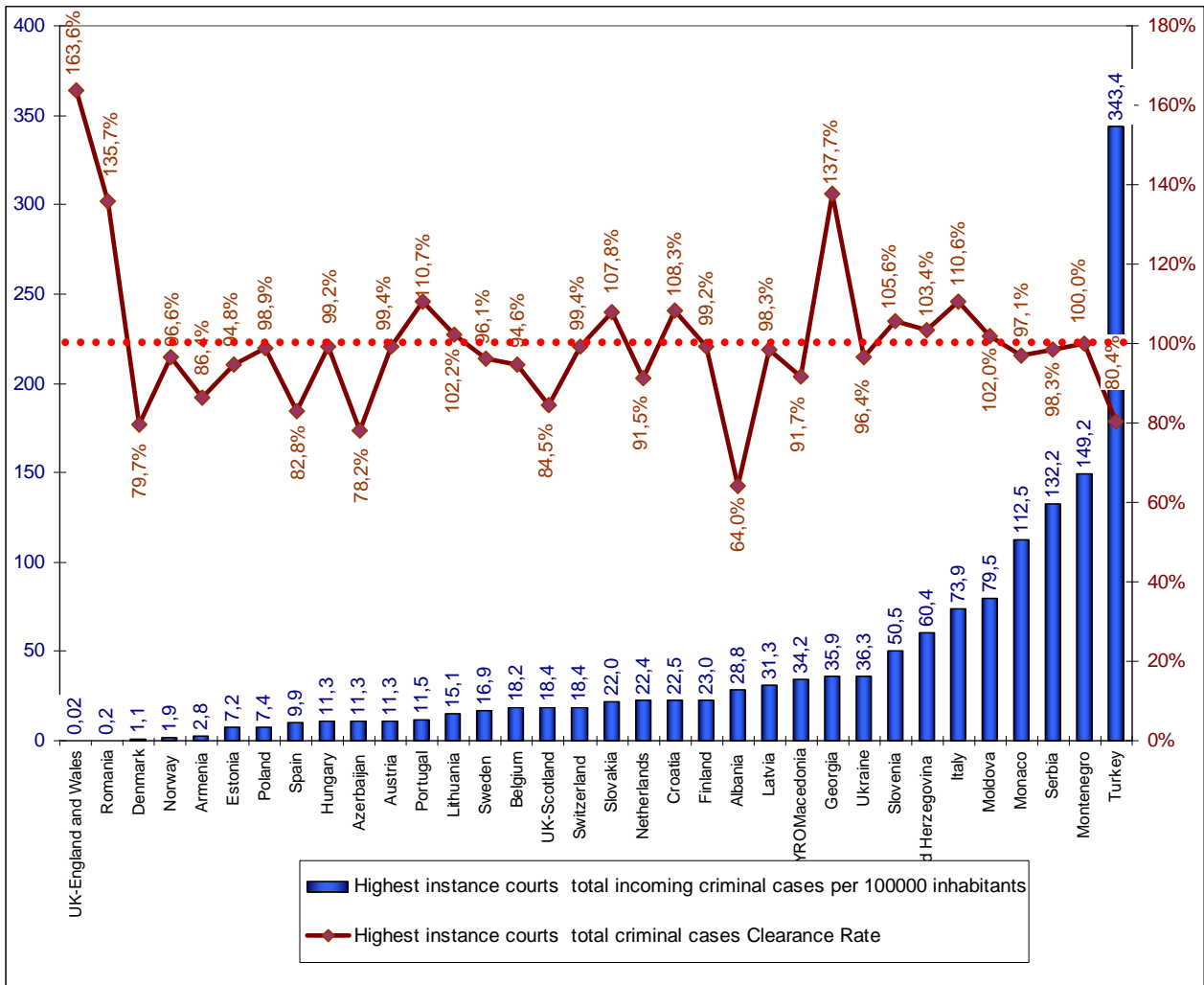


Figure 42 - Clearance rate of the total number of criminal cases at highest instance courts in 2008, % compared with incoming cases per 100.000 inhabitants

2.13. Average length of proceedings for litigious divorce cases at second instance courts between 2004 and 2008

According to CEPEJ "GOJUST" Guidelines (CEPEJ(2008)11) on which the Evaluation Scheme builds upon, *Litigious divorce cases* are defined as "the dissolution of a marriage contract between two persons, by the judgement of a court of a competent jurisdiction. The data should not include: divorce ruled by an agreement between the parties concerning the separation of the spouses and all its consequences (procedure of mutual consent, even if they are processed by the court) or ruled through an administrative procedure".³⁰ As observed in the Cepej European Judicial Systems study, the length of litigious divorce proceedings "varies in between the states and entities concerned according to the family law (civil law) procedure and the volume of cases filed in courts".³¹ For a more detailed analysis of the specificities of such procedures, see the Cepej European Judicial Systems study pp.172-173.

Second instance courts data is available for 12 states in 2004 (**Russian Federation, Armenia, Czech Republic, Azerbaijan, Portugal, Montenegro, Romania, Netherlands, Cyprus, France, Italy**), 10 states in 2006 (**Slovenia, Latvia, Poland, Azerbaijan, Denmark, Portugal, Monaco, France, Belgium**) and for 15 states in 2008 (**Belgium, France, Albania, Monaco, Netherlands, Montenegro, Portugal, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Denmark, Latvia, Slovenia, Poland, FYROMacedonia, Estonia, Finland**). In only two cases, **Portugal** and **France**, data is available in all three dates showing a decreasing trend.

³⁰ "GOJUST" Guidelines (CEPEJ(2008)11), p. 8.

³¹ European Judicial Systems, Edition 2010 (data 2008): Efficiency and quality of justice, p.171.

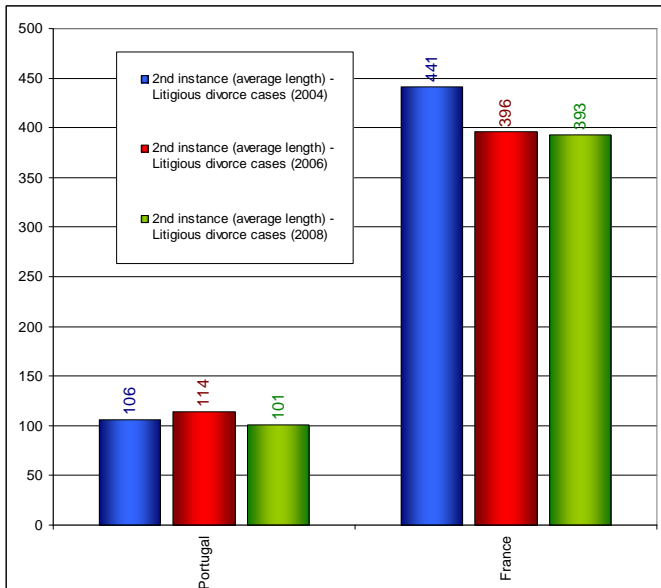


Figure 43 - Second instance court litigious divorce proceedings average length (in days) in 2004, 2006 and 2008

2004 and 2008 data, as shown in the figure below, are available in four cases, **Portugal, Montenegro, Netherlands, France**. In all four cases the average length decreases.

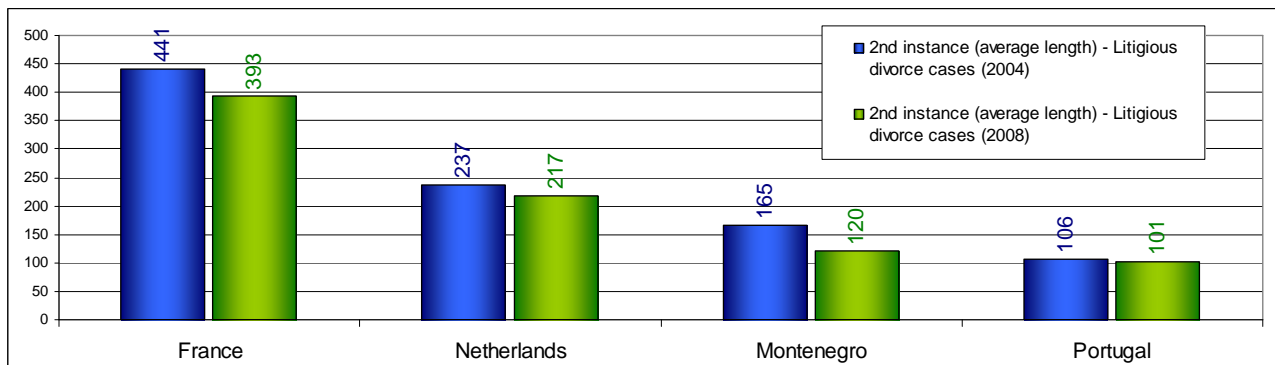


Figure 44 - Second instance court litigious divorce proceedings average length (in days) in 2004 and 2008

2006 and 2008 data, presented in the figure below, are available for eight states, **Belgium, France, Monaco, Portugal, Denmark, Latvia, Slovenia, Poland**. In all cases but two (**Monaco** and **Denmark**), where the average length remains the same, it decreases. The average length of the eight states second instance court litigious cases is 207 days in 2006 and drops to 186 days in 2008 with a -21 days variation (slightly more than -10%). In the same period the median decrease between 102 and 96 days, with a variation of -13 days.

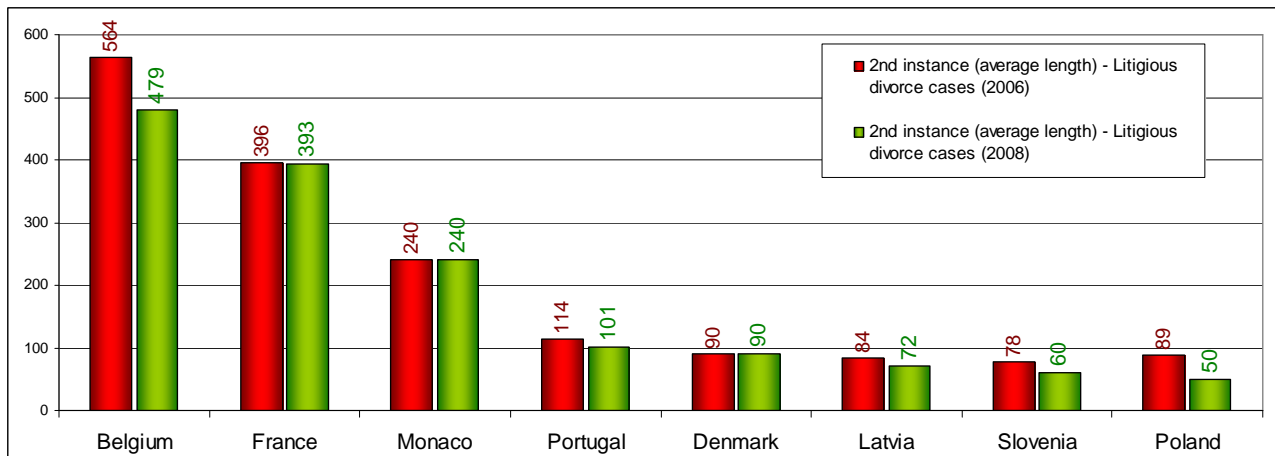


Figure 45 - Second instance court litigious divorce proceedings average length (in days) in 2006 and 2008

Table 11 - Average length of proceedings for litigious divorce cases at second instance courts between 2006 and 2008

country	2nd instance (average length) - Litigious divorce cases (2006)	2nd instance (average length) - Litigious divorce cases (2008)	average length variation between 2006 and 2008
Belgium	564	479	-85
France	396	393	-3
Monaco	240	240	0
Portugal	114	101	-13
Denmark	90	90	0
Latvia	84	72	-12
Slovenia	78	60	-18
Poland	89	50	-39
Average	207	186	-21
Median	102	96	-13

The figure below shows all data available on average length of litigious divorce cases between 2004 and 2008 (22 states). Over all, average length of cases decreases from 199 days in 2004 to 194 days in 206 to 150 days in 2008. In the same period the median value varies from 165 to 90 to 98 days.

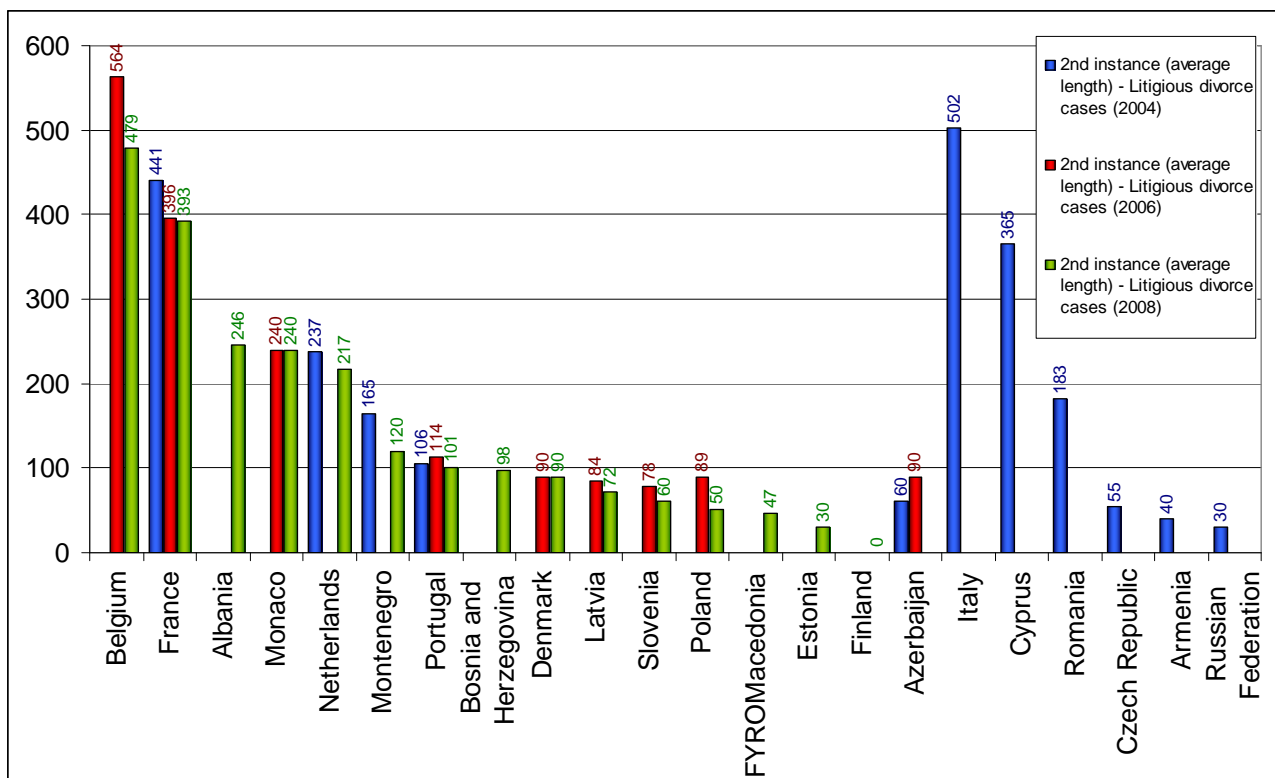


Figure 46 - Average length of proceedings for litigious divorce cases at second instance courts between 2004 and 2008, in days.

The same data is provided organized by state in the table below.

Table 12 Average length of proceedings for litigious divorce cases at second instance courts between 2004 and 2008

country	2nd instance (average length) - Litigious divorce cases (2004)	2nd instance (average length) - Litigious divorce cases (2006)	2nd instance (average length) - Litigious divorce cases (2008)
Albania			246
Armenia	40		
Azerbaijan	60	90	
Belgium		564	479
Bosnia and Herzegovina			98
Cyprus	365		
Czech Republic	55		
Denmark		90	90
Estonia			30
Finland			0
France	441	396	393
FYROMacedonia			47
Italy	502		
Latvia		84	72
Monaco		240	240
Montenegro	165		120
Netherlands	237		217
Poland		89	50
Portugal	106	114	101
Romania	183		
Russian Federation	30		
Slovenia		78	60
Average	199	194	150
Median	165	90	98

An analysis considering both first and second instance average length of proceedings for litigious divorce cases is carried out in the synthesis section.

3. Synthesis

The synthesis analysis that follows investigates 2008 data on total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases and total criminal cases at first, second and highest instance level. In particular, two indicators are discussed, the Clearance rate and the Disposition time as they have been the main focus of the present work, in accordance with the indications provided by Cepej. Follows an analysis of litigious divorce cases at first and second instance in relation to the average length of proceedings, also in line with the Cepej selection of this category between the four indicated by the "GOJUST" Guidelines -CEPEJ(2008)11.

3.1. Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases at first, second and highest instance courts

3.1.1. Clearance rate

Data on total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases allowed calculating the first instance courts Clearance rate for 39 states, second instance courts Clearance rate for 40 states and highest instance courts Clearance rate for 34 states.

First instance courts Clearance rate ranges between a minimum of 71% (**Bosnia and Herzegovina**) and a maximum of 257% (**FYROMacedonia**) with an average of 106% and a median of 99%. The Clearance rate is below 95% in seven states (**Bosnia and Herzegovina, Spain, Armenia, Latvia, Andorra, Estonia, Albania**), equal or higher than 95% but lower than 100% in fourteen states (**Moldova, Portugal, Norway, Ukraine, France, Romania, Italy, Turkey, Monaco, Lithuania, Hungary, Finland, Poland, Netherlands**) and equal or higher than 100% in the remaining eighteen (**Denmark, Switzerland, Malta, Czech Republic, Austria, Russian Federation, Montenegro, San Marino, Croatia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Sweden, Bulgaria, Georgia, Cyprus, Serbia, Luxembourg, FYROMacedonia**).

Second instance courts Clearance rate ranges between a minimum of 38% (**Ukraine**) and a maximum of 221% (**San Marino**) with an average of 100% and a median of 99%. The Clearance rate is below 95% in twelve states (**Ukraine, UK-Scotland, Cyprus, Lithuania, Monaco, Albania, Italy, FYROMacedonia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Estonia, Latvia, UK-England and Wales**), equal or higher than 95% but lower than 100% in nine states (**Denmark, Netherlands, Croatia, Russian Federation, Hungary, Austria, Spain, Romania, Finland, France**) and higher than 100% in the remaining nineteen (**Portugal, Czech Republic, Poland, Switzerland, Norway, Sweden, Moldova, Slovakia, Serbia, Bulgaria, Armenia, Luxembourg, Slovenia, Andorra, Montenegro, Malta, Georgia, San Marino, Turkey**).

Highest instance courts Clearance rate ranges between a minimum of 27% (**Ukraine**) and a maximum of 159% (**San Marino**) with an average of 99% and a median of 100%. The Clearance rate is below 95% in eleven states (**Ukraine, Albania, Croatia, Romania, Latvia, UK-Scotland, Georgia, Estonia, Finland, Hungary, Bulgaria**), equal or higher than 95% but lower than 100% in six states (**Slovakia, Sweden, Moldova, Czech Republic, Poland, France**) and equal or higher than 100% in the remaining seventeen (**Armenia, Slovenia, Austria, Portugal, Luxembourg, Belgium, Switzerland, Montenegro, Italy, Netherlands, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Norway, FYROMacedonia, Lithuania, Spain, UK-England and Wales, San Marino**).

The table below presents the percentages of states with a first, second and highest instance courts Clearance rate below 95%, equal or higher than 95% but lower than 100% and equal or higher than 100% over the total of states that provided the data for that instance.

Table 13 - First, second and highest instance courts total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (2008) Clearance rate synthesis table

	States with Clearance rate below 95%	States with Clearance rate equal or higher than 95% but lower than 100%	States with Clearance rate equal or higher than 100%	Total	% of states with Clearance rate below 95%	% of states with Clearance rate equal or higher than 95% but lower than 100%	% of states with Clearance rate equal or higher than 100%
First instance courts	7	14	18	39	18%	36%	46%
Second instance courts	12	9	19	40	30%	23%	48%
Highest instance courts	11	6	17	34	32%	18%	50%

The figure below synthesizes the 2008 Clearance rate values at first, second and highest instance courts ordered by state. Highest instance courts data are higher followed by the second and first instance courts ones.

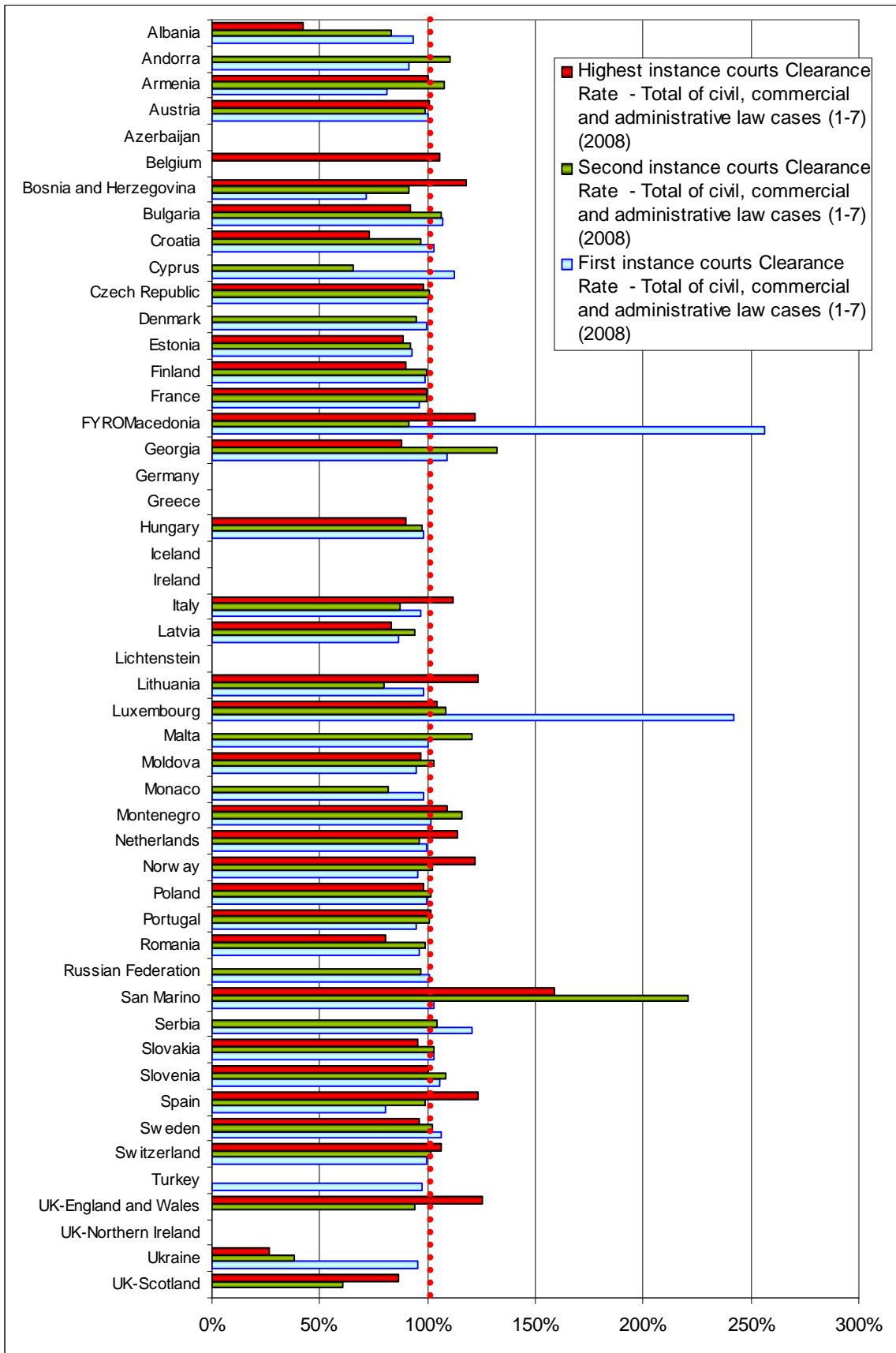


Figure 47 - First, second and highest instance courts total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases Clearance rates (2008)

The table below provides the raw data used to draw the above figure.

Table 14 - First, second and highest instance courts total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases Clearance rates (2008)

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)			
Country	First instance courts Clearance rate-	Second instance courts Clearance rate	Highest instance courts Clearance rate
Albania	93%	83%	42%
Andorra	91%	111%	
Armenia	81%	108%	100%
Austria	100%	99%	101%
Azerbaijan			
Belgium			105%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	71%	91%	118%
Bulgaria	107%	107%	92%
Croatia	103%	97%	73%
Cyprus	112%	65%	
Czech Republic	100%	101%	98%
Denmark	100%	95%	
Estonia	93%	92%	89%
Finland	99%	99%	90%
France	96%	99%	99%
Georgia	109%	132%	88%
Germany			
Greece			
Hungary	98%	97%	90%
Iceland			
Ireland			
Italy	97%	87%	112%
Latvia	86%	94%	83%
Lichtenstein			
Lithuania	98%	80%	123%
Luxembourg	242%	108%	104%
Malta	100%	121%	
Moldova	95%	103%	97%
Monaco	98%	82%	
Montenegro	101%	116%	109%
Netherlands	99%	96%	114%
Norway	95%	102%	122%
Poland	99%	101%	98%
Portugal	95%	101%	102%
Romania	96%	99%	80%
Russian Federation	101%	97%	
San Marino	103%	221%	159%
Serbia	121%	104%	
Slovakia	103%	103%	96%
Slovenia	105%	108%	100%
Spain	81%	99%	123%
Sweden	106%	102%	96%
Switzerland	100%	102%	107%
FYROMacedonia	257%	91%	122%
Turkey	97%		
Ukraine	96%	38%	27%
UK-England and Wales		94%	125%
UK-Northern Ireland			
UK-Scotland		60%	87%

The figure below provides an additional tool to help the reader visualize the Clearance rate situation at an aggregated level. For each state which provided the needed data it has been assessed in how many cases between first, second and highest instance courts the total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases Clearance rates (2008) are equal or above 95%. If Clearance rates are equal or above 95% at all three court instances, the state is colored green; if the Clearance rates are equal or above 95% at two out of three court instances, the state is colored yellow. If the Clearance rate is equal or above 95% only in one case and below 95% in the other two, out of three court instances, the state is colored orange. Finally, if Clearance rates are equal or above 95% at all three court instances, the state is colored red.

This figure provides an indication of the variation of the pending cases in 2008. It should be noted, though, that without looking also at the disposition time and at the absolute numbers of pending cases, the assessment of the situation can be misleading. For example, while **Estonia** is "red" its first instance courts Disposition time is of 133 days, the second instance of 142 days and the highest instance of 125 days. On

the contrary, while **Italy** is “yellow”, its first instance courts Disposition time is of 378 days, the second instance of 1181 days and the highest instance of 1066 days. Furthermore, looking at these data it should be considered that the focus of the attention is on just one year and therefore they could be subject to short term deviation.

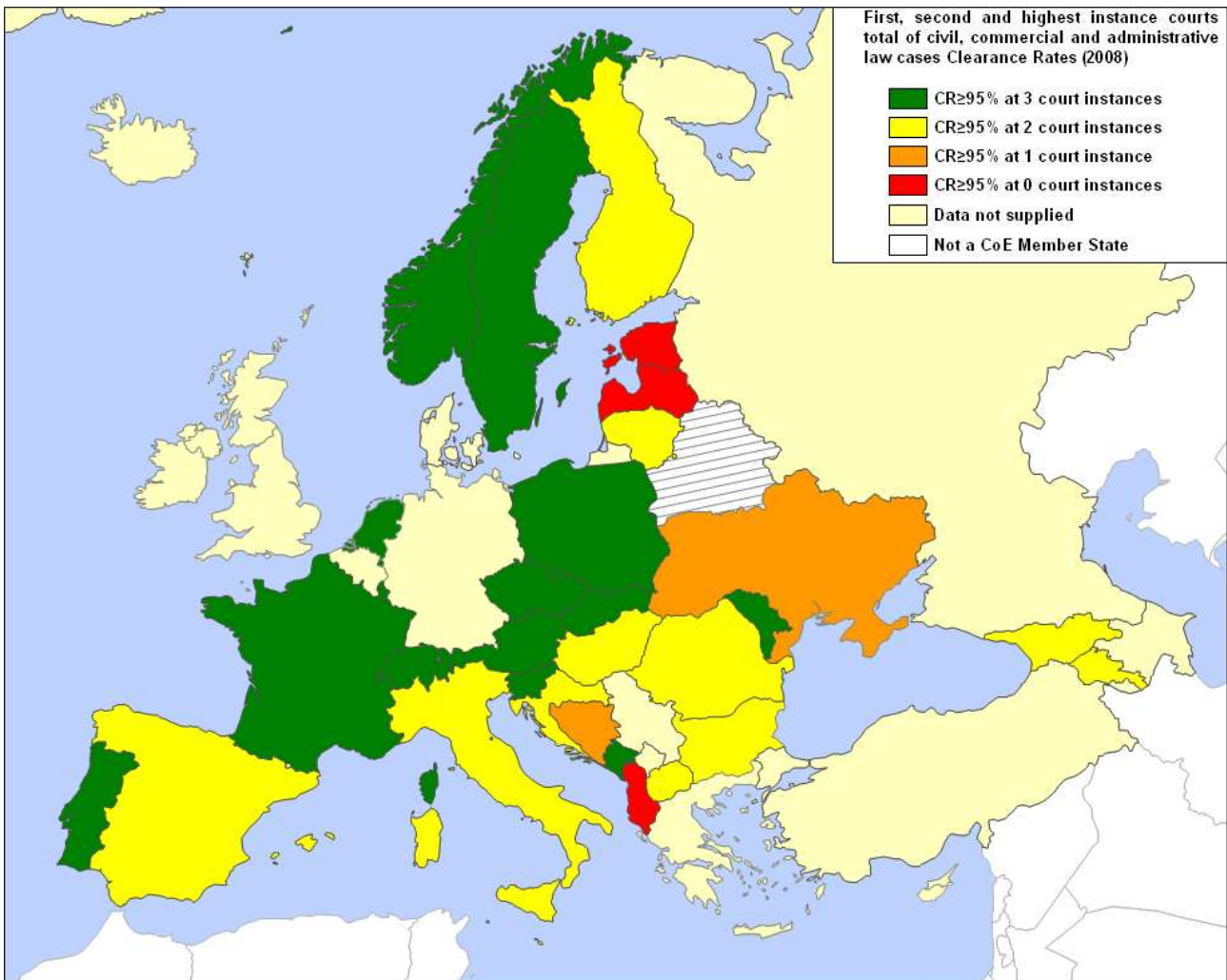


Figure 48 - Aggregated first, second and highest instance courts total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases Clearance rates map (2008)

3.1.2. Disposition time

With the available data, it has been possible to calculate the Disposition time for first instance courts in 35 states, for second instance courts in 34 states and for highest instance courts in 30 states. Furthermore, it has been possible to calculate the Disposition time for all three court levels in 27 states.

The three figures below allow to check with one glance the differences in Disposition time considering a case which is resolved at first instance level (figure on the left) at second level (figure in the center) or at highest court level (figure on the right). In some countries the justice system is relatively fast compared to the others in dealing with first instance cases, while perform less speedily for cases which are appealed. See for example the case of **Albania**, which shows a first instance courts Disposition time of 80 days compared to the average 234 days for the 27 states for which it has been possible to calculate the Disposition time for all three court levels. Summing up first and second instance courts Disposition time shows a less positive Disposition time situation (450 days, a value equal to the average for the 27 states for which it has been possible to calculate the Disposition time for all three court levels). When adding all three Disposition times, the total is 1784 days, more than twice the average 714 of the 27 states for which it has been possible to calculate such value.

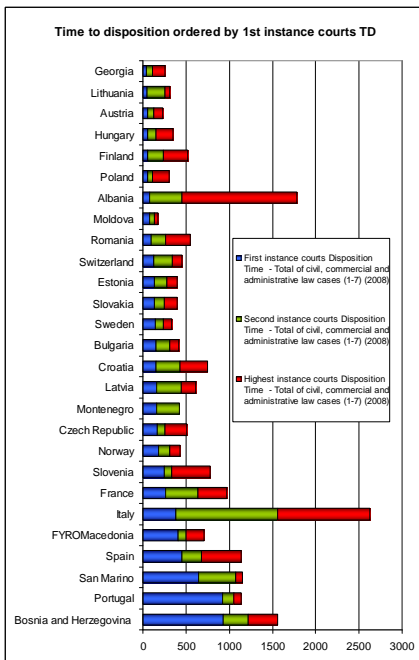


Figure 49 - First, second and highest instance courts total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (2008) Disposition time (in 27 states) ordered by 1^s instance courts Disposition time

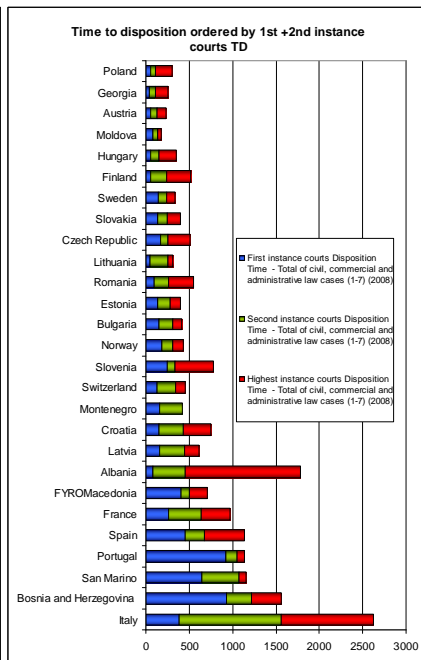


Figure 50 - First, second and highest instance courts total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (2008) Disposition time (in 27 states) ordered by 1^s+2nd instance courts Disposition time

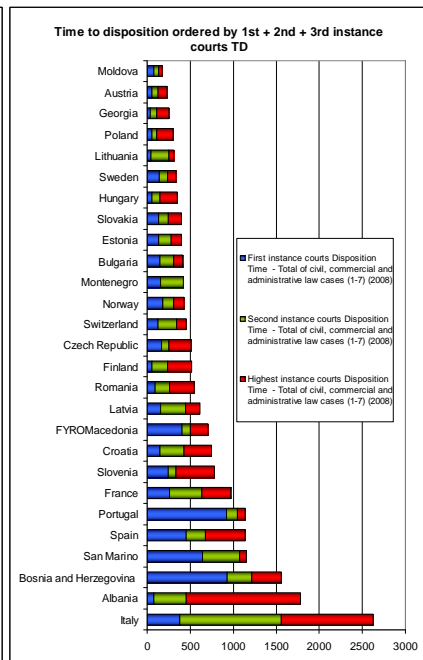


Figure 51 - First, second and highest instance courts total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (2008) Disposition time (in 27 states) ordered by 1^s+2nd+3rd instance courts Disposition time

The table below provides average, median, minimum and maximum values for first, second and highest court level Disposition time of the 27 states, but also for 1st +2nd court level (as to say the total Disposition time for a case which is defined at second court level) and for 1st +2nd +3rd court level (total Disposition time for a case defined at highest level).

Table 15 - First, second and highest instance courts total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (2008) Disposition time (in days) synthesis table (27 states)

country	First instance courts Disposition time - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	Second instance courts Disposition time - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	Highest instance courts Disposition time - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	1st +2nd instance courts Disposition time - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	1st +2nd +3rd instance courts Disposition time - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)
Average	234	216	264	450	714
Median	148	159	172	313	509
Min	40	53	1	111	173
Max	932	1181	1334	1559	2625

In a future analysis it could be interesting to cross this data with the data on the percentage of cases that are defined at each level.

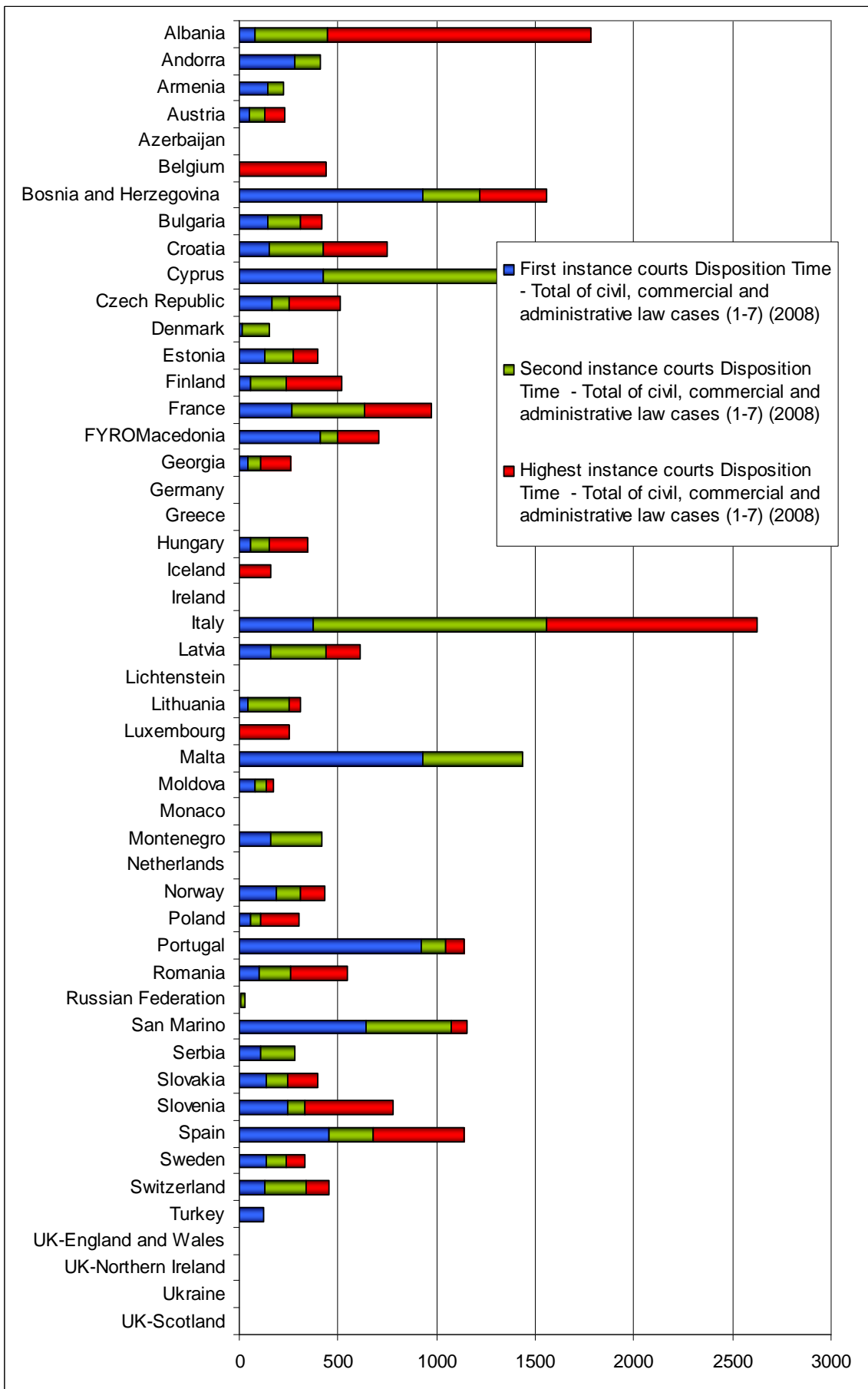


Figure 52 - First, second and highest instance courts total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (2008) Disposition time

The figure above presents all the 2008 Disposition time values that it has been possible to calculate, ordered by country. The table which follows provides the raw data used to draw the figure.

Table 16 - First, second and highest instance courts total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (2008) Disposition time (in days)

country	First instance courts Disposition time - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	Second instance courts Disposition time - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	Highest instance courts Disposition time - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)
Albania	80	370	1334
Andorra	279	134	
Armenia	147	73	
Austria	53	73	105
Azerbaijan			
Belgium			442
Bosnia and Herzegovina	932	286	339
Bulgaria	148	159	109
Croatia	151	278	319
Cyprus	423	1319	
Czech Republic	168	85	257
Denmark	16	139	
Estonia	133	142	125
Finland	58	180	281
France	264	370	341
Georgia	40	72	146
Germany			
Greece			
Hungary	56	92	198
Iceland			155
Ireland			
Italy	378	1181	1066
Latvia	158	285	172
Lichtenstein			
Lithuania	45	210	57
Luxembourg			255
Malta	928	505	
Moldova	81	56	36
Monaco			
Montenegro	160	260	1
Netherlands			
Norway	184	129	120
Poland	58	53	193
Portugal	925	122	91
Romania	99	162	288
Russian Federation	9	19	
San Marino	644	430	81
Serbia	107	171	
Slovakia	137	107	150
Slovenia	244	91	446
Spain	451	228	461
Sweden	140	98	92
Switzerland	128	212	117
FYROMacedonia	408	93	204
Turkey	121		
Ukraine			
UK-England and Wales			
UK-Northern Ireland			
UK-Scotland			

3.1.3. Confronting Clearance rate and Disposition time

Clearance rate and Disposition time provide important inputs on the functioning of the judicial systems, such as the capability of keeping up with their incoming caseload and of dispose of the cases in a timely manner. When used in conjunction, they provide an important management tool to assess the justice system situation in terms both of length of proceedings, both of need to take action if the situation is not positive or should be improved. To obtain indications which are both relevant and meaningful it is important to compare the performance of justice systems which present similar features. What follows is an example looking at **Spain, Italy, France, Denmark, Belgium** (for **Belgium** only highest instance court, not enough data available for

first and second instance courts calculations), **Portugal** and **Austria**, considering Clearance rate and Disposition time at first second and highest instance courts. Once again, it must be stressed out that how the variable are measured in the different countries may consistently influence the outcome.

First instance courts

Table 17 - Clearance rate and Disposition time for Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases in 2008, in first instance courts

	First instance courts Clearance rate - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	First instance courts Disposition time - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)
Spain	81%	451
Italy	97%	378
France	96%	264
Denmark	100%	16
Belgium		
Portugal	95%	925
Austria	100%	53

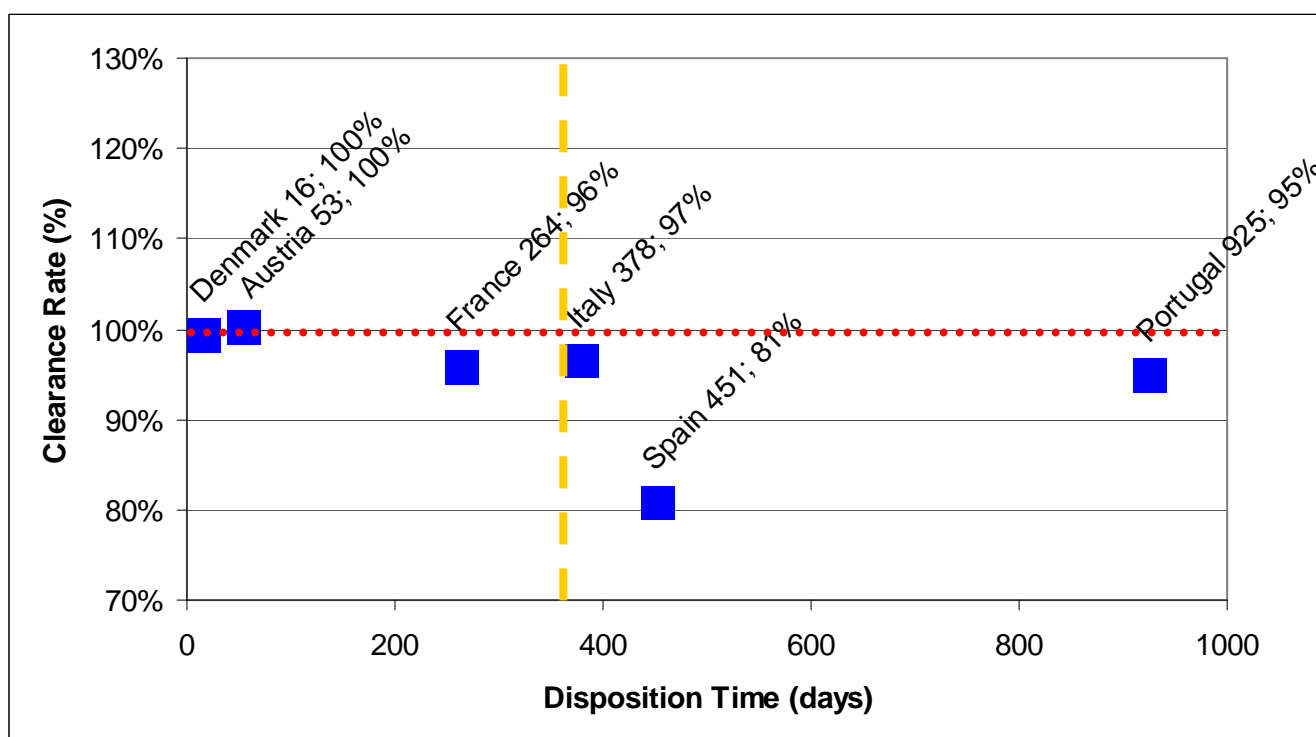


Figure 53 - Clearance rate and Disposition time for Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases in 2008, in first instance courts

The above figure allows to immediately visualizing Disposition time and Clearance rate of each of the five states (**Austria, Denmark, France, Italy, Portugal and Spain**) for which it has been possible to calculate both values for first instance courts. **Denmark** and **Austria** can be seen as a first subgroup, with a Disposition time much below 100 days and a Clearance rate of 100%. A second subgroup can be identified, including **France, Italy and Spain. France**, with a Disposition time which is still well below one year, has a Clearance rate which is only 96%. The **Italian** situation is a bit worst, with a Disposition time just over one year and a Clearance rate which, even if slightly better than the French one, is still below 100%. **Spain**, the third member of this subgroup has a Disposition time which is the highest of the three, but also a Clearance rate which is very low. As mentioned in the Cepej European judicial systems study, Edition 2010 (data 2008), this Clearance rate is “linked to a prolonged strike of personnel of the justice administration which took place during 2008” and therefore should be looked as the effect of a spot event and not as a structural condition. **Portugal** is a subgroup on its own, with a Disposition time well over the two year and a Clearance rate which is still below 95% which means that the number of pending cases is increasing.

Second instance courts

Table 18 - Clearance rate and Disposition time for Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases in 2008, in second instance courts

country	Second instance courts Clearance rate - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	Second instance courts Disposition time - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)
Spain	99%	228
Italy	87%	1181
France	99%	370
Denmark	95%	139
Belgium		
Portugal	101%	122
Austria	99%	73

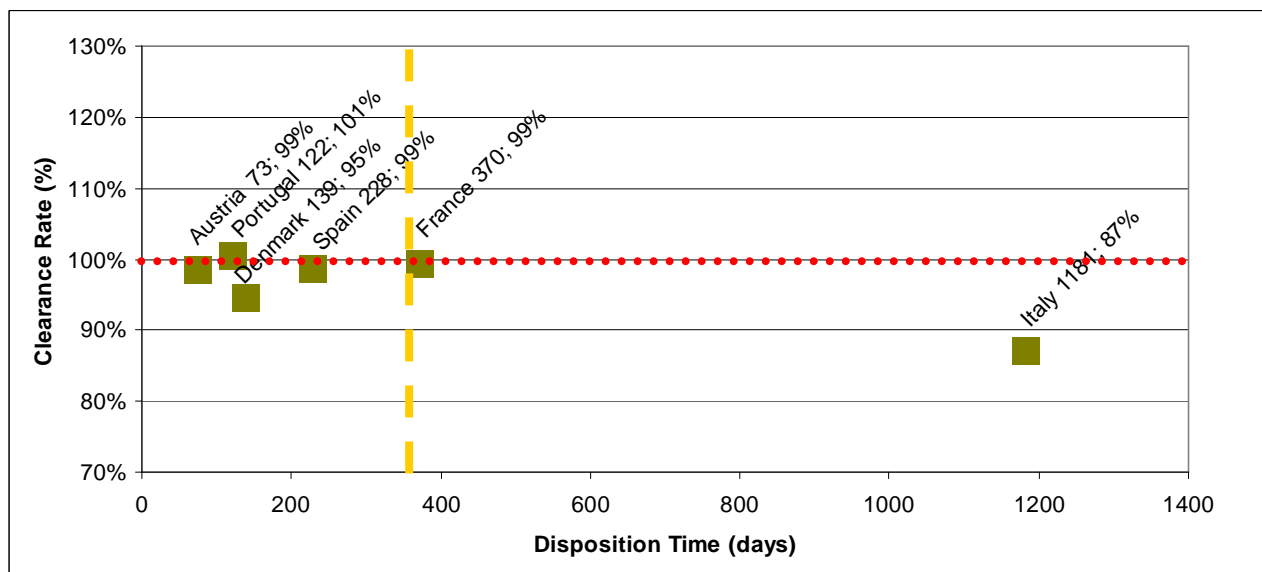


Figure 54 - Clearance rate and Disposition time for Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases in 2008, in second instance courts

Within the cluster, it has been possible to calculate Disposition time and Clearance rate in second instance courts of **Austria, Denmark, France, Italy, Portugal and Spain**. Four of the six countries (**Austria, Denmark, Portugal, Spain**) constitute the main group, with a Disposition time well below the year and a Clearance rate near or above 100%. **France** follows this group not by far, with a Disposition time just over the year and a clearance rat very near to 100%. **Italy**, on the other hand is quite distant, with a Disposition time of over three years and a Clearance rate below 90%, which means that the number of pending cases is consistently increasing.

Highest Instance courts

Table 19 - Clearance rate and Disposition time for Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases in 2008, in highest instance courts

country	Highest instance courts Clearance rate - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	Highest instance courts Disposition time - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)
Spain	123%	461
Italy	112%	1066
France	99%	341
Denmark		
Belgium	105%	442
Portugal	102%	91
Austria	101%	105

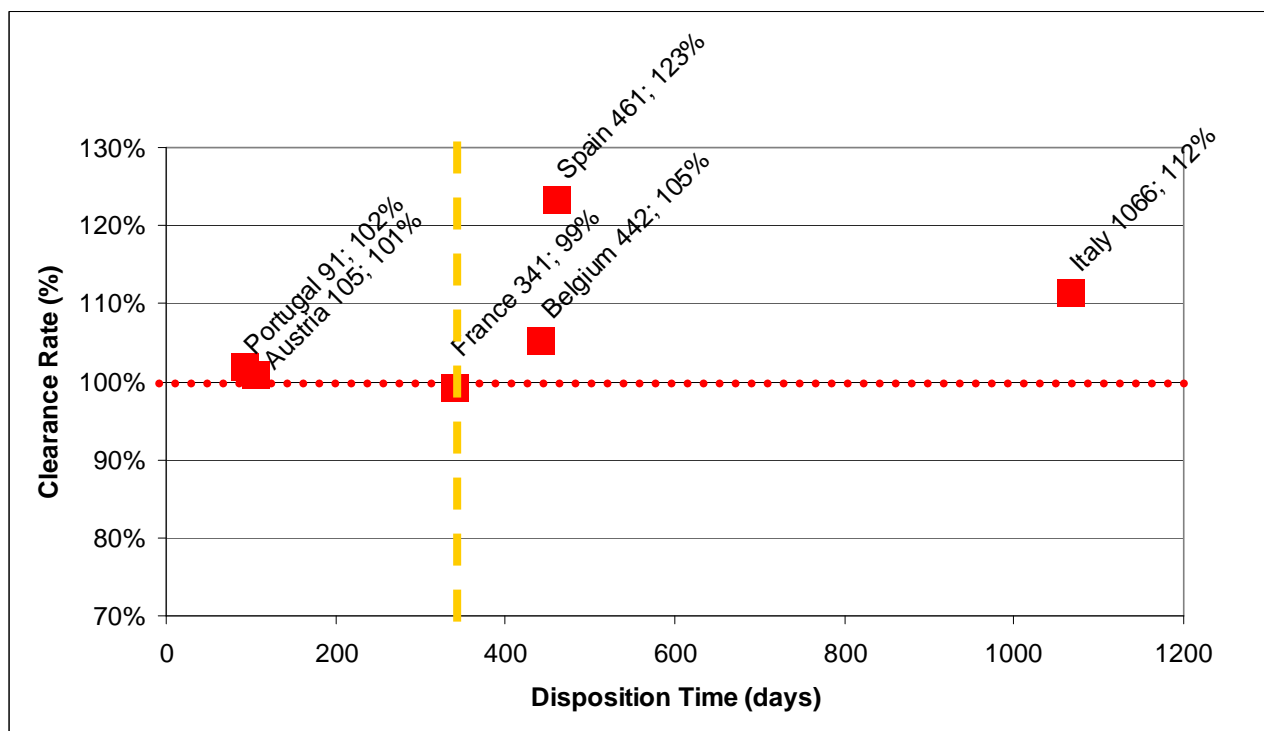


Figure 55 - Clearance rate and Disposition time for Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases in 2008, in highest instance courts

Again, for Highest instance courts, it has been possible to calculate Clearance rate and Disposition time for only six seven out of seven, in this case **Austria, Belgium, France, Italy, Portugal and Spain**. As with the first instance court, three groups can be identified: one with states with a Disposition time near to 100 days and a Clearance rate slightly over 100% (**Portugal and Austria**), one including states with a Disposition time of approximately one year (**France, Belgium and Spain**). It is worth noticing that **Spain**, the state with the highest Disposition time of the three has also a Clearance rate which is much higher than 100%, relating to a consistent reduction of pending cases). Finally, **Italy**, while with a Clearance rate which is positive, shows a Disposition time which is very near to three years.

3.2. Total criminal cases at first, second and highest instance courts

3.2.1. Clearance rate

Data on total criminal cases allowed calculating the first instance courts Clearance rate for 40 states, second instance courts Clearance rate for 37 states and highest instance courts Clearance rate for 34 states.

First instance courts Clearance rate ranges between a minimum of 27% (**Luxembourg**) and a maximum of 160% (**FYROMacedonia**) with an average of 105% and a median of 101%. The Clearance rate is below 95% in two states, equal or higher than 95% but lower than 100% in eleven and equal or higher than 100% in the remaining 27.

Second instance courts Clearance rate ranges between a minimum of 73% (**Albania**) and a maximum of 130% (**Croatia**) with an average of 98% and a median of 98%. The Clearance rate is below 95% in nine states, equal or higher than 95% but lower than 100% in fourteen, and higher than 100% also in fourteen states.

Highest instance courts Clearance rate ranges between a minimum of 64% (**Albania**) and a maximum of 164% (**UK-England and Wales**) with an average of 100% and a median of 99%. The Clearance rate is below 95% in nine states, equal or higher than 95% but lower than 100% in thirteen states, and equal or higher than 100% in the remaining twelve.

The table below presents the percentages of states with a first, second and highest instance courts Clearance rate below 95%, equal or higher than 95% but lower than 100% and equal or higher than 100% over the total of states that provided the data for that instance.

Table 20 - First, second and highest instance courts total criminal cases (2008) Clearance rate synthesis table

	States with Clearance rate below 95%	States with Clearance rate equal or higher than 95% but lower than 100%	States with Clearance rate equal or higher than 100%	total	% of states with Clearance rate below 95%	% of states with Clearance rate equal or higher than 95% but lower than 100%	% of states with Clearance rate equal or higher than 100%
First instance courts	2	11	27	40	5%	28%	68%
Second instance courts	9	14	14	37	24%	38%	38%
Highest instance courts	9	13	12	34	26%	38%	35%

The figure below synthesizes the 2008 Clearance rate values at first, second and highest instance courts ordered by state. Highest instance courts data are higher followed by the second and first instance courts ones.

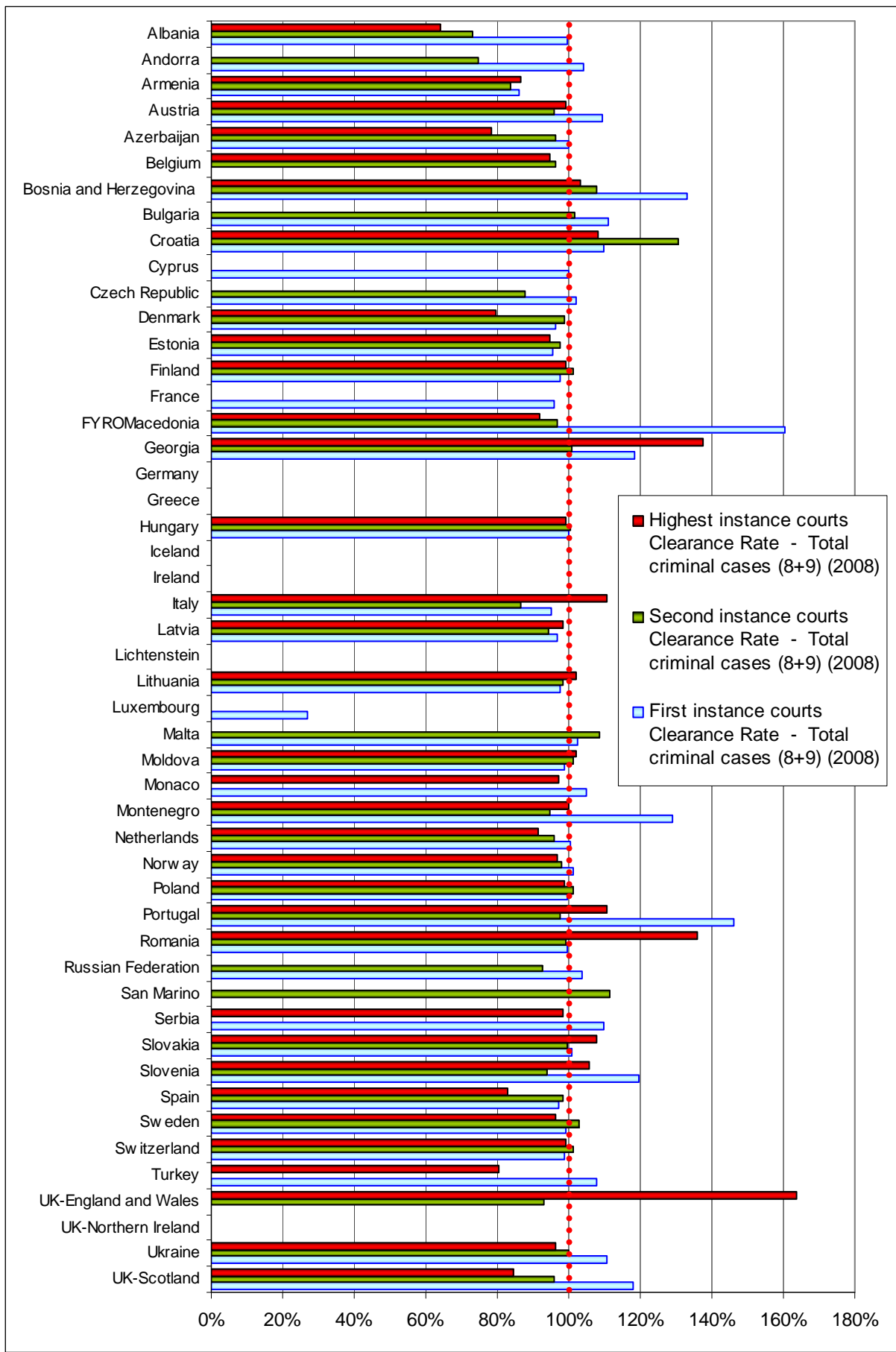


Figure 56 - First, second and highest instance courts total criminal cases Clearance rates (2008)

The table below provides the raw data used to draw the above figure.

Table 21 - First, second and highest instance courts total criminal cases Clearance rates (2008)

Total criminal cases (8+9) (2008)			
Country	First instance courts Clearance rate	Second instance courts Clearance rate	Highest instance courts Clearance rate
Albania	100%	73%	64%
Andorra	104%	75%	
Armenia	86%	84%	86%
Austria	110%	96%	99%
Azerbaijan	100%	96%	78%
Belgium		97%	95%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	133%	108%	103%
Bulgaria	111%	101%	
Croatia	110%	130%	108%
Cyprus	100%		
Czech Republic	102%	88%	
Denmark	96%	99%	80%
Estonia	96%	97%	95%
Finland	97%	101%	99%
France	96%		
Georgia	118%	101%	138%
Germany			
Greece			
Hungary	100%	100%	99%
Iceland			
Ireland			
Italy	95%	86%	111%
Latvia	97%	94%	98%
Lichtenstein			
Lithuania	98%	98%	102%
Luxembourg	27%		
Malta	103%	109%	
Moldova	99%	101%	102%
Monaco	105%		97%
Montenegro	129%	95%	100%
Netherlands	100%	96%	92%
Norway	101%	98%	97%
Poland	100%	101%	99%
Portugal	146%	97%	111%
Romania	100%	99%	136%
Russian Federation	104%	93%	
San Marino		112%	
Serbia	110%		98%
Slovakia	101%	100%	108%
Slovenia	120%	94%	106%
Spain	97%	98%	83%
Sweden	99%	103%	96%
Switzerland	99%	101%	99%
FYROMacedonia	160%	97%	92%
Turkey	108%		80%
Ukraine	110%	100%	96%
UK-England and Wales		93%	164%
UK-Northern Ireland			
UK-Scotland	118%	96%	85%

The figure below helps to visualize the Clearance rate situation at an aggregated level. For each state which provided the needed data it has been assessed in how many cases between first, second and highest instance courts the total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases Clearance rates (2008) are equal or above 95%. If Clearance rates are equal or above 95% at all three court instances, the state is colored green; if the Clearance rates are equal or above 95% at two out of three court instances, the state is colored yellow. If the Clearance rate is equal or above 95% only in one case and below 95% in the other two, out of three court instances, the state is colored orange. Finally, if Clearance rates are equal or above 95% at all three court instances, the state is colored red. Again, as mentioned discussing figure 48, the Clearance rate situation should be looked considering also the Disposition time and the number of pending cases.

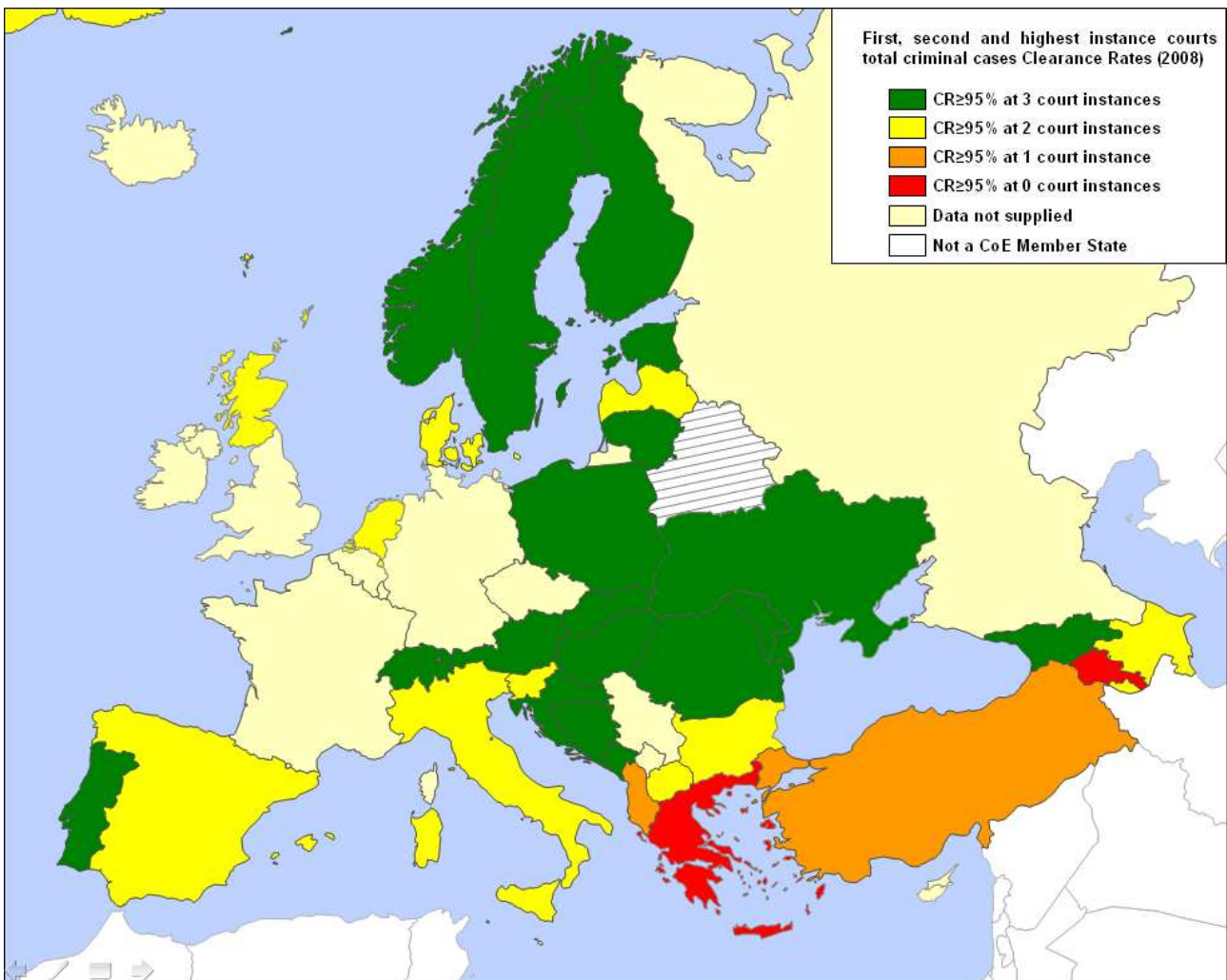


Figure 57 – Aggregated first, second and highest instance courts total criminal cases Clearance rates map (2008)

3.2.2. Disposition time

With the available data, it has been possible to calculate the Disposition time for first instance courts in 35 states, for second instance courts in 32 states and for highest instance courts in 29 states. Furthermore, it has been possible to calculate the Disposition time for all three court levels in 25 states.

The three figures below allow to check with one glance the differences in Disposition time considering a case which is resolved at first instance level (figure on the left) at second level (figure in the center) or at highest court level (figure on the right).

As with the Disposition time of total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases, this representation of the data allow to compare total Disposition time for cases which are defined at first second or highest instance court level. Again, some countries, while performing quite well at first or first and second instance, perform quite poorly -compared to the average- at higher level (such as in the case of **Romania**). In other cases (i.e. **Italy** and **Slovenia** on the low end, **Poland** in the middle and **Estonia**, **Azerbaijan** and **Moldova** on the high end) the performance is quite similar at all levels.

While looking at figures below it should be borne in mind that these data do not include the pre-trial phase, which is also important and should be also taken into account when assessing the performance of a criminal justice system. It would be indeed useful to have also data on this part of the procedure though there are several difficulties to the collection of such data,

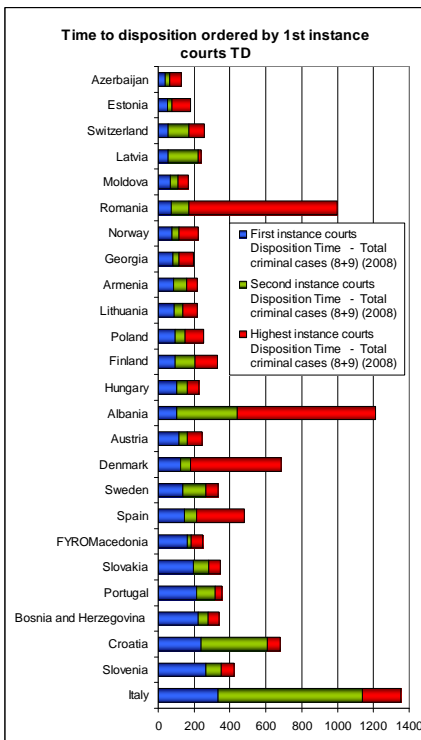


Figure 58 - First, second and highest instance courts total criminal cases (2008) Disposition time (in 25 states) ordered by 1st instance courts Disposition time

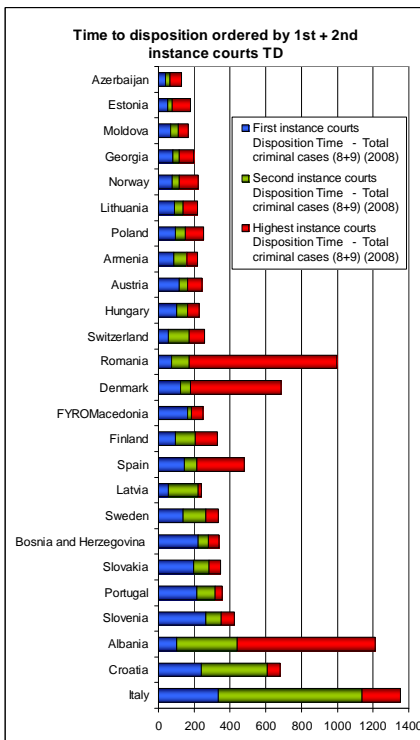


Figure 59 - First, second and highest instance courts total criminal cases (2008) Disposition time (in 25 states) ordered by 1st+2nd instance courts Disposition time

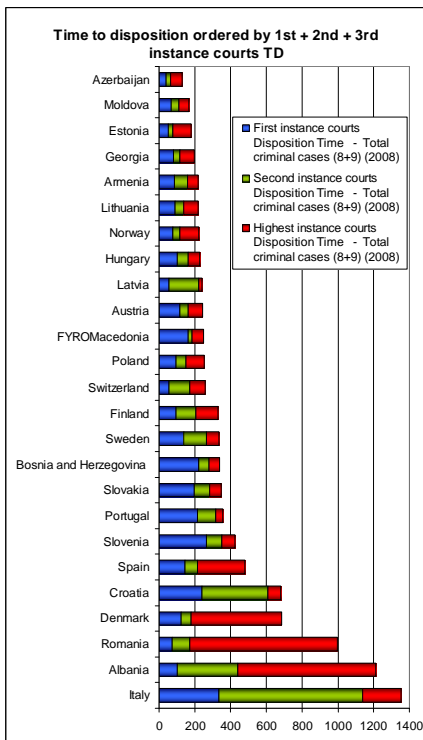


Figure 60 - First, second and highest instance courts total criminal cases (2008) Disposition time (in 25 states) ordered by 1st+2nd+3rd instance courts Disposition time

The table below provides average, median, minimum and maximum values for first, second and highest court level Disposition time of the 25 states, but also for 1st +2nd court level (as to say the total Disposition time for a case which is defined at second court level) and for 1st +2nd +3rd court level (total Disposition time for a case defined at highest level). In 18 states Disposition time for 1st +2nd +3rd court level is less than one year while in four cases it is between one and two years (**Slovenia, Spain, Croatia, Denmark**) and in the remaining three countries it is over than two (**Romania, Albania, Italy**). As for the above figures, looking at these values, the reader should keep in mind that they do not include the pre-trial phase.

Table 22 - First, second and highest instance courts total criminal cases (2008) Disposition time (in days) synthesis table (25 states)

country	First instance courts Disposition time - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2008)	Second instance courts Disposition time - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2008)	Highest instance courts Disposition time - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2008)	1st +2nd instance courts Disposition time - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2008)	1st +2nd +3rd instance courts Disposition time - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2008)
Average	129	123	162	252	414
Median	101	70	81	178	255
Min	37	23	18	66	130
Max	334	805	826	1139	1352

On average, comparing states that provide data for all three court levels, first instance courts dealing with the total of criminal cases show a Disposition time which is half of that of total of first instance courts dealing with the total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases, (129 Vs 234 days). The Median value is still better for total of criminal cases Disposition time than for the total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases, though not as much (101 Vs 148). This is consistent with the fact that total criminal cases Disposition time ranges between a minimum of 37 days for **Azerbaijan** and a maximum of 334 days for **Italy**, while total civil, commercial and administrative law cases Disposition time ranges between a minimum of 40 days for **Georgia** and a maximum of 932 days for **Bosnia and Herzegovina**. The trend is similar when comparing the sum of first and second instance courts Disposition time (average of 252 Vs 450 days and median 178 Vs 313 days) and the sum of all three court level Disposition times (average of 414 Vs 714 days and median 255 Vs 503 days).

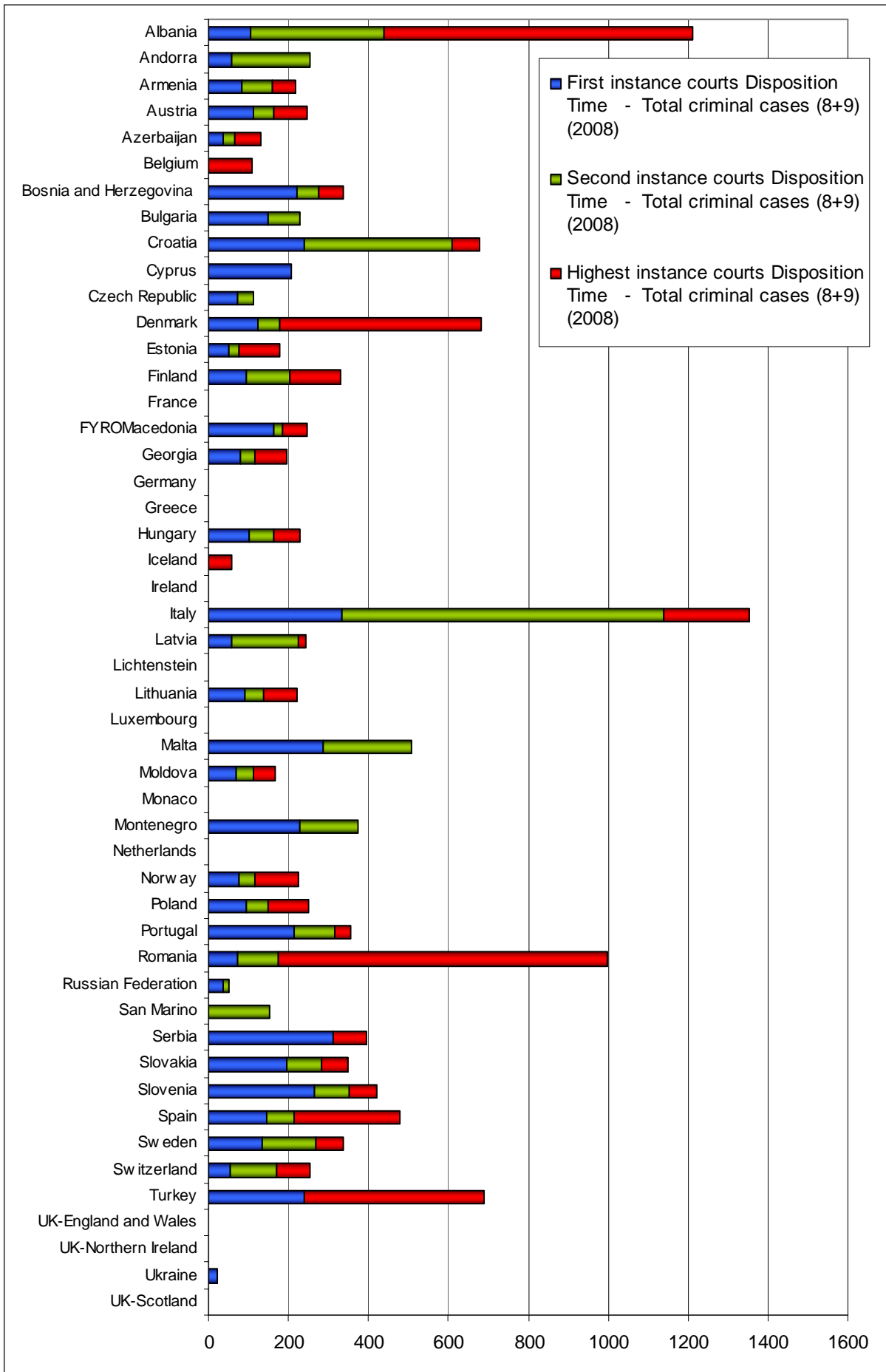


Figure 61 - First, second and highest instance courts total criminal cases (2008) Disposition time

The figure above presents all the 2008 Disposition time values that it has been possible to calculate, ordered by country. The values do not include the pre-trial phase. The table which follows provides the raw data used to draw the figure.

Table 23 - First, second and highest instance courts total criminal cases (2008) Disposition time (in days)

country	First instance courts Disposition time - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2008)	Second instance courts Disposition time - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2008)	Highest instance courts Disposition time - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2008)
Albania	103	337	772
Andorra	59	196	
Armenia	83	76	58
Austria	114	48	83
Azerbaijan	37	30	64
Belgium			109
Bosnia and Herzegovina	222	55	61
Bulgaria	149	81	
Croatia	239	369	71
Cyprus	207		
Czech Republic	73	39	
Denmark	125	54	505
Estonia	52	23	104
Finland	93	112	126
France			
Georgia	80	35	82
Germany			
Greece			
Hungary	101	63	63
Iceland			58
Ireland			
Italy	334	805	212
Latvia	56	167	18
Lichtenstein			
Lithuania	92	47	81
Luxembourg			
Malta	288	219	
Moldova	70	41	57
Monaco			
Montenegro	229	145	
Netherlands			
Norway	76	42	107
Poland	93	56	103
Portugal	213	102	39
Romania	72	100	826
Russian Federation	36	14	
San Marino		151	
Serbia	310		84
Slovakia	195	87	65
Slovenia	267	84	71
Spain	144	70	267
Sweden	136	131	69
Switzerland	56	116	84
FYROMacedonia	162	24	61
Turkey	239		449
Ukraine	22		
UK-England and Wales			
UK-Northern Ireland			
UK-Scotland			

3.3. Litigious divorce cases average length at first and second instance courts

Nineteen states provided data on 2008 average length of litigious divorce cases at first instance courts, while fourteen provided such data for second instance courts. In thirteen cases data is available at both instance court levels. Below are two figures presenting the data for the cases in which both values have been

provided. In the left figure cases are ordered by the average length of first instance court procedure, while the figure on the right present the data arranged by the total of first and second instance procedures. In this selection of cases, first instance litigious divorce cases average length ranges between a minimum of 73 days (**Albania**) and a maximum of 564 days (**France**) while the sum of first and second instance average lengths ranges between 121 days (**Estonia**) and a maximum of 957 days (**France**). On average, first instance litigious divorce cases have a length of 214 days and a median of 164 while the average of the sums of first and second instance litigious divorce cases lengths is 342 days and the median 243.

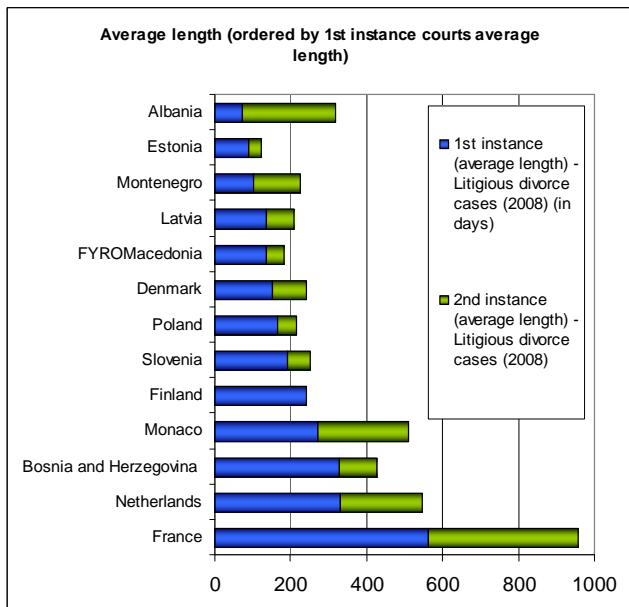


Figure 62 - First and second instance courts litigious divorce cases (2008) average length ordered by 1st instance courts average length

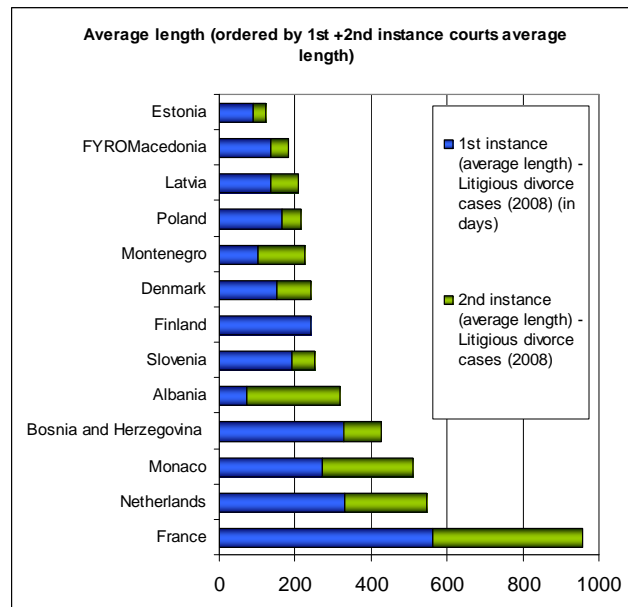


Figure 63 - First and second instance courts litigious divorce cases (2008) average length ordered by 1st+2nd instance courts average length

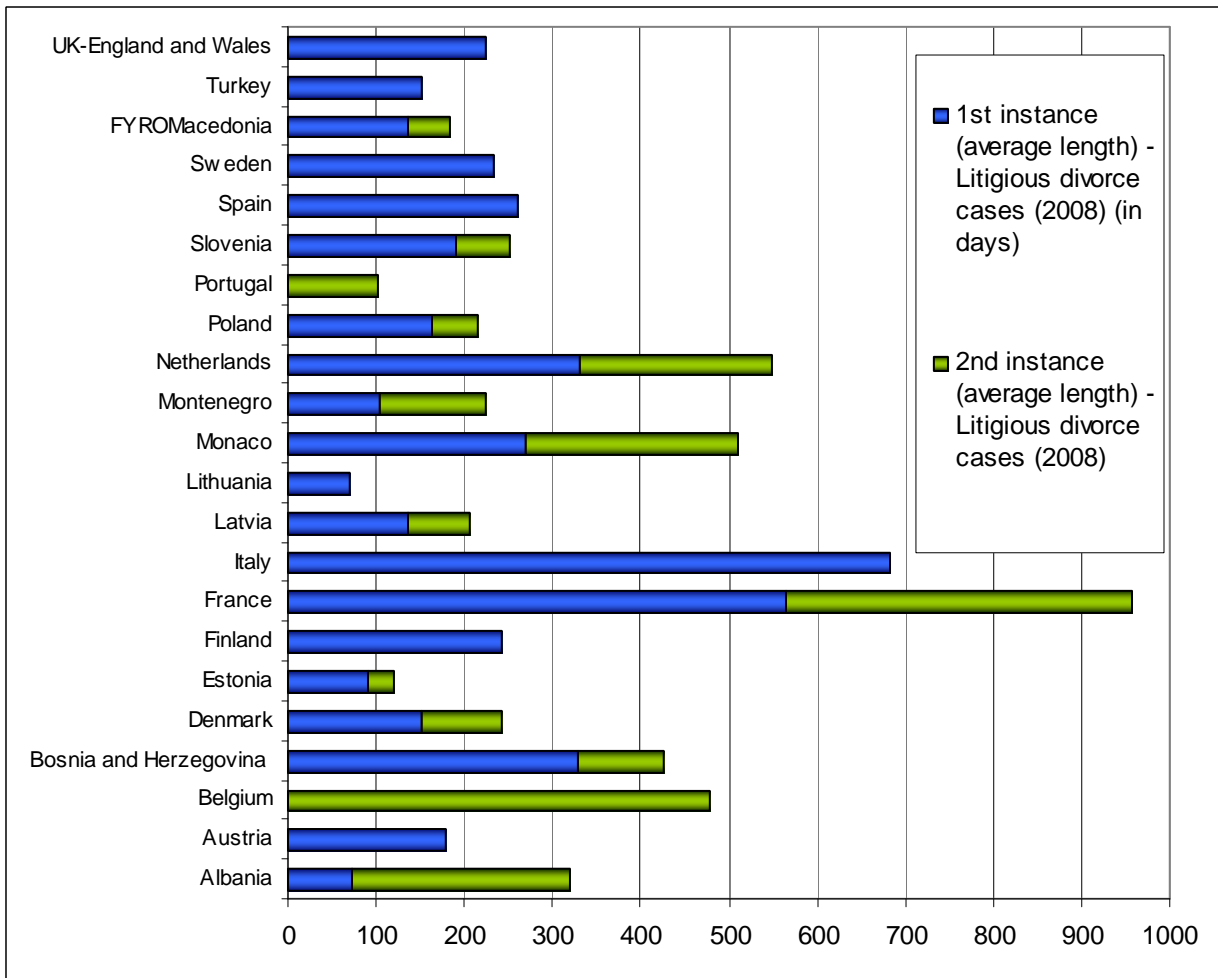


Figure 64 - First and second instance courts litigious divorce cases (2008) average length ordered by state name

The table below provides the raw data used to draw the above figure.

Table 24 - First and second instance courts litigious divorce cases (2008) average length (in days)

country	1st instance (average length) - Litigious divorce cases (2008) (in days)	2nd instance (average length) - Litigious divorce cases (2008)
Albania	73	246
Austria	180	NA
Belgium	NA	479
Bosnia and Herzegovina	329	98
Denmark	153	90
Estonia	91	30
Finland	243	0
France	564	393
Italy	682	NA
Latvia	135	72
Lithuania	69	0
Monaco	270	240
Montenegro	104	120
Netherlands	331	217
Poland	164	50
Portugal	0	101
Slovenia	191	60
Spain	261	NA
Sweden	234	NAP
FYROMacedonia	136	47
Turkey	152	NA
UK-England and Wales	225	NA

3.4. Possible alert tools

The data analysis evidenced the possibility to develop a number of possible “alert tools” which could be used to more or less automatically point the attention on critical information which can be extrapolated from the Cepej growing database.

Below, as an example, a possible scheme for monitoring Clearance rate variation in relation to the current Clearance rate, providing four level of alert. The levels are just indicative; the example is based on highest instance courts, total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases data. In this example the levels dependent on a combination of both Clearance rate and Clearance rate variation (i.e. **Finland** CR 90% ,CRV -19,6% red; **Hungary** CR 90% CRV -4,9% orange).

Table 25 - Clearance rate and Clearance rate variation possible alert tool

States with a negative Clearance rate 2006-2008 trend	Highest instance courts, total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases Clearance rate 2008	Clearance rate variation between 2006 and 2008	States with a positive Clearance rate 2006-2008 trend	Highest instance courts, total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases Clearance rate 2008	Clearance rate variation between 2006 and 2008
Croatia	73%	-40,7%	Sweden	96%	4,7%
Romania	80%	-19,9%	Czech Republic	98%	6,3%
Latvia	83%	-8,6%	Armenia	100%	1,0%
Georgia	88%	-23,1%	Slovenia	100%	24,3%
Estonia	89%	-4,9%	Portugal	102%	0,1%
Finland	90%	-19,6%	Belgium	105%	5,5%
Hungary	90%	-4,9%	Switzerland	107%	9,8%
Bulgaria	92%	-11,8%	Italy	112%	27,9%
Slovakia	96%	-9,8%	Norway	122%	22,2%
Moldova	97%	-3,6%	FYROMacedonia	122%	18,7%
Poland	98%	-5,6%	Lithuania	123%	23,2%
France	99%	-15,6%			
Austria	101%	-0,3%			
Bosnia and Herzegovina	118%	-38,0%			
Spain	123%	-18,8%			

Annex 1 - Member State Data

During the elaboration of the data it has emerged the idea that it could be useful to have synthetic State tables. The tables provide a vision of the State main length of proceeding related data and indicators by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008. The tables can be downloaded from the Cepej website. What follows is an anonymized example of the synthetic court proceedings' State tables.

CoE Member State

CoE Member State Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1339889	70.963	11.700	1.353.285	69.977	10.731	331.216	17.177	6.789
2.008	1454606	72.788	10.137	1.457.268	73.488	9.938	669.252	17.086	6.986
	Clearance rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	101%	99%	92%	409%	407%	158%	89	90	231
2.008	100%	101%	98%	218%	430%	142%	168	85	257

CoE Member State Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	327.964		7.507	332.478		6.002	164.694		4.091
2.008	360.945		6.510	368.048		6.066	155.472		5.654
	Clearance rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	101%		80%	202%		147%	181		249
2.008	102%		93%	237%		107%	154		340

CoE Member State Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	100.233	13.545	2.351	101.252	13.584	2.350	24.304	1.574	199
2.008	103.329	15.263		105.367	13.392		20.958	1.444	
	Clearance rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	101%	100%	100%	417%	863%	12	88	42	31
2.008	102%	88%		503%	927%		73	39	

CoE Member State Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	-			-			-		0
2.008	NA		2.718	NA		2.619	NA		304
	Clearance rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008			96%			862%			42

CoE Member State			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	228	55	284
2.006	-	-	602
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	628	138	628
2.006	-	-	284
2.008	NA	NA	1009

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	373	52	409
2.006	362	436	206,5
2.008	344	443	349

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	210	53	285
2.006	289	289	161,5
2.008	227	NA	227

Annex 2 - Text of the questions from the Cepej Evaluation Scheme related to the report

1. 1. 1. Inhabitants and economic information

1. Number of inhabitants

4. 2. 2. Penal, civil and administrative law cases

90. Total number of cases in the first instance courts (litigious and non-litigious): please complete the table. If the data are not available (NA) or not applicable (NAP) please indicate it in the table with the relevant abbreviations.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. '08	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. '08
Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (litigious and non litigious)*				
1 Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*				
2 Civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases*				
3 Enforcement cases				
4 Land registry cases**				
5 Business register cases**				
6 Administrative law cases				
7 Other				
Total criminal cases (8+9)				
8 Criminal cases (severe criminal offences)				
9 Misdemeanour and / or minor offences cases				

* Please indicate (in the comments below) which types of cases are *included* in the total figures of civil, commercial and administrative law cases.

** if applicable

Note 1: the cases mentioned in categories 3 to 5 (enforcement, land registry, business register) should be presented separately in the table. The cases mentioned in category 6 (administrative law cases) should also be separately mentioned for the countries which have specialised administrative courts or units in the courts of general jurisdiction.

For the criminal law cases there may be a problem of classification of cases between severe criminal law cases and misdemeanour cases. Some countries might have other ways of addressing misdemeanour offences (for example via administrative law procedure). Please indicate if possible what case categories are included under "severe criminal cases" and the cases included under "misdemeanour cases and /or minor offences".

Note 2: please check if the figures submitted are consistent (horizontal and vertical). Horizontal consistent data means that: "(pending cases on 1 Jan 08 + incoming cases) – resolved cases" should give the correct number of pending cases on 31 Dec 08. Vertical consistency of data means that the sum of the individual case categories for civil, commercial and administrative cases (categories 1 to 7) should be the figure presented at the second row (total civil, commercial and

administrative law cases) and that the sum of the categories 8 and 9 for criminal cases should reflect the total number of criminal cases in the 10th row of the table.

91. **Comments (including an indication of the cases that are included in the total figures of civil, commercial and administrative law case and types of criminal law cases - definition of misdemeanour cases, minor offences and severe criminal cases):**

92. **Total number of cases in the second instance (appeal) courts (litigious and non-litigious): please complete the table. If the data are not available (NA) or not applicable (NAP) please indicate it in the table with the relevant abbreviations).**

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. '08	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. '08
Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (litigious and non-litigious)*				
1 Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*				
2 Civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases*				
3 Enforcement cases				
4 Land registry cases**				
5 Business register cases**				
6 Administrative law cases				
7 Other				
Total criminal cases (8+9)				
8 Criminal cases (Severe criminal offences)				
9 Misdemeanour and/or minor offences cases				

* Please indicate (in the comments below) which types of cases are *included* in the total figures of civil, commercial and administrative law cases.

** if applicable

Please check the consistency of data as mentioned under question 88.

Comments (including an indication of the cases that are included in the total figures of civil, commercial and administrative law case and types of criminal law cases and possibly the existence of appeal rates for some case categories):

93. **Total number of cases in the highest instance courts (litigious and non-litigious): please complete the table. If the data is not available (NA) or not applicable (NAP) please indicate it in the table with the relevant abbreviations.**

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. '08	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. '08
Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases* (litigious and non-litigious)				
1 Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*				
2 Civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases*				
3 Enforcement cases				

4 Land registry cases**				
5 Business register cases**				
6 Administrative law cases				
7 Other				
Total criminal cases (8+9)				
8 Criminal cases (severe criminal offences)				
9 Misdemeanour cases (minor offences)				

* Please indicate (in the comments below) which types of cases are *included* in the total figures of civil, commercial and administrative law cases.

** if applicable

Please check the consistency of data as mentioned under question 88.

Comments (including an indication of the cases that are included in the total figures of civil, commercial and administrative law case and on possible limitations to the appeal to the highest instance court):

94. Number of litigious divorce cases, employment dismissal cases, robbery cases and intentional homicide cases received and treated by *first* instance courts: please complete the table. If the data are not available (NA) or not applicable (NAP) please indicate it in the table with the relevant abbreviations.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. '08	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Jan. '08
Litigious divorce cases*				
Employment dismissal cases*				
Robbery cases				
Intentional homicide				

95. Average length of proceeding (from the date of lodging of court proceedings) in *days*, number of pending cases more than 3 years and percentage of cases subject to appeal: please complete the table. If the data is not available (NA) or not applicable (NAP) please indicate it in the table with the relevant abbreviations.

	% of decisions subject to appeal	% pending cases more than 3 years	1 st instance (average length)	2d instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
Litigious divorce cases*					
Employment dismissal cases*					
Robbery cases					
Intentional homicide					

Please provide comments to explain the answers to question 92:

Annex 3 - Additional tables

This annex provides for first, second and highest instance courts: 2006 and 2008 incoming, resolved and pending (on 31 Dec.) cases data, Clearance rate, Disposition time and 2006-2008 Clearance rate variation for the following categories of cases: Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7), Civil and commercial litigious cases (1), Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2), Administrative law cases (6), Total criminal cases (8+9), Severe criminal offences (8), Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (9). Comments on first, second and highest instance courts data are also provided.

In addition, this annex provides also 2004, 2006 and 2006 average length of proceedings data for litigious divorce cases and comments on the methods of calculation of the average length of proceedings.

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country	90.2.1. First instance courts Incoming cases - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2006) [q88]	90.2.1. First instance courts Resolved cases - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	90.3.1. First instance courts Incoming cases - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2006) [q88]	90.3.1. First instance courts Resolved cases - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	90.4.1. First instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2006) [q88]	90.4.1. First instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		54.393		50.714		11.174		93,24%			80,4
Andorra	3.321	5.735	3.266	5.242	3.354	4.000	98,34%	91,40%	-6,94%	374,8	278,5
Armenia	39.218	40.942	43.611	33.176	5.788	13.378	111,20%	81,03%	-30,17%	48,4	147,2
Austria	966.929	3.625.816	969.836	3.635.938	205.534	528.771	100,30%	100,28%	-0,02%	77,4	53,1
Azerbaijan		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Belgium	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Bosnia and Herzegovina	763.590	1.043.238	545.157	744.475	1.480.722	1.901.129	71,39%	71,36%	-0,03%	991,4	932,1
Bulgaria	266.907	140.700	267.899	150.786	70.371	61.026	100,37%	107,17%	6,80%	95,9	147,7
Croatia	1.157.377	1.104.436	1.589.727	1.136.502	576.920	471.529	137,36%	102,90%	-34,45%	132,5	151,4
Cyprus		22.639		25.407		29.436		112,23%			422,9
Czech Republic	1.339.889	1.454.606	1.353.285	1.457.268	331.216	669.252	101,00%	100,18%	-0,82%	89,3	167,6
Denmark	NA	3.117.753	NA	3.103.306	NA	133.458		99,54%			15,7
Estonia	33.619	279.192	34.901	259.078	20.564	94.275	103,81%	92,80%	-11,02%	215,1	132,8
Finland	750.936	642.751	741.361	635.813	100.597	100.217	98,72%	98,92%	0,20%	49,5	57,5
France	2.182.342	2.228.746	2.107.976	2.136.181	1.417.978	1.542.191	96,59%	95,85%	-0,75%	245,5	263,5
Georgia	33.908	57.231	29.633	62.430	14.729	6.785	87,39%	109,08%	21,69%	181,4	39,7
Germany	3.617.025		22.250.438		2.687.295		615,16%			44,1	
Greece		156000*		137000*		182.856		87,82%			487,2
Hungary	607.254	1.184.162	601.006	1.165.201	128.939	180.331	98,97%	98,40%	-0,57%	78,3	56,5
Iceland	12.832		11.714		1.478		91,29%			46,1	
Ireland	103.919	NA		NA		NA					
Italy	3.625.035	4.591.018	3.436.728	4.431.317	4.347.177	4.590.715	94,81%	96,52%	1,72%	461,7	378,1
Latvia	57.047	96.783	57.291	83.706	21.442	36.187	100,43%	86,49%	-13,94%	136,6	157,8
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania	221.185	276.855	213.940	272.045	29.544	33.317	96,72%	98,26%	1,54%	50,4	44,7
Luxembourg	NA	4.098	NA	9.923	NA	NA		242,14%			
Malta	3.733	4.067	4.663	4.064	10.660	10.335	124,91%	99,93%	-24,99%	834,4	928,2
Moldova	175.041	66.848	181.927	63.411	11.708	14.064	103,93%	94,86%	-9,08%	23,5	81,0
Monaco	682	1.090	627	1.070	1.261	NA	91,94%	98,17%	6,23%	734,1	
Montenegro		76.298		77.371		33.951		101,41%			160,2
Netherlands	1.197.690	1.270.290	1.188.670	1.263.920		NA	99,25%	99,50%	0,25%		
Norway	40.878	45.765	42.253	43.671	19.570	22.066	103,36%	95,42%	-7,94%	169,1	184,4
Poland	4.171.029	8.419.031	4.047.701	8.374.441	874.992	1.321.712	97,04%	99,47%	2,43%	78,9	57,6
Portugal	575.325	572.657	593.718	544.515	1.357.323	1.380.012	103,20%	95,09%	-8,11%	834,4	925,1
Romania	1.202.168	1.558.687	1.152.328	1.495.976	278.776	405.429	95,85%	95,98%	0,12%	88,3	98,9
Russian Federation	12.575.000	16.036.000	112.569.000	16.135.000	506.000	417.000	895,18%	100,62%	-794,56%	1,6	9,4
San Marino		1.118		1.148		2.025		102,68%			643,8
Serbia		918.108		1.108.702		324.632		120,76%			106,9
Slovakia	248.507	1.014.863	281.862	1.046.081	239.740	392.728	113,42%	103,08%	-10,35%	310,5	137,0
Slovenia	575.494	581.904	594.693	613.598	449.540	410.639	103,34%	105,45%	2,11%	275,9	244,3
Spain	2.024.371	2.607.873	1.833.225	2.105.604	2.012.079	2.604.034	90,56%	80,74%	-9,82%	400,6	451,4
Sweden	64.264	172.206	65.212	182.808	35.773	70.136	101,48%	106,16%	4,68%	200,2	140,0
Switzerland	347.295	156.936	325.448	156.666	173.583	54.970	93,71%	99,83%	6,12%	194,7	128,1
FYROMacedonia	82.950	99.419	85.117	255.091	38.513	284.962	102,61%	256,58%	153,97%	165,2	407,7
Turkey	1.774.747	3.572.324	1.702.445	3.473.868	960.948	1.150.594	95,93%	97,24%	1,32%	206,0	120,9

Ukraine		2.749.654		2.626.449				95,52%		
UK-England and Wales	2.157.361	2.426.357	64.520	NA		NA	2,99%			
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA				
UK-Scotland	240.000	165.500		NA		NA				

Table 27 - First instance courts Civil and commercial litigious cases (1) data

country	90.2.2. First instance courts Incoming cases - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2006) [q88]	90.2.2. First instance courts Incoming cases - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)	90.3.2. First instance courts Resolved cases - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2006) [q88]	90.3.2. First instance courts Resolved cases - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)	90.4.2. First instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2006) [q88]	90.4.2. First instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		19.980		18.418		6.369		92,18%			126,2
Andorra	1.321	3.255	1.177	3.129	1.765	1.175	89,10%	96,13%	7,03%	547,3	137,1
Armenia		31.373		26.991		9.994		86,03%			135,1
Austria	113.774	110.497	110.302	111.245	40.732	39.227	96,95%	100,68%	3,73%	134,8	128,7
Azerbaijan	55.431	70.593	54.612	70.119	6.225	8.157	98,52%	99,33%	0,81%	41,6	42,5
Belgium	317.290	661.149	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Bosnia and Herzegovina	138.598	147.807	136.439	136.664	261.980	292.476	98,44%	92,46%	-5,98%	700,8	781,1
Bulgaria		NA		NA		NA					
Croatia	133.421	140.283	148.134	145.069	217.778	198.067	111,03%	103,41%	-7,62%	536,6	498,3
Cyprus	27.114		16296*		30.008		60,10%			672,1	
Czech Republic	327.964	360.945	332.478	368.048	164.694	155.472	101,38%	101,97%	0,59%	180,8	154,2
Denmark	63.171	59.670	62.427	58.366	28.036	32.873	98,82%	97,81%	-1,01%	163,9	205,6
Estonia	25.943	19.778	28.118	19.630	NA	12.466	108,38%	99,25%	-9,13%		231,8
Finland	9.200	9.703	9.072	9.399	5.368	5.929	98,61%	96,87%	-1,74%	216,0	230,2
France	1.688.367	1.744.350	1.624.484	1.645.161	1.165.592	1.287.706	96,22%	94,31%	-1,90%	261,9	285,7
Georgia	21.877	9.105	20.299	12.513	11.995	4.162	92,79%	137,43%	44,64%	215,7	121,4
Germany	1.104.828		1.588.198		544.751		143,75%			125,2	
Greece											
Hungary	178.338	189.644	179.317	191.002	86.760	88.769	100,55%	100,72%	0,17%	176,6	169,6
Iceland											
Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
Italy	2.825.543	2.842.668	2.653.113	2.693.564	3.687.965	3.932.259	93,90%	94,75%	0,86%	507,4	532,9
Latvia	34.010	50.318	35.972	36.914	15.496	30.718	105,77%	73,36%	-32,41%	157,2	303,7
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania	70.284	185.878	71.219	180.071	8.103	27.172	101,33%	96,88%	-4,45%	41,5	55,1
Luxembourg	NA	3.144	NA	4.378	NA	NA		139,25%			
Malta	3.567	3.950	4.500	3.901	9.859	9.500	126,16%	98,76%	-27,40%	799,7	888,9
Moldova	5.397	61.427	9.987	58.007	1.075	12.649	185,05%	94,43%	-90,61%	39,3	79,6
Monaco	428	723	490	689	NA	1.252	114,49%	95,30%	-19,19%		663,3
Montenegro	15.739	14.680	17.707	16.273	14.384	11.752	112,50%	110,85%	-1,65%	296,5	263,6
Netherlands	950.450	NA	230.000	200.000		NA	24,20%				
Norway	13.335	16.104	13.737	16.928	7.050	6.861	103,01%	105,12%	2,10%	187,3	147,9
Poland	1.019.912	746.926	1.006.947	719.296	395.878	326.809	98,73%	96,30%	-2,43%	143,5	165,8
Portugal	282.590	314.729	316.649	311.797	389.168	367.573	112,05%	99,07%	-12,98%	448,6	430,3
Romania	546.222	706.381	522.112	664.608	141.931	287.768	95,59%	94,09%	-1,50%	99,2	158,0
Russian Federation	7.133.000	10.164.000	7.126.000	10.263.000	480.000	391.000	99,90%	100,97%	1,07%	24,6	13,9
San Marino		837		880		1.601		105,14%			664,1
Serbia	144.356	191.862	158.036	222.818	100.236	1.398.556	109,48%	116,13%	6,66%	231,5	2291,0
Slovakia	122.002	128.924	139.767	140.626	148.276	133.416	114,56%	109,08%	-5,48%	387,2	346,3
Slovenia	34.683	31.221	35.880	33.788	52.210	42.612	103,45%	108,22%	4,77%	531,1	460,3
Spain	1.169.750	1.620.717	1.094.505	1.324.577	781.754	1.074.748	93,57%	81,73%	-11,84%	260,7	296,2
Sweden	32.514	51.348	31.501	50.845	17.765	27.433	96,88%	99,02%	2,14%	205,8	196,9

Switzerland		87.232		88.114		40.636		101,01%			168,3
FYROMacedonia	45.816	47.357	45.458	55.113	33.371	33.843	99,22%	116,38%	17,16%	267,9	224,1
Turkey	1.307.698	1.117.212	1.264.886	1.069.043	724.998	NA	96,73%	95,69%	-1,04%	209,2	
Ukraine		NA		NA		NA					
UK-England and Wales	2.127.928	298.769	46.198	NA		NA	2,17%				
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
UK-Scotland	140.000	NA		NA		NA					

Table 28 - First instance courts Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2) data

country	90.2.3. First instance courts Incoming cases - (2) Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2006) [q88]	90.2.3. First instance courts Incoming cases - (2) Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2008)	90.3.3. First instance courts Resolved cases - (2) Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2006) [q88]	90.3.3. First instance courts Resolved cases - (2) Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2008)	90.4.3. First instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - (2) Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2006) [q88]	90.4.3. First instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - (2) Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		29.259		27.943		2.716		95,50%			35,5
Andorra	451	627	446	628	56	126	98,89%	100,16%	1,27%	45,8	73,2
Armenia											
Austria	853.155	827.066	859.534	822.941	164.802	154.089	100,75%	99,50%	-1,25%	70,0	68,3
Azerbaijan		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Belgium	PA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP					
Bosnia and Herzegovina	56.542	54.039	56.106	56.478	55.377	48.399	99,23%	104,51%	5,28%	360,3	312,8
Bulgaria		NA		NA		NA					
Croatia	210.233	230.297	212.882	230.245	26.556	24.817	101,26%	99,98%	-1,28%	45,5	39,3
Cyprus											
Czech Republic	100.232	107.130	103.012	105.011	31.912	32.220	102,77%	98,02%	-4,75%	113,1	112,0
Denmark	69.537	5.049	67.649	5.174	15.149	3.458	97,28%	102,48%	5,19%	81,7	243,9
Estonia	17.574	73.615	9.820	50.522	NA	62.741	55,88%	68,63%	12,75%		453,3
Finland	188.984	268.554	183.361	255.592	42.858	58.889	97,02%	95,17%	-1,85%	85,3	84,1
France	127.721	101.837	128.722	105.099	12.540	5.840	100,78%	103,20%	2,42%	35,6	20,3
Georgia		7.909		9.056		394		114,50%			15,9
Germany	1.931.275		10.614.058		1.543.969		549,59%			53,1	
Greece											
Hungary	413.159	565.136	405.984	549.952	36.268	72.409	98,26%	97,31%	-0,95%	32,6	48,1
Iceland											
Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
Italy	375.593	1.271.191	345.499	1.229.822	101.627	146.870	91,99%	96,75%	4,76%	107,4	43,6
Latvia	53.941	104.363	55.258	85.902	2.063	681	102,44%	82,31%	-20,13%	13,6	2,9
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania	75.421		74.067		9.636		98,20%			47,5	
Luxembourg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Malta	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP					
Moldova	64.405		128.810		9.057		200,00%			25,7	
Monaco	153	346	136	356	NA	NA	88,89%	102,89%	14,00%		
Montenegro	1.433	11.883	1.382	12.503	447	4.110	96,44%	105,22%	8,78%	118,1	120,0
Netherlands	101.580	NA	943.000	947.570		NA	928,33%				
Norway	11.636	12.019	11.712	10.140	5.488	6.706	100,65%	84,37%	-16,29%	171,0	241,4
Poland	1.622.544	1.961.280	1.522.585	1.923.632	308.564	215.320	93,84%	98,08%	4,24%	74,0	40,9
Portugal		NA	8.533	NA		NA					
Romania	-	547.401	-	538.830	-	21.490		98,43%			14,6
Russian Federation	438.000	458.000	439.000	458.000	26.000	26.000	100,23%	100,00%	-0,23%	21,6	20,7
San Marino		139		142		75		102,16%			192,8

Serbia	303.227	184.649	303.579	193.355	38.473	10.417	100,12%	104,71%	4,60%	46,3	19,7
Slovakia	115.984	124.705	130.491	124.214	81.957	72.165	112,51%	99,61%	-12,90%	229,2	212,1
Slovenia	29.893	32.004	29.481	31.697	18.264	18.143	98,62%	99,04%	0,42%	226,1	208,9
Spain	262.932	219.654	252.735	223.310	92.283	84.365	96,12%	101,66%	5,54%	133,3	137,9
Sweden	31.750	21.098	33.711	20.940	18.008	8.777	106,18%	99,25%	-6,93%	195,0	153,0
Switzerland		5.456		5.447		1.308		99,84%			87,6
FYROMacedonia	18.944	12.329	18.744	12.809	2.693	3.011	98,94%	103,89%	4,95%	52,4	85,8
Turkey	-	503.581	-	499.127	NAP	NA		99,12%			
Ukraine		NA		NA		NA					
UK-England and Wales		2.127.561		NA		NA					
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
UK-Scotland		NA		NA		NA					

Table 29 - First instance courts Administrative law cases (6) data

country	90.2.7. First instance courts Incoming cases - (6) Administrative law cases (2006) [q88]	90.2.7. First instance courts Incoming cases - (6) Administrative law cases (2008)	90.3.7. First instance courts Resolved cases - (6) Administrative law cases (2006) [q88]	90.3.7. First instance courts Resolved cases - (6) Administrative law cases (2008)	90.4.7. First instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - (6) Administrative law cases (2006) [q88]	90.4.7. First instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - (6) Administrative law cases (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		4.327		3.565		1.898		82,39%			194,3
Andorra	171	388	182	305	92	246	106,43%	78,61%	-27,82%	184,5	294,4
Armenia	7.225	9.569	9.198	6.185	1.726	3.384	127,31%	64,64%	-62,67%	68,5	199,7
Austria		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Azerbaijan		NA		NA		NA					
Belgium	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP					
Bosnia and Herzegovina	1.639	8.414	1.111	8.275	1.665	6.229	67,79%	98,35%	30,56%	547,0	274,8
Bulgaria	24.281	23.349	22.195	21.964	15.279	7.429	91,41%	94,07%	2,66%	251,3	123,5
Croatia	14.068	13.298	13.388	14.847	39.899	36.871	95,17%	111,65%	16,48%	1087,8	906,4
Cyprus	2.470	1.965	674	1.532	3.711	3.912	27,29%	77,96%	50,68%	2009,7	932,0
Czech Republic	11.901	11.849	11.631	11.301	8.197	9.280	97,73%	95,38%	-2,36%	257,2	299,7
Denmark	NA		5.465		1.986					132,6	
Estonia	2.552	2.736	2.542	2.757	921	912	99,61%	100,77%	1,16%	132,2	120,7
Finland	35.083	28.369	33.574	32.931	30.145	18.677	95,70%	116,08%	20,38%	327,7	207,0
France	166.785	176.313	164.342	183.811	211.990	199.495	98,54%	104,25%	5,72%	470,8	396,1
Georgia	12.031	8.059	9.334	8.925	2.734	2.007	77,58%	110,75%	33,16%	106,9	82,1
Germany	580.922		591.468		598.575		101,82%			369,4	
Greece				4500*							
Hungary	15.757	14.971	15.705	14.741	5.911	6.387	99,67%	98,46%	-1,21%	137,4	158,1
Iceland											
Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
Italy	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NA					
Latvia	3.104	4.196	2.039	3.050	3.878	4.783	65,69%	72,69%	7,00%	694,2	572,4
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania	26.781	4.703	20.123	6.574	9.335	1.592	75,14%	139,78%	64,64%	169,3	88,4
Luxembourg	1.024	954	949	829	NA	NA	92,68%	86,90%	-5,78%		
Malta	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Moldova	105.239	5.421	210.478	5.404	1.576	1.415	200,00%	99,69%	-100,31%	2,7	95,6
Monaco		NA		NA		NA					
Montenegro	10.046	2.088	10.038	1.987	1.458	1.620	99,92%	95,16%	-4,76%	53,0	297,6
Netherlands	145.660	116.290	143.500	116.350		NA	98,52%	100,05%	1,53%		
Norway		NA		NA		NA					
Poland	63.260	58.129	79.541	59.380	27.688	18.109	125,74%	102,15%	-23,58%	127,1	111,3
Portugal		NA		NA		NA					

Romania	141.879	208.327	134.975	200.124	39.470	69.429	95,13%	96,06%	0,93%	106,7	126,6
Russian Federation	5.005.000	5.415.000	5.005.000	5.415.000	NA	NA	100,00%	100,00%	0,00%		
San Marino		32		41		36		128,13%			320,5
Serbia	5.163	10.938	4.700	5.207	1.513	15.246	91,03%	47,60%	-43,43%	117,5	1068,7
Slovakia	10.521	10.883	11.604	10.485	9.507	9.082	110,29%	96,34%	-13,95%	299,0	316,2
Slovenia	4.678	4.299	4.481	4.931	5.407	4.285	95,79%	114,70%	18,91%	440,4	317,2
Spain	155.403	179.794	113.937	160.400	129.171	164.594	73,32%	89,21%	15,90%	413,8	374,5
Sweden	103.784	96.759	104.647	107.939	45.094	31.200	100,83%	111,55%	10,72%	157,3	105,5
Switzerland		15.361		15.339		4.584		99,86%			109,1
FYROMacedonia		5.204		3.555		7.424		68,31%			762,2
Turkey	255.464	330.738	246.180	337.528	140.370	144.723	96,37%	102,05%	5,69%	208,1	156,5
Ukraine	110.929	568.996	77.325	406.955	18.915	NA	69,71%	71,52%	1,81%	89,3	
UK-England and Wales		NAP		NAP		NAP					
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
UK-Scotland	100.000	NA		NA		NA					

Table 30 - First instance courts Total criminal cases (8+9) data

country	90.2.9. First instance courts Incoming cases - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2006) [q88]	90.2.9. First instance courts Incoming cases - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2008)	90.3.9. First instance courts Resolved cases - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2006) [q88]	90.3.9. First instance courts Resolved cases - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2008)	90.4.9. First instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2006) [q88]	90.4.9. First instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		7.365		7.349		2.082		99,78%			103,4
Andorra		4.590		4.781		771		104,16%			58,9
Armenia	3.421	2.994	3.396	2.575	544	589	99,27%	86,01%	-13,26%	58,5	83,5
Austria	86.144	59.812	87.857	65.538	26.838	20.405	101,99%	109,57%	7,58%	111,5	113,6
Azerbaijan	13.649	14.910	11.715	14.930	1.656	1.494	85,83%	100,13%	14,30%	51,6	36,5
Belgium	NA	NA	304.020	318.017	NA	NA					
Bosnia and Herzegovina	154.320	242.057	158.351	321.898	412.177	195.623	102,61%	132,98%	30,37%	950,1	221,8
Bulgaria	116.857	26.295	120.119	29.192	22.385	11.942	102,79%	111,02%	8,23%	68,0	149,3
Croatia	507.089	365.311	530.550	400.684	308.817	262.632	104,63%	109,68%	5,06%	212,5	239,2
Cyprus	101.002	93.170	55.447	93.202	46.643	52.758	54,90%	100,03%	45,14%	307,0	206,6
Czech Republic	100.233	103.329	101.252	105.367	24.304	20.958	101,02%	101,97%	0,96%	87,6	72,6
Denmark	115.791	106.720	113.206	102.784	23.290	35.086	97,77%	96,31%	-1,46%	75,1	124,6
Estonia	16.538	33.550	13.940	32.080	4.070	4.582	84,29%	95,62%	11,33%	106,6	52,1
Finland	62.796	65.244	63.573	63.575	15.993	16.258	101,24%	97,44%	-3,80%	91,8	93,3
France	1.059.822	1.124.074	1.046.033	1.079.175		NA	98,70%	96,01%	-2,69%		
Georgia	15.849	15.184	14.882	17.978	6.677	3.921	93,90%	118,40%	24,50%	163,8	79,6
Germany	1.236.815		1.254.114		375.325		101,40%			109,2	
Greece				420.059							
Hungary	315.743	262.113	318.917	261.831	71.448	72.343	101,01%	99,89%	-1,11%	81,8	100,8
Iceland	2.808		2.378		606		84,69%			93,0	
Ireland	332.442	NA		NA		NA					
Italy	1.309.534	1.504.521	1.228.039	1.427.847	1.289.127	1.308.335	93,78%	94,90%	1,13%	383,2	334,4
Latvia	9.706	38.085	33.796	36.779	3.236	5.669	348,20%	96,57%	-251,63%	34,9	56,3
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania	17.245	16.472	17.225	16.082	3.279	4.036	99,88%	97,63%	-2,25%	69,5	91,6
Luxembourg	NA	49.441	12.011	13.397	NA	NA		27,10%			
Malta	453	15.373	11.094	15.763	11.425	12.438	2449,01%	102,54%		375,9	288,0
Moldova	13.517	9.912	27.034	9.808	2.470	1.877	200,00%	98,95%	-101,05%	33,3	69,9
Monaco	NA	891	554	934	NA	NA		104,83%			
Montenegro		26.025		33.521		21.070		128,80%			229,4
Netherlands		499.847	434.950	501.910		NA		100,41%			

Norway	16.943	15.673	17.699	15.854	3.700	3.287	104,46%	101,15%	-3,31%	76,3	75,7
Poland	2.143.110	961.869	2.099.058	958.407	384.369	243.952	97,94%	99,64%	1,70%	66,8	92,9
Portugal	175.856	144.852	169.813	211.892	207.744	123.428	96,56%	146,28%	49,72%	446,5	212,6
Romania	243.670	171.119	262.541	170.413	43.081	33.668	107,74%	99,59%	-8,16%	59,9	72,1
Russian Federation	1.225.000	1.124.000	1.225.000	1.166.000	171.000	114.000	100,00%	103,74%	3,74%	51,0	35,7
San Marino											
Serbia		60.447		66.348		56.393		109,76%			310,2
Slovakia	31.754	37.593	34.281	37.927	24.410	20.283	107,96%	100,89%	-7,07%	259,9	195,2
Slovenia	154.933	97.885	139.817	117.216	122.979	85.625	90,24%	119,75%	29,51%	321,0	266,6
Spain	1.127.216	1.266.284	1.272.309	1.227.834	414.783	483.125	112,87%	96,96%	-15,91%	119,0	143,6
Sweden	71.426	83.037	72.604	82.504	28.569	30.697	101,65%	99,36%	-2,29%	143,6	135,8
Switzerland	189.014	79.166	195.370	78.339	30.483	11.941	103,36%	98,96%	-4,41%	56,9	55,6
FYROMacedonia	246.101	141.039	299.751	226.091	169.089	100.228	121,80%	160,30%	38,50%	205,9	161,8
Turkey	1.659.143	1.716.821	1.571.930	1.848.906	1.137.839	1.211.733	94,74%	107,69%	12,95%	264,2	239,2
Ukraine		522.332		576.850		34.100		110,44%			21,6
UK-England and Wales	1.054.882	NA		2.160.172	164.595						
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
UK-Scotland		112.804		133.076		NA		117,97%			

Table 31 - First instance courts Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (8) data

country	90.2.10. First instance courts Incoming cases - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2006) [q88]	90.2.10. First instance courts Incoming cases - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2008)	90.3.10. First instance courts Resolved cases - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2006) [q88]	90.3.10. First instance courts Resolved cases - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2008)	90.4.10. First instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2006) [q88]	90.4.10. First instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		83		76		69		91,57%			331,4
Andorra	188	257	228	301	200	208	121,28%	117,12%	-4,16%	320,2	252,2
Armenia		1.321		1.055		266		79,86%			92,0
Austria	26.989	24.782	26.969	24.630	6.124	6.429	99,93%	99,39%	-0,54%	82,9	95,3
Azerbaijan	1.394	1.752		NA		NA					
Belgium	42.330	44.015	47.436	46.072	NA	9.719	112,06%	104,67%	-7,39%		77,0
Bosnia and Herzegovina	93.798	83.962	93.631	82.475	24.941	26.303	99,82%	98,23%	-1,59%	97,2	116,4
Bulgaria		NA		NA		NA					
Croatia	88.092	41.012	89.296	43.438	45.489	35.586	101,37%	105,92%	4,55%	185,9	299,0
Cyprus											
Czech Republic	-	NA	-	NA	-	NA					
Denmark	15.506	14.525	15.068	13.231	3.980	5.964	97,18%	91,09%	-6,08%	96,4	164,5
Estonia	10.687	19.984	9.353	19.768	2.418	983	87,52%	98,92%	11,40%	94,4	18,2
Finland		NAP		NAP		NAP					
France	609.564	610.674	655.737	618.122	NA	NA	107,57%	101,22%	-6,36%		
Georgia		1.986		2.300		664		115,81%			105,4
Germany	854.099		864.231		287.223		101,19%			121,3	
Greece				6979***							
Hungary	135.449	137.541	136.524	136.333	54.812	55.462	100,79%	99,12%	-1,67%	146,5	148,5
Iceland											
Ireland	2.667	NA		NA		NA					
Italy	1.230.085	1.280.282	1.168.044	1.204.982	1.204.151	1.205.576	94,96%	94,12%	-0,84%	376,3	365,2
Latvia	9.706	12.394	10.065	11.278	3.235	4.827	103,70%	91,00%	-12,70%	117,3	156,2
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania	15.207		15.257		2.829		100,33%			67,7	

Luxembourg	NA	NA	6.567	4.251	NA	NA					
Malta	24	25	22	23	38	67	91,67%	92,00%	0,33%	630,5	1063,3
Moldova	7.856		15.712		1.620		200,00%			37,6	
Monaco	NA	40	318	43	NA	1		107,50%			8,5
Montenegro	7.304	8.501	7.176	10.752	8.554	6.097	98,25%	126,48%	28,23%	435,1	207,0
Netherlands		220.634	156.160	219.393		NA		99,44%			
Norway		NA		NA		NA					
Poland	560.539	496.855	542.346	499.014	189.277	167.100	96,75%	100,43%	3,68%	127,4	122,2
Portugal	115.934	116.178	110.977	130.962	146.466	109.387	95,72%	112,73%	17,00%	481,7	304,9
Romania		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Russian Federation	437.000	347.000	437.000	360.000	61.000	35.000	100,00%	103,75%	3,75%	50,9	35,5
San Marino		524		651		469		124,24%			263,0
Serbia	60.951	6.049	59.881	6.360	47.684	5.024	98,24%	105,14%	6,90%	290,7	288,3
Slovakia		NA		NA		NA					
Slovenia	19.145	19.386	20.035	20.505	23.260	21.903	104,65%	105,77%	1,12%	423,8	389,9
Spain	240.345	345.707	388.317	310.280	205.898	259.358	161,57%	89,75%	-71,81%	193,5	305,1
Sweden		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Switzerland		17.966		16.819		9.263		93,62%			201,0
FYROMacedonia	15.116	14.885	15.165	17.213	9.785	10.718	100,32%	115,64%	15,32%	235,5	227,3
Turkey	692.987	796.920	725.418	758.610	697.686	720.127	104,68%	95,19%	-9,49%	351,0	346,5
Ukraine		NAP		NAP		NAP					
UK-England and Wales	392.288	131.696		129.072	70.610	41.582		98,01%			117,6
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
UK-Scotland		6.130		46.785		NA		763,21%			

Table 32 - First instance courts Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (9)

country	90.2.11. First instance courts Incoming cases - (9) Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (2006) [q88]	90.2.11. First instance courts Incoming cases - (9) Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (2008)	90.3.11. First instance courts Resolved cases - (9) Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (2006) [q88]	90.3.11. First instance courts Resolved cases - (9) Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (2008)	90.4.11. First instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - (9) Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (2006) [q88]	90.4.11. First instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - (9) Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		7.282		7.273		2.013		99,88%			101,0
Andorra	544	4.333	456	4.480	246	563	83,82%	103,39%	19,57%	196,9	45,9
Armenia		1.673		1.520		323		90,85%			77,6
Austria	59.155	35.030	60.888	40.908	20.714	13.976	102,93%	116,78%	13,85%	124,2	124,7
Azerbaijan	13.721	13.158		NA		NA					
Belgium	NA	NA	256.584	271.945		NA					
Bosnia and Herzegovina	60.522	158.095	64.720	239.423	387.236	169.320	106,94%	151,44%	44,51%	2183,9	258,1
Bulgaria		NA		NA		NA					
Croatia	418.997	324.299	441.254	357.246	263.328	227.046	105,31%	110,16%	4,85%	217,8	232,0
Cyprus											
Czech Republic	-	NA	-	NA	-	NA					
Denmark	100.285	92.195	98.138	89.553	19.310	29.122	97,86%	97,13%	-0,72%	71,8	118,7
Estonia	5.851	13.566	4.587	12.312	1.652	3.599	78,40%	90,76%	12,36%	131,5	106,7
Finland		NAP		NAP		NAP					
France	450.258	513.400	390.296	461.053	NA	NA	86,68%	89,80%	3,12%		
Georgia		13.198		15.678		3.257		118,79%			75,8
Germany	382.716		389.883		88.102		101,87%			82,5	
Greece				413080***							
Hungary	180.294	124.572	182.393	125.498	16.636	16.881	101,16%	100,74%	-0,42%	33,3	49,1
Iceland											
Ireland	329.775	NA		NA		NA					

Italy	79.449	224.239	59.995	222.865	84.976	102.759	75,51%	99,39%	23,87%	517,0	168,3
Latvia	NA	25.689	23.731	25.501	NA	840		99,27%			12,0
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania	2.038		1.968		450		96,57%			83,5	
Luxembourg	NA	NA	5.444	9.146	NA	NA					
Malta	13.024	15.348	11.072	15.740	11.387	12.371	85,01%	102,55%	17,54%	375,4	286,9
Moldova	5.661		11.322		850		200,00%			27,4	
Monaco	NA	851	236	891	NA	NA		104,70%			
Montenegro		17.524		22.769		14.973		129,93%			240,0
Netherlands	279.440	279.213	278.790	282.517	45.660	NA	99,77%	101,18%	1,42%	59,8	
Norway		NA		NA		NA					
Poland	1.582.561	465.014	1.556.712	459.393	195.092	76.852	98,37%	98,79%	0,42%	45,7	61,1
Portugal	59.922	28.674	58.836	80.930	61.278	14.041	98,19%	282,24%	184,05%	380,1	63,3
Romania		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Russian Federation	788.000	776.000	788.000	805.000	110.000	78.000	100,00%	103,74%	3,74%	51,0	35,4
San Marino		NAP		49		NAP					
Serbia	6.535	54.398	7.291	59.988	4.216	51.369	111,57%	110,28%	-1,29%	211,1	312,6
Slovakia		NA		NA		NA					
Slovenia	135.788	78.499	119.782	96.711	99.719	63.722	88,21%	123,20%	34,99%	303,9	240,5
Spain	886.871	920.577	883.992	917.554	208.885	223.767	99,68%	99,67%	0,00%	86,2	89,0
Sweden		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Switzerland		61.200		61.520		2.678		100,52%			15,9
FYROMacedonia	230.985	126.154	284.586	208.878	186.304	89.510	123,21%	165,57%	42,37%	238,9	156,4
Turkey	966.156	919.901	846.512	1.090.296	440.153	491.606	87,62%	118,52%	30,91%	189,8	164,6
Ukraine		NAP		NAP		NAP					
UK-England and Wales	662.624	NA		2.031.100	93.985	NA					
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
UK-Scotland		106.674		86.291		NA		80,89%			

Table 33 - Comments to first instance court cases data

country	91 Comments to q90 [q88] (including an indication of the cases that are included in the total figures of civil, commercial and administrative law case and types of criminal law cases - definition of misdemeanour cases, minor offences and severe criminal cases) (2006) [q89]	91 Comments to q90 (including an indication of the cases that are included in the total figures of civil, commercial and administrative law case and types of criminal law cases - definition of misdemeanour cases, minor offences and severe criminal cases) (2008)
Albania		Civil cases (=Contract law cases, property law cases,, unjust enrichment law case, tort law cases, insurance law cases, intellectual property law cases, company law cases, heritage law cases); Administrative cases (= appeals against an administrative act to the court); Minor offences cases(= cases with pecuniary penalties or prison up to max 2 years, all other cases are severe criminal cases).
Andorra	Le code pénal andorran fait une distinction fondamentale entre les délits majeurs, les délits mineurs et contraventions pénales (petites infractions). Nous avons inclu dans le concept "affaires graves" les délits majeurs auxquels le code pénal andorran prévoit une peine allant jusqu'à 25 ans de prison et dans le concept "petites infractions" les délits mineurs auxquels le code pénal andorran prévoit jusqu'à 2 ans de prisons et les contraventions pénales (petites infractions).	En matière pénale nous avons inclu dans la case 8 'Affaires pénales infractions graves' les affaires qui sont traitées par le Tribunal de Batlles pour les délits dits mineurs et du Tribunal de Corts pour les délits majeurs.
Armenia		Crimes are established in the criminal code of the RA. There isn't any other legal act including crimes except for the criminal code. The classification of crimes is established in the Article 19 of the Criminal Code of the RA, for which degree of penalty is taken as a standard that can be established in the sanction. As for the administrative misconducts, then they are established in the Code of RA on Administrative violations. They differ from the crimes due to the objective and subjective features. Especially with the subject and object and also with the nature of violation especially by the given damage and other consequences.
Austria	Line 1: Out from the 110.302 decisions on the merits 41.195 of them had written verdicts. Line 2 includes semi-automated pay-orders: 570.457 incoming and 571.445 decided on the merits. Line 5: Only incoming cases counted, other values in that line set to keep the logic. Line 8: Out from the 26.969 decisions on the merits 21.512 of them had written verdicts. Line 9: Out from the 60.888 decisions on the merits 27.780 of them had written verdicts. A89 - minor offences include cases with pecuniary penalties or prison up to max. 1 year and are dealt by the "District Courts", Severe criminal cases include all other criminal cases, dealt by the "Regional Courts" or Courts of Assize or Juror's Courts both allocated at the "Regional Courts".	Line 1: Out from the 111.245 decisions on the merits 40.402 of them had written verdicts. Line 2 includes semi-automated pay-orders: 516.561 incoming and 522.953 decided on the merits. Line 5: Only incoming cases counted; other values in that line set to keep the vertical consistency. Line 8: Out from the 24.630 decisions on the merits 20.496 of them had written verdicts. Line 9: Out from the 40.908 decisions on the merits 23.192 of them had written verdicts.
Azerbaijan	According to the article 15 of the Criminal Code of the Republic of Azerbaijan criminal offences are divided into: criminal offences which are not of high social danger, less grave criminal offences, grave criminal offences and very grave criminal offences.	According to the article 15 of the Criminal Code of the Republic of Azerbaijan criminal offences are divided into: criminal offences which are not of high social danger, less grave criminal offences, grave criminal offences and very grave criminal offences.
Belgium	La catégorie 1 regroupe aussi les affaires jugées par les tribunaux de travail, mais ne concerne pas les affaires civiles de la jeunesse. Cette catégorie ne concerne pas des affaires jugées en deuxième instance par des tribunaux de première instance (intervenant comme juridictions d'appel pour des affaires civiles jugées en première instance par des justices des paix et des tribunaux de police). Ne pouvant pas distinguer les affaires des catégories 1 et 2, elles se trouvent toutes regroupées dans la catégorie 1. Catégories 3, 4 et 6 : données non disponibles. Catégorie 5 : pas d'application. Catégorie 8 : concerne les affaires en 1ère instance jugées par les tribunaux correctionnels (tribunaux de première instance) Catégorie 9 : concerne les affaires jugées par les tribunaux de police. Concernant 2ième instance: - La catégorie 1 regroupe aussi les affaires civiles de la jeunesse traitées par les Cours d'appel et les affaires traitées par les Cours du travail. Cette catégorie concerne aussi des affaires jugées en deuxième instance par des tribunaux de première instance (intervenant comme juridictions d'appel pour des affaires civiles jugées en première instance par des justices des paix et des tribunaux de police). Ne pouvant pas distinguer les affaires des catégories 1 et 2, elles se trouvent toutes regroupées dans la catégorie 1.- La catégorie 9 concerne des affaires jugées en deuxième instance par des tribunaux correctionnels de première instance (intervenant comme juridictions d'appel pour des affaires pénales jugées en première instance par des tribunaux de police)	*chiffre calculé, non issue des statistiques officielles La catégorie 1 regroupe les affaires à juger par les tribunaux de première instance, les tribunaux de commerce (incl. des créances contestées), les tribunaux de travail, les justices de paix et les affaires civiles des tribunaux de police, mais ne concerne pas les affaires civiles de la jeunesse. Cette catégorie ne concerne pas des affaires à juger en deuxième instance par des tribunaux de première instance (intervenant comme juridictions d'appel pour des affaires civiles jugées en première instance par des justices des paix et des tribunaux de police). Ne pouvant pas distinguer les affaires des catégories 1 et 2, elles se trouvent toutes regroupées dans la catégorie 1. Catégories 3, 4 et 6 : données non disponibles. Catégorie 5 : pas d'application. Catégorie 8 : concerne les affaires en 1ère instance jugées par les tribunaux correctionnels (tribunaux de première instance). Ne concerne pas les affaires protectionnels de la jeunesse et les affaires traitées par les Chambres de conseil. Les affaires clôturées sont des affaires ou la procédure pénale a été achevée à l'égard d'au moins 1 prévenu. Catégorie 9 : concerne les affaires jugées par les tribunaux de police (excl. des affaires civiles).
Bosnia and Herzegovina	In Bosnia and Herzegovina there is no separation or classification of criminal cases into categories of severe and not severe. A criminal case is an unlawful act that is prescribed as a criminal offence by law, the characteristics of which are specified by law and for which a criminal sanction is prescribed by law. On the other hand, a minor offence is a violation of the public order or economic and financial regulations as provided in laws. In addition to this, a procedure for determining criminal liability is different from that of determining liability in minor offence cases.	Civil cases encompass all civil disputes, apart from commercial cases, involving: contracts, real estates, domestic (family) relations, accidents, negligence, unpaid debt, small claims etc. Additionally, the first instance courts decide on non-contentious court matters (e.g. inheritance proceedings, non-contentious proceedings for settling relationships between co-owners including dissolution of co-ownership, settlement of boundary lines, voluntary sales, establishing that a person does not have legal competence etc.). Finally, the first instance courts conduct enforcement proceedings. Commercial cases include: disputes related to the rights and obligations arising from legal transactions involving goods, services, securities, ownership or other property rights in real estate, or the rights and obligations arising from securities, in which both parties in the proceedings are either a legal entity or a physical person who, in

		<p>the capacity of an independent entrepreneur or in another capacity, performs business or other registered activity as his main or additional profession; disputes related to copyrights, related rights and other rights relating to intellectual property; disputes arising from acts alleged to constitute unfair competition or monopolistic agreements; bankruptcy and liquidation proceedings, as prescribed by law, and all disputes arising during and related to bankruptcy and liquidation proceedings. Criminal cases include: first instance jurisdiction over: - adjudicating criminal offences for which the law prescribes as main punishment a fine or sentence of imprisonment up to 10 years, unless the jurisdiction of another court is prescribed by a separate law;- adjudicating criminal offences for which the jurisdiction of the first instance court is prescribed by a separate law;- adjudicating all criminal proceedings against juveniles; conducting proceedings during the investigation and after the bringing of the indictment in accordance with law; adopting decisions on extraordinary legal remedies when provided by law; and deciding on proceedings upon requests for pardon in accordance with law. A criminal offense is an act which is illicit, which is proclaimed by law as a criminal offense, the characteristics of which are described by law, and for which a criminal sanction is prescribed by law. Some of the punishments that may be pronounced against perpetrators of criminal offenses are: imprisonment, long term imprisonment, fine, suspended sentences, security measures etc. Minor offences are violations of public order or of regulations on economic and financial operations defined as such by laws or other regulations, whose characteristics are described and for which sanctions are prescribed. Minor offence sanctions are: fines, suspended sentences, reprimands, and protective measures. Comments on the data presented in the above table: Majority of enforcement cases are uncontested claims for unpaid utility bills (i.e. heating, water, state television subscription etc.). There were 1.464.464 of these cases or 98% of total number of unresolved enforcement cases on 31 December 2008. On 31 December 2008 there were 100.819 cases of enforcement of minor offence sanctions (mostly fines) or 60% of the total "misdemeanour and / or minor offences cases" category.</p>
Bulgaria	<p>Besides the special rules described under the preceding question the Criminal Procedure Code make no difference of the cases in terms of the degree of social danger of the crime – there are no "severe criminal cases" and "misdemeanour cases". There are various methods for initiating prosecution on case of publicly actionable criminal offence which are initiated by the prosecutor as State accuser, cases of privately actionable offences which are instituted on the basis of a complaint lodged by the aggrieved party and cases of privately-publicly actionable offences in which criminal proceeding start only in case where there is a complaint lodged by the aggrieved party before the prosecutor and where the proceedings have been already instituted the aggrieved party cannot make a request for the termination thereof. The definition of "severe crime" is made in Art. 93, p. 7 of the Criminal Code – "Severe crime" is any crime for which the law provides punishment by deprivation of liberty for more than five years, life imprisonment or life imprisonment without substitution." According to Art. 93, p. 9 of the Criminal Code "minor case" is "that in which the crime perpetrated, in view of the lack of or insignificance of the harmful consequences, or in view of other attenuating circumstances, constitutes a lower degree of social danger, as compared with ordinary crime cases of the respective kind."</p>	<p>Total number of civil and commercial cases is a sum of the civil cases of all Regional courts and the 1-st instance civil and commercial cases of the District courts (from the annual activity report). The data on the administrative cases is taken from the activity report of the Administrative courts in Bulgaria. The same refers to the criminal cases, the criminal cases of the Regional and the 1-st instance criminal cases of the District and Military courts.</p>
Croatia	<p>As regards enforcement cases: we would like to point out that the reason why the number of cases in which on 31 December 2006 the proceedings were still pending was so much smaller than the number of new cases and the number of cases in which proceedings were pending on 1 January 2006 is the fact that at the end of 2006 the Project for the Reduction of the Backlog of Enforcement Cases was launched. It was also implemented in 2006. Within this Project, various measures were undertaken with a view to reducing the number of unresolved cases and achieving increased efficiency of enforcement proceedings. Accordingly, monthly statistical monitoring of the work of the courts was introduced for this type of case, unified templates were drawn up for procedure by the courts, judges and court clerks underwent training, overtime work by clerks was introduced, a certain number of clerks were employed on a temporary basis, the courts received additional IT equipment, and the Ministry of Justice conducted inspections of the organization of the work on enforcement cases. All these measures resulted in a significant reduction in the number of enforcement cases. As regards the land registry cases: the large number of land registry cases resolved in 2006 was the result of the successful implementation of the Project to Re-organize the Land Registry and Cadastre, as part of which a large number of clerks were employed on a temporary basis, judges and court clerks working on this type of case underwent professional and IT training, land registry data was transcribed into digital form, the organization of the work in land registry departments was improved and continuous supervision of the work of land registry departments was conducted by the Ministry of Justice. As regards the cases from the court register: Ministry of Justice does not collect or record information on cases from the court register of the commercial courts, and question 75.5 remained unanswered for this reason. All the data provided relate to the situation on 31 December 2006. Source: Ministry of justice, Directorate for Human Resources</p>	<p>In the category of civil and commercial litigious cases, there are included the litigious cases at the municipal and commercial courts / commercial disputes / and cases of payment orders initiated by these courts. In the category of civil and commercial non-litigious cases there are included non-litigious cases at the municipal and commercial courts (commercial register are excluded as those are not recorded at the Ministry of Justice) as well as the cases related to inheritance. The administrative cases include the cases of the administrative court as a consequence of administrative suits, cases of request for protection of the constitutionally guaranteed rights and freedoms of men and citizens / quasi administrative proceedings / and cases related to the request of renewal of administrative proceedings. The criminal cases include criminal first-instance cases at the municipal and county courts as well as the cases of court panels at these courts.</p>

	and Organisation in the Judiciary.	
Cyprus	* It includes uncontested claims and summary judgments	we cannot provide any statistical data on the subcategories
Czech Republic	Other - e. g. probate cases and payment orders.	
Denmark	Because of different divisions in the civil cases it is not possible to indicate a figure for the total of civil cases. The business register cases belong under the Danish Commerce and Companies Agency. In the Danish judicial system there is no division between severe criminal offences and minor offences.	<p>Pending cases horizontal will not match as a sum of civil cases due to the fact that pending cases are not registered for land registration plus 7. others above.</p> <p>Re 1: Sum of cases from District Courts: All civil cases from District Courts minus cases covered under 2 and 1st instance cases from the 2 High Courts.</p> <p>Re 2: All cases are from District Courts.</p> <p>Re 3: Enforcement cases include forced sales.</p> <p>Re 4: Land Registration</p> <p>Re 8: Severe criminal cases includes jurorcases (so-called "nævningesager") and other criminal cases with lay judges (so-called "domsmandssager).</p> <p>Re 9: Minor offences cases includes confessional cases (so-called "tilståelsessager") and other criminal cases which is decided without the participation of jurors or lay judges ("so-called bødessager").</p>
Estonia	Severe criminal offences - From the beginning of 2006 a new court it-system was implemented which allows to reflect all criminal cases. The system used till December 31st 2006 did not allow that, therefore is the sum of criminal cases smaller. Data does not include summed up, segregated or forwarded (to another court) cases Minor criminal offences (Misdemeanour cases) - Statistical data shows the exact sum on minor criminal offence cases. When one person has multiple minor criminal offence cases and these are added together, the sum of incoming cases does not alter.	<p>The number for resolved cases does not represent the same number as in official statistics of Estonia - we do not have the formula (pending+incoming-resolved=pending), because there are also cases which have been joined, separated or forwarded to the appropriate court (in case of incorrect jurisdiction). Land registry cases and business register cases involve both - cases solved in the registry departments as a everyday action (company registration, selling of immovable) and cases solved by the court (the judge) if there is a dispute over rights and obligations. If these numbers are needed separately: Land registry cases (solved by departments/by courts): pending 01.01.08 (4670/622); incoming (115020/540); resolved (116426/656); pending 31.12.08 (3264/506). Business registry cases (solved by departments/by courts): pending 01.01.08 (15596/227); incoming (66446/574); resolved (68126/593); pending 31.12.08 (13916/208). These numbers show, that the registration is very active, but there are only some disputes, which need solving by the judge. The numbers for civil cases also represent cases solved by assistant judges (independent court clerks or Rechtspfleger). The number for criminal and misdemeanour cases show all the cases solved under the Code of Criminal Procedure and Code of Misdemeanour Procedure. This means that the case number does not only show the cases where a punishment is judged. This number also shows other procedures solved under these codes, for example: appealing against decisions of bodies conducting extra-judicial proceedings, substitution of fine by detention, premature release of convicted, preliminary investigation, international co-operation, legal aid and so on. Criminal cases are offences for which the principal punishment in the case of natural persons is a pecuniary punishment or imprisonment and in the case of legal persons, a pecuniary punishment or compulsory dissolution. Misdemeanour cases are offences for which the principal punishment is a fine or detention.</p>
Finland		<p>2 Civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases: The number includes summary proceedings (uncontested payment orders), divorce cases and petitions</p> <p>3 Enforcement cases: The enforcement belongs to the competence of the enforcement authorities, not to the competence of courts. Cases mentioned here are appeals in execution proceedings in accordance with the Execution Act</p> <p>4 Land registry cases: Legal confirmations of possession of real estate and mortgages are included in the number</p> <p>6 Administrative law cases: On appeal, the administrative court reviews the legality of the decision of the authority. The number mentioned in category 6 includes cases dealt with by Administrative Courts, Market Court and Insurance Court.</p> <p>7 Other: The number includes land right law cases, temporary procedural remedy cases, adjustment of the debts of a private individual - cases, restructuring of enterprises cases and bankruptcy cases</p> <p>Total criminal cases (8+9): The classification of cases between severe criminal law cases and misdemeanour cases is not in statistical use in Finland. In addition to criminal cases mentioned above there are cases as follows:</p> <p>No. of pending cases on 1 Jan. '08</p> <p>No. of incoming cases</p> <p>No. of decisions on the merits</p> <p>No. pending cases on 31 Dec. '08</p> <p>Other criminal cases (e.g. driving ban, protection order, prohibition of engaging in business)</p> <p>456</p> <p>4453</p> <p>4420</p>

		489 Coercive means cases 2063 8355 6761 3657 Conversion imprisonment for non-payment of fines cases - 15413 15413 -
France	Infractions graves = crimes et délits (cours d'assises, tribunaux correctionnels, tribunaux et juges pour enfants) – source : Cadres des parquets, tableaux de bord des tribunaux pour enfants - SDESD Infractions légères = contraventions des quatre premières classes et cinquième classe tribunaux de police et juridictions de proximité - (hors amendes forfaitaires) source : Cadres des parquets, - SDESD En matière pénale : affaires nouvelles = orientation du parquet, Décisions au fond = jugements portant condamnations ou relaxes et acquittements Stock affaires pénales : tribunaux correctionnels uniquement Colonne 3 contient le nombre total d'affaires terminées et pas seulement le nombre de décisions au fond	Infractions graves = crimes et délits (cours d'assises, tribunaux correctionnels, tribunaux et juges pour enfants) Infractions légères = contraventions des quatre premières classes et cinquième classe (tribunaux de police et juridictions de proximité - hors amendes forfaitaires) En matière pénale : affaires nouvelles = orientation du parquet (source : Cadres des parquets), Décisions au fond = jugements portant condamnation ou relaxe et acquittement (source : Cadres des parquets, tableaux de bord des tribunaux pour enfants)
Georgia	According to Article 12 of Georgian Criminal Code according to maximum terms of imprisonment provided by article or paragraph of article of this Code a crime may belong to each of the following three categories: a. Minor crime, b. Serious crime, c. Grave crime. Minor crime is a deliberate or unintentional crime for which the maximum punishment provided by this Code is 5 years of imprisonment. Serious crime is a deliberate crime for which maximum punishment provided by this code is 10 years of imprisonment, or unintentional crime for which the maximum punishment provided by this Code is 5 years of imprisonment. Grave crime is a deliberate crime for which maximum punishment provided by this code is 10 years of imprisonment or life imprisonment.	Civil and commercial Cases include disputes among natural and/or legal persons over contractual obligations, torts, matrimonial and heritage cases, real estate and labour disputes etc. Administrative cases include disputes about legality of administrative acts issued by administrative bodies including customs and tax disputes. In other category we included administrative violations i.e. cases which are not that severe offences that may cause criminal prosecution. For example, parking of a car in a wrong place, turning to the street with car where it was not allowed by traffic marks etc.
Germany	"Severe criminal offences" (# 8) mean cases on the basis of the Criminal Code and other criminal by-laws. "Minor offences" (# 9) are understood to be cases prosecuted by the administrative authorities as breaches of administrative rules (misdemeanours) (Ordnungswidrigkeiten)..	
Greece		* PROVISIONAL DATA –SOURCE : NATIONAL STATISTICAL SERVICE OF GREECE (NSSG)** DATA REFER TO CASES OF ADMINISTRATIVE NATURE AND DERIVE FROM THE FIRST INSTANCE COURTS (ADMINISTRATIVE SOURCE) AND NOT FROM THE ADMINISTRATIVE COURTS, AS THERE IS NO SUCH SPECIAL SURVEY BEING CONDUCTED SO FAR BY THE NSSG. (SOURCE: NATIONAL STATISTICAL SERVICE OF GREECE)*** SOURCE OF THE DATA IS THE HELLENIC POLICE
Hungary	The severe criminal cases are defined by the Act IV of 1978 on the Criminal Code, the misdemeanour cases are defined by the Act LXIX of 1999 on the offences and other laws. Criminal offences are defined in Section 11 of the Act IV of 1978 on the Criminal Code. Section 11 provides that severe criminal offence is an act of crime perpetrated intentionally and punishable by imprisonment of two or more years. Every other act of crime enumerated in the Criminal Code is a minor criminal offence. Criminal offences are punishable by imprisonment, community service work or fines, as well as by some ancillary punishments. Misdemeanour offences are dealt with in administrative law procedure, therefore misdemeanour offences are not regarded as acts of crime. The misdemeanour cases are defined by the Act LXIX of 1999 on the offences and other laws. Sanctions for the perpetrators of such offences are of administrative nature.	Act 4 of 1978 on the Criminal Code regulates criminal offences and Act 69 of 1999 on Offences regulates misdemeanours.
Iceland	There is no official definition of severe and minor criminal offences in Icelandic criminal law. (In 1980 and 1990 and before that time it was presumed that severe criminal offences were covered by the general penal code no. 19 from 1940 but it is not absolute to day.)	
Ireland	The 2,667 'severe' cases are made up of Murder, Rape and Sexual Assault cases in the Central Criminal Court, and all criminal cases heard in the Dublin and Provincial Circuit Criminal Courts in 2006. The figure of 329,775 represents summary cases disposed of in the District Court in 2006.	
Italy	About criminal cases: Crimes and contraventions are detected at an aggregate level then it is not possible to distinguish For the point number 1 Civil (and commercial) litigious cases decisions: 2004's data regarding only cases decided by judgment. 2006's data are: decided by judgment 1.239.700, other wise decided 1.763.061: total 3.002.761. For the point number 8 + 9: the total data regards cases charged by the public prosecutor before the courts and cases sent to the courts to acquittal.	
Latvia	Criminal cases are cases heard according to criminal law procedure, Misdemeanour cases are cases heard in the first instance in district (city) courts according to administrative code procedure.	Criminal cases are cases heard according to Criminal Procedure Law. Misdemeanour cases are cases heard in the first instance in district (city) courts according to Administrative Code procedure.

		<p>New comment added (@ 14.05.10): Latvia has no other cases than administrative, civil and criminal. If the case involves issues on Land registry, Enforcement cases or commercial register, depending on the nature of case they are categorized as administrative, civil or criminal.</p> <p>Apart from the court Latvia has separate registers: Land registry, Registry of Companies, Registry of enforcement cases. There are claims that can be adjudicated by the Registry officials (for example in Land registry they are also titled as judges) without involvement of the court.</p>
Lichtenstein		
Lithuania	According to the Criminal Code of the Republic of Lithuania the criminal act is divided into crime and misdemeanour. Therefore the cases 8 category also includes cases with the commission of crime, whereas the cases of 9th category involve only cases with commission of the misdemeanour.	<p>Other - cases that have been heard in district and regional administrative courts.</p> <p>According to the Criminal Code of the Republic of Lithuania the criminal act is divided into crime and misdemeanour. Therefore the cases 8 category also includes cases with the commission of crime, whereas the cases of 9th category involve only cases with commission of the misdemeanour.</p>
Luxembourg	Une infraction pénale dite "petite" est soit une contravention, soit un délit décorrectionnalisé jugé devant le juge de police. Toutes les autres infractions figurent sous la catégorie des infractions dites "graves".	<p>Nouvelles affaires pénales = chiffre des nouveaux dossiers, toutes matières confondues, entrées au parquet. Affaires pénales terminées = affaires ayant donné lieu à une décision d'un juge du fond, à l'exclusion de celles ayant donné lieu à une autre décision du parquet (enquête complémentaire, classement, etc.) Affaires pénales pendantes: il n'y a pas d'affaires pendantes au niveau des juridictions pénales, où les affaires sont fixées à date déterminée, au niveau des parquets il existe un certain stock au sens commercial du terme. Nouvelles affaires civiles : affaires nouvellement enrôlées pendant l'année sous examen. Affaires civiles terminées : Affaires ayant donné lieu à un jugement</p>
Malta	Please note that there are other cases that are categorized under headings such as: Withdrawn, Deserted and Sie Die. this applies for both the 1st and 2nd instance courts	This information was obtained from statistics published by the Courts on an annual basis. Item 1 includes statistics referring to the First Hall of the Civil Courts, Family Court, Magistrates Court in its Civil jurisdiction and the Small Claims Tribunal. Item 4 includes statistics referred to the Land Arbitration Board, the Rent regulation Board and Agricultural Leases Board. The Administrative Tribunal was set up in 2009. It is to be noted that there could be a discrepancy between the pending cases of the beginning of the year and the end of the year, once the number of incoming cases and resolved cases are catered for, and this is due to the fact that a number of cases would be adjourned 'Sine Die', as a result of which, they would be no longer continue to be considered as pending, however they are neither considered to be resolved.
Moldova	Selon l'article 16 du Code pénal, les infractions sont classifiées comme suit: infractions légères - les faits pénaux punis d'une peine privative de liberté allant jusqu'à 2 ans infractions moins graves - les faits pénaux punis d'une peine privative de liberté allant jusqu'à 5 ans infractions graves - les faits pénaux punis d'une peine privative de liberté allant jusqu'à 15 ans infractions extrêmement graves - les faits pénaux intentionnels punis d'une peine privative de liberté excédant 15 ans infractions exceptionnellement graves - les faits pénaux intentionnels punis avec réclusion à perpétuité.	<p>Selon l'article 16 du Code pénal, les infractions sont classifiées comme suit:</p> <p>infractions légères - les faits pénaux punis d'une peine privative de liberté allant jusqu'à 2 ans;</p> <p>infractions moins graves - les faits pénaux punis d'une peine privative de liberté allant jusqu'à 5 ans;</p> <p>infractions graves - les faits pénaux punis d'une peine privative de liberté allant jusqu'à 15 ans;</p> <p>infractions extrêmement graves - les faits pénaux intentionnels punis d'une peine privative de liberté excédant 15 ans;</p> <p>infractions exceptionnellement graves - les faits pénaux intentionnels punis avec réclusion à perpétuité.</p>
Monaco	Pour le point du tableau -affaires relatives au registre du commerce: Loi n°721 du 27.12.1961 : demande d'inscription présentée au Ministre d'Etat. Les contestations relèvent de la compétence du Président du TPI. Appel devant la Cour d'appel. Pour le nombre total d'affaires pénales: 554 affaires pénalement jugées + 36 sur intérêts civils. Les affaires relatives au registre financier ne sont pas traitées par les tribunaux. Les affaires administratives sont traitées par le Tribunal de première instance mais ne sont pas pour les statistiques individualisées par rapport aux affaires civiles ou commerciales. Il faudrait consulter chaque dossier. En l'absence de manipulation individuelle, ces affaires ne peuvent être décomptées. Pour les affaires administratives (6), elles ne sont pas individualisées.	Le nombre total d'affaires pénales comprend les crimes, délits et certaines contraventions pour lesquelles le Parquet Général a été saisi. Il ne comprend pas la majorité des contraventions qui sont traitées par la Direction de la Sécurité Publique, l'officier du Ministère public puis le cas échéant par le tribunal de simple police.
Montenegro	Category 1: -out of 16352, 1174 cases are litigious proceedings in Commercial courts - out of 15739, 1439 cases are litigious proceedings in Commercial courts - out of 17707 solved cases, 1698 are litigious proceedings in Commercial courts - out of 12666 cases, 915 are litigious proceedings in Commercial courts Category 3: In 2006., before the courts of general jurisdiction, there were 43840 enforcement cases in progress. Out of that number, the number of pending cases on 01/01/06 was 27212, of new cases was 16628. Until 31/12/2006, 19399 cases were solved (44,25%). Before the Commercial courts, there were 5851 enforcement cases in progress. Out of that number, the number of pending cases on 01/01/06 was 441, of new cases 5410. Until 31/12/06, 5276 cases were solved (90%). Category 8: - out of 8426 cases, 552 are first-instance proceedings before Higher courts - out of 7367 cases, 386 are first-instance proceedings before Higher courts - out of 7176 cases, 321 are first-instance proceedings before Higher courts - out of 8554 cases, 617 are first-instance proceedings before Higher courts Note: In 2008., the adoption of New law on legal offences/misdemeanors is planned, which will reform this area in grand measure. GENERAL INFORMATION Annual income of cases in Montenegrin courts (in all types of cases) was 216335. Monthly income was 18029. Number of solved cases in 2006. was 217919, which shows that in 2006. number of solved cases was larger than number of incoming cases. General number of cases in progress in 2006. was 361103, which number shows that, in average, each judge in	<p>a) Civil cases are the cases in disputes concerning proprietary, marital, family, personal-legal, copyright and other relations.</p> <p>b) in disputes due to a correction or reply to a piece of information contained in public information media and about requests regarding violation of personal rights done in public information media.</p> <p>c) in labour legal cases (from a labour relation; on conclusion and implementation of collective bargaining agreements, as well as all disputes between an employer and the trade union, on implementation of regulations about strike; on appointment and dismissal of bodies in companies and other entities).</p> <p>Commercial legal cases are the cases formed due to disputes between domestic companies, foreign companies, other legal entities and entrepreneurs concerning their commercial-legal relations, as well as in disputes in which the parties are not economic entities, but they are in the relation of material joinder of parties with economic entities; in disputes concerning copyrights and industrial property rights between domestic companies, foreign companies, other legal entities and entrepreneurs; in disputes concerning the rights of artists, rights of reproduction, re-recording and trading with audio-visual works, as well as in disputes concerning computer programs and their use and transfer between domestic companies, foreign companies, other legal entities and entrepreneurs; with regard to disturbance of possession between the</p>

	<p>Montenegro, in 2006., was in charge for 1563 cases. Based on analysis of all relevant data, average quota that judges fulfilled in all the courts was 151%.</p>	<p>above mentioned parties; with reference to distortion of competition, abuse of monopolistic and dominating position in the market and conclusion of monopolistic agreements; in disputes regarding vessels and sailing at sea and in internal waters, as well as in disputes in which maritime law applies, except for disputes concerning transportation of passengers; in disputes which refer to aircrafts and in disputes to which air law applies, except for disputes concerning transportation of passengers; in other legal matters put under the jurisdiction of the commercial court by the law.</p> <p>Administrative legal cases are the cases formed due to claims which contest lawfulness of an individual administrative act or other individual act in other legal matters, when different court protection is not provided for.</p> <p>Data on 'cadastral cases' are provided only in part – the number of cases of this type concluded during 2008 is stated. This is due to the fact that such cases are registered as per the indicted body, and the indicted body here is a second-instance body – the Ministry of Finance, and therefore it is not possible to determine from the register the number of received cases and the number of cases being processed, that refer to 'cadastral cases'. In these cases the first-instance administration body is the Real-Estate Administration. The number of completed cases has been determined in accordance with the records of completed cases, these records being maintained with the Administrative Court of Montenegro per fields due to the needs of the website.</p> <p>Misdemeanours are not under jurisdiction of ordinary courts of justice and are not registered as criminal cases. The total number of criminal cases that were processed by courts of first instance and high courts is stated.</p> <p>**Clarification of the category 9 – Misdemeanours in Montenegro</p> <p>Misdemeanour proceedings are conducted at first-instance level by local misdemeanour bodies, ministries and other administration bodies and local administration bodies. Misdemeanour proceedings at second-instance level are conducted by the Misdemeanour Council of the Republic of Montenegro. Bodies of local administration conduct misdemeanour proceedings for misdemeanours defined by a decision of the assembly of a local self-administration unit, as well as for misdemeanours defined by the law or a decree directly implemented by a local self-government unit. Bodies that conduct misdemeanour proceedings independently decide thereon on the basis of the Constitution, law and other regulations.</p> <p>The category 9 contains the number of cases that local misdemeanour bodies were processing, assorted in 2 categories: requests to institute misdemeanour proceedings (2471/5255/6554/1172) and requests of other bodies for execution of a sanction, safeguard measures and correctional measures ruled in misdemeanour proceedings, as well as costs of misdemeanour proceedings, and requests for execution made by other bodies that conduct misdemeanour proceedings (17747/12269/16215/13801). Figures in this column stand for the sum of these two categories of cases.</p>
Netherlands	<p>2. non-litigious is not complete. Only cases from the 'kantongerechten'</p>	<p>Cases from the Council of State (about 700) are excluded.1. these are cases where there was a judgement in a defended action.6.Administrative = administrative cases in general, cases on taxes and immigration. 8.Severe criminal cases = criminal cases court, hearing in chamber and elaboration of sentence included (raadskamer en uitwerken vonnis)9.Minor cases = district cases (kantonzaken), i.e. misdemeanors and traffic offences in Dutch 'Mulderzaken'. Pending cases on 31-12-2008 cannot be provided due to registration difficulties.</p>
Norway	<p>The numbers presented for "Total criminal cases" includes only cases conducted in court of co-adjudication. The number of pending cases, incoming cases and decisions in confession cases cannot be separated from remand hearings.</p>	<p>The numbers presented for "1 Civil (and commercial) litigious cases" include civil disputes, debt restructure arrangements and judicial assessments.</p> <p>The numbers presented for "2 Civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases" include bankruptcy proceedings and probate cases.</p> <p>The numbers presented for "3 Enforcement cases" includes compulsory sales, possession orders, provisional security etc.</p> <p>The numbers presented for 'Total criminal cases' includes only composite court cases, that is all criminal cases without an unconditional guilty plea, as well as the most serious guilty plea cases. The court is then composed of a district court judge and two lay judges – one woman and one man. Each judge has one vote and all decisions are reached through voting – the majority vote decides.</p>

		<p>Single-judge criminal cases include some actions relating to police investigation, like court orders for arrests, searches, communications interception (telephone interception etc.), remand in custody, restraining orders and provisional confiscations of driving licences. Another important category is the adjudication of criminal cases with guilty pleas. Single-judge cases are heard by a district court judge or deputy judge. These cases are not included in the figures.</p> <p>Horizontal consistency 100 % horizontal consistency in this table is not feasible. The reason is that according to procedural law, cases may be divided or united after being registered in to the court.</p>
Poland	Misdemeanour cases (minor offences) – the offences that the law restrict maximum penalty up to 1 month of detention or up to 1289 Euro fine or both of them. All other criminal cases constitutes severe cases.	<p>“Due to explanation of the Division of Statistics the number in the horizontal lines can sometime not to sum up because of possible omissions or mistakes at a source of a statistical information generated by courts as well as structural changes within court system.</p> <p>Misdemeanor cases (minor offences) – the offences that the law restrict maximum penalty up to 1 month of detention or fine or both of them. This category covers all cases that the motion for penalty for committing misdemeanor have been filed to the court.</p> <p>All other criminal cases constitutes severe cases. The category of severe offences represents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - the cases that the indictment (or other motion substituting the indictment) have been filed at a court, - cases in the matter to issue the conjunctive rulings - prosecutor’s motions for discontinuation of the case because of insanity, and - prosecutor’s motions for conditional discontinuation of the proceeding. <p>Civil (and commercial) litigious cases category includes as well litigious family and labour (employment) cases. This category includes also some types of cases decided under the chapter II of the Civil Proceedings Code that concerns to non-litigious cases (such as distribution of inherited assets, separation of common property, demarcation of the real estate) which nature in fact is litigious because of the opposite interests of the parties and contradictory ways of presenting their arguments.</p> <p>The category of civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases (including non-litigious family cases) covers all the rest of cases decided under the chapter II of the Civil Proceedings Code that concerns to non-litigious cases (such as ascertainment of the acquisition of an inheritance, cases connected with birth, marriage and death records, declaration a person dead, adoption as well as summary and injunction proceedings in money payment cases).</p> <p>Enforcement of the court decisions belongs first of all to the enforcement agents. In 2008 as much as 1912792 cases were filed at the enforcement agents dockets. However a large number of enforcement cases are dealt by the courts. Some of these cases are the consequence of the proceedings executed by the agents, e.g. complaints on enforcement actions, supervision on the execution of a real estate. Some other enforcement cases can be dealt by the courts only, e.g. to force a debtor to abandon specific actions or granting an enforcement clause to the banking enforcement writ.</p> <p>The category of “other” cases includes first off all social security cases and cases connected with an application of the correctional and educational measures as required in the juvenile cases and execution of guardianship or tutoring.</p>
Portugal	1 - Includes civil cases (enforcement cases excluded), labour cases (labour accidents and other labour actions), civil cases of the Maritime Court and civil acses concerning juveniles 2 - Divorces (concluded cases) 3 - Civil and Labour enforcement cases 4 - Criminal cases 5 - Administrative offence and misdemeanour (contra-ordenações e transgressões) Question 88 - (total number of cases in the first instance courts) - criterion used to distinguish severe criminal offences from minor offences - Portugal has considered as severe criminal offences all criminal cases regardless their seriousness or abstract legal sanction which may be imposed, except misdemeanours and administrative offences (both included in the minor offences and the only categories which were counted as minor offences)	<p>1 - Includes civil cases (enforcement cases excluded), labour cases (labour accidents and other labour actions) , civil cases of the Maritime Court and civil cases concerning juveniles.</p> <p>2 - There is no information regarding non-litigious divorces in courts.</p> <p>3 - Civil and labour enforcement cases</p> <p>9 - Administrative offences and misdemeanour</p>
Romania	1. First instance courts are addressed only for claims. 6. First instance courts solve claims against judgments of bodies with administrative and jurisdictional attributions. 8, 9. Romanian legislation does not provide for a distinct terminology between severe crimes and minor crimes. Observation: The first instance cases are solved by one single judge panels	<p>Comment 1 – In the total number of civil, commercial and administrative cases, all the cases are included, except for the criminal cases</p> <p>Comment 2 – Within the litigious and non-litigious civil (and commercial cases), the civil cases stricto sensu are included, together with the commercial cases.</p> <p>Comment 3 – The vertical key is given by the sum of lines 1, 2, 6 and 7, because lines 3, 4 and 5 are already included in the civil or commercial cases (for example: 245995 + 18519 + 61226 + 22578 = 348318).</p> <p>Comment 4 – There is no classification of severe and less severe offences in the Romanian judiciary. That is the reason why the statistical data is provided only with regard to the total of criminal cases.</p>
Russian Federation		<p>The table concerns cases examined by the courts of general jurisdiction.</p> <p>As regards commercial courts, please find enclosed the following information: Incoming cases - 1 078 481 (67 685 actions were returned to the claimants)</p>

San Marino		<p>Resolved cases - 970 152.</p> <p>En ce qui concerne le secteur civil - administrative:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - les causes commerciaux et les terrains sont inclus dans l'Article 1, car il n'existe pas de documents spécifiques et des détails sur ces matériaux. - L'article 'altro' se réfère à d'autres procédures et de procédures ouvertes, respectivement, et par conséquent, être le premier de Janvier, ces commencé en 2008, à ceux conclus en 2008, et ouverte à ceux qui vont au 31/12. <p>En ce qui concerne les affaires pénales:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Il n'existe aucune donnée de faire la distinction entre les crimes graves et les infractions moins graves, la procédure pénale permet au juge d'instruction de définir un procès pénal, s'il est établi que la constatation de fait entraîne l'application de la peine de lui seul l'amende, par décret pénal acte unilatéral de la Cour appliquant précisément la peine sans donner lieu à des processus d'audience publique. <p>La personne peut être accusée de ce décret, auquel cas vous placez le processus d'audience publique. ne peut donc pas a priori de distinguer les deux catégories, qui se distinguent lors de la définition de la procédure (colonne 3 affaires terminées);</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Les chiffres sont donnés hors dossiers ouverts contre des personnes inconnues et a conclu contre inconnu, où les enquêtes n'ont pas réussi à identifier l'auteur de l'infraction reprochée, il est en tout cas les hypothèses de crimes contre les biens et insignifiante de la nature. En 2008, il y avait 565 cas enregistrés pénale contre le nombre inconnu ont été stockés n 677 procédures pénales contre des personnes inconnues, étaient en instance n 227 procédures pénales contre des personnes inconnues sur Janvier 1 et n 115 procédures pénales contre des personnes inconnues sur Décembre 31. Lorsque l'enquête a permis d'identifier l'auteur du crime présumé, l'affaire a été compté au point indiqué sur la table.
Serbia		The data relate to the High Commercial Court, Municipal and District Courts.
Slovakia	For the criminal cases there are not available data for distinguish the number of the cases in line 8 and 9	
Slovenia	<p>Misdemeanour cases are within jurisdiction of the local courts since 1.1.2005. A major reform of the misdemeanour penal law was made, so that it merged with the "regular" judiciary: thats why the steep increase of the number of judges (q. 49) and also the number of incoming cases. In regard with the statistics of misdemeanour cases it should be kept in mind, that within the reform of this field of law the abolition took place, so we have to be careful in interpreting the statistical data for the year 2006, especially when comparing with previous years. As to the administrative cases, it should be cautione, that the numbers of cases in the second instance represent cases, that are actually delt with by the Supreme Court, which is also the court of appeal in this kind of cases (but also the court of the last resort, that's why some cases appear also in the table 91. In our opinion, also the total number of cases that are delt with by the courts should be given: pending cases on 1.1.2006: 612926, incoming cases: 801607, decisions/resolved cases: 807321, pending cases on 31.12.2006: 607212.</p>	<p>Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (litigious and non litigious) – Due to fluctuation in data of civil and commercial non-litigious cases (in particular inheritance cases) and in data of enforcement cases there is no horizontal consistency of figures.</p> <p>2 Civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases: Due to fluctuation in data of inheritance cases, which are included among these cases, there is no horizontal consistency of figures.</p> <p>3 Enforcement cases: Due to fluctuation in data of many enforcement cases, which are considered among these cases, there is no horizontal consistency of figures. Civil and commercial litigious cases in the first instance courts include all civil litigious cases dealt with by the local and district courts and all commercial litigious cases dealt with by the district courts.</p> <p>All the data is taken from the Court Statistics of the Ministry of Justice. The horizontal inconsistency of figures in the mentioned three categories is already present in the Court statistics of the Ministry of Justice. In particular, the horizontal inconsistency derives from the data on Civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases and Enforcement cases. In some types of cases the sum of incoming and pending cases on 1 Jan. 2008 was higher than the sum of resolved and pending cases on 31 Dec. 2008, namely in the cases with codes VL (difference of 908 cases), D (1 case) and R-i (1 case). In other types of cases the sum of incoming and pending cases on 1 Jan. 2008 was lower than the sum of resolved and pending cases on 31 Dec. 2008, namely in cases with codes l-vl (difference of –32 cases), l-ns (-11 cases), lg-vl (-4 cases), lg-ns (-2 cases), ln (-59 cases) and Nt (-2 cases). All the data are official data as published by the Slovenian Ministry of Justice on its website, in particular on its web page http://www.mp.gov.si/fileadmin/mp.gov.si/pageuploads/2005/PDF/publikacije/BILTEN_SS_2008-12_junij_09.pdf.</p> <p>The sum of all differences in horizontal sums of data on these cases thus amounts to 800 cases. This means that there were altogether 800 more cases incoming and pending on 1 Jan. 2008 than there were resolved and pending cases on 31 Dec 2008.</p> <p>Civil and commercial non-litigious cases in the first instance include all non-litigious civil cases dealt with by the local and district courts, non-litigious commercial cases dealt with by the district courts, cases pursuant to the Inheritance Act dealt with by the local courts, insolvency cases including bankruptcy, liquidation and compulsory composition cases pursuant to the Financial Operations, Insolvency</p>

		<p>Proceedings and Compulsory Dissolution Act dealt with by the district courts.</p> <p>Enforcement cases in the first instance include all enforcement and commercial enforcement cases pursuant to the Execution of Judgments in Civil Matters and Insurance of Claims Act, which are dealt with by the local courts.</p> <p>Administrative law cases in the first instance include administrative disputes pursuant to the Administrative Disputes Act, which are dealt with by the Administrative Court, with the exception of other administrative law cases and free legal aid cases.</p> <p>Other civil law cases in the first instance include other civil and commercial law cases in the first instance courts.</p> <p>Criminal law cases concerning severe criminal offences include all such criminal cases as defined by the Criminal Code.</p> <p>Misdemeanour cases and minor offences cases include all minor offences cases as defined by the Minor Offences Act.</p>
Spain	<p>Explanation: Article 13 of the Spanish Criminal Code establishes a three-fold classification of criminal offences: serious crimes, less serious crimes and misdemeanours. Such classification is to a great extent of a formal character in the sense it depends on the different types of penalties envisaged. • Serious crimes are those punished with serious penalties (namely imprisonment and disqualifications of more than 5 years) • Less serious crimes are those punished with less serious penalties (namely imprisonment of 3 months to 5 years, most criminal fines and, with some exceptions, disqualifications under 5 years). Both categories of criminal cases represent the vast majority of offences in the Spanish Criminal Code. • Misdemeanours are punished with minor penalties (for example small fines or driving disqualifications up to one year) which do not include imprisonment. This fundamental difference between crimes and misdemeanours, that also has procedural consequences, is important to interpret the tables. Misdemeanours have been included in category 9 (misdemeanour cases) whereas all crimes have been included in category 8 (Criminal cases). Category 8 therefore covers the vast majority of offences under the Spanish Criminal Code, punished with penalties that may include imprisonment from 3 months to 20 years or more. Finally, Spain also knows administrative sanctions (ie. police fines for speeding or parking tickets) that are not criminal cases and are treated outside the criminal law system.</p>	<p>Civil cases include those of Courts of First Instance and First Instance and Enquiry (without measures and preliminary issues), family cases from Violence against Women Courts, Labour Courts and Labour Chamber of the Audiencia Nacional, Verbal cases from Juvenile Courts, and Commercial Courts (Banckrupcy, including all cases from art 86 ter 1, y ter 2 and preliminary issues, social files, and community trade marks).Non-litigious cases include, in addition to non-litigious divorces, cases of voluntary jurisdiction and internments. Enforcement of judgments include, civil cases from Courts of First Instance and First Instance and Enquiry, from Commercial, administrative and labour courts, civil cases from Juvenile courts, civil cases from High Superior Courts and from the Labour Chamber of the National Court. Administrative cases include cases in Administrative Courts and Central Administrative Courts.Misdemeanours include cases in Magistrates's courts, Courts of First Instance and Enquiry and Violence against Women's Courts.The explanation regarding criminal cases is more complex:As pending cases the following have been taken into account : criminal full jury and simplified proceedings in Magistrates's courts, Courts of First Instance and Enquiry and Violence against Women's Courts. Criminal full and simplified proceedings in Criminal Courts and Central Enquiry Courts.As incoming cases the following have been taken into account: simplified proceedings and those solved by means of an agreement (in urgent proceedings) in Magistrates's courts, Courts of First Instance and Enquiry and Violence against Women's Courts. Criminal full and simplified proceedings in Central Enquiry Courts.As resolved cases:For Magistrates's courts, Courts of First Instance and Enquiry and Violence against Women's Courts, solved criminal proceedings except those appealed, solved Jury trials not appealed, cases solved by agreement, solved simplified proceedings minus appealed, minus incoming proceedings minus jury proceedings. For Central Enquiry Courts solved full criminal proceedings minus appealed.For Central Criminal Courts, solved simplified proceedings.For the criminal chamber of the National Court, solved full and simplified criminal proceedings.Regarding types of criminal cases the Spanish Criminal Code establishes a 3-fold classification of criminal offences: serious crimes, less serious crimes and misdemeanours. Such classification is to a great extent of a formal character as it depends on the different types of penalties envisaged:- Serious crimes are those punished with serious penalties (namely imprisonment and disqualifications of more that 5 years)- Less serious crimes are those punished with less serious penalties (namely imprisonment until 5 years and most criminal fines)-Misdemeanours are punished with minor penalties (for example small fines)Serious and less serious crimes therefore represent the vast majority of offences in the Spanish Criminal Code, which only dedicates around 20 articles to misdemeanours.Finally, Spain also knows administrative sanctions (ie.police fines for speeding or parking tickets) that are not criminal cases and are treated outside the criminal law system.</p>
Sweden		<p>The category 'Civil and commercial litigious cases' include small claims cases, ordinary civil cases and 'family cases'.</p> <p>The category 'Civil and commercial non-litigious cases' include only non-litigious divorce cases.</p> <p>Included in the category 'Other' are environmental cases and land cases.</p> <p>Please note that administrative law cases are only accounted for in category 6, and are thus not included in category 1. Those cases are handled separately by the county administrative courts while the other</p>

Switzerland	La classification proposée dans le tableau ci-dessus ne correspond pas à la classification en usage dans la plupart des tribunaux cantonaux et de la Confédération. C'est pourquoi seuls les grands types de procédure ont pu être indiqués. Deux très petits cantons n'ont pas fourni de chiffres (UR et OW) ce qui n'a qu'une influence minime sur l'ordre de grandeur au niveau national. Il convient également de relever que toute la procédure de recouvrement forcé des créances pécuniaires ne passe pas par les tribunaux mais par des offices spécialisés (Offices des poursuites et des faillites) selon les dispositions de la loi fédérale sur la poursuite pour dettes et la faillite. Seules quelques décisions majeures de cette procédure d'exécution forcée incombent aux tribunaux (mainlevée d'opposition, prononcé de faillite, etc.). Il convient d'en tenir compte pour la comparaison avec les autres pays européens.	cases are handled by the district courts. Les chiffres ci-dessus résultent de la consolidation des données cantonales. Les chiffres du canton de Berne, qui avec Zürich traite le plus grand nombre d'affaires, n'ont pas été livrés. Les chiffres concernant le canton de Zürich n'ont été livrés que partiellement. Des demandes sont en cours pour obtenir les chiffres manquants d'ici la réunion du 5 mai 2010 des correspondants nationaux. Pour le reste, les lignes sont cohérentes (col. 1 + col.2 - col.3 = col.4). En revanche, le total vertical des lignes 1 à 7 et 8 à 9 ne correspond pas aux chiffres indiqués dans les lignes 'Nombre total car certains cantons n'ont fourni que le nombre total sans aucun détail. C'est pourquoi le total est en règle générale plus élevé que la somme des chiffres qu'il est censé additionner.
FYROMacedonia	Regarding the point 1. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases, we have also available separate data for civil and commercial cases. Namely in 2006 situation in Macedonian courts regarding civil cases is as following: Pending cases on 1 January 2006-27002 cases, Incoming cases - 36802, Decisions - 37384, Pending cases on 31 December 2006 - 26420. Commercial cases: Pending cases on 1 January 2006-6011 cases, Incoming cases - 9014, Decisions - 8074, Pending cases on 31 December 2006 - 6951. In mentioned point 1 of table above are presented total number of presented civil + commercial cases. In point 7 of the Table "Other" also are included bankruptcy cases and other civil cases. In point 8 "Criminal cases" there are presented data for adult + juveniles criminal cases Regarding the point 3 - "Enforcement cases" we would like to clarify that there are presented enforcement cases before courts. Namely in 2006 enforcement agents started to work according to new Law on execution. Therefore in reference year we have mixed system of enforcement of civil verdicts (courts and enforcement agents). In this table we do not present administrative disputes because that time Supreme court had the competence for solving these kind of cases. In 2007 new Administrative court was established and all administrative disputes were transferred to this new court.	Regarding the point 1. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases, we have also available separate data for civil and commercial cases. Namely in 2008 situation in Macedonian basic courts regarding civil cases is as following: Pending cases on 1 January 2008-32781cases, Incoming cases - 35614, Decisions - 43983, Pending cases on 31 December 2008 - 24412. Commercial cases: Pending cases on 1 January 2008-8811 cases, Incoming cases - 11743, Decisions - 11130, Pending cases on 31 December 2008 - 9431. In mentioned point 1 of table above are presented total number of presented civil + commercial cases. In point 7 of the Table 'Other' also are included bankruptcy cases, labour disputes and other civil cases. In point 8 'Criminal cases' there are presented data for adult + juveniles criminal cases Regarding the point 3 - 'Enforcement cases' we would like to clarify that in the Republic of Macedonia there are enforcement agents. Therefore we did not fill that point. Regarding the data in point 6 there are presented administrative disputes before Administrative Court. According to the explanation, that cases are not included in total number at the begining of the table. Regarding the point 5 'Business register cases', there are in the competence on the Central Registrar.
Turkey	Business registry cases are especially carried out by the commercial courts. So, special statistic is not available. Special statistic for non-litigious civil and commercial cases is not available. The mentioned information includes both litigious and non-litigious civil and commercial cases. The total number of administrative cases includes the number of cases handled by the Administrative Courts and Tax Courts. The cases handled by the Peace Criminal Courts, Enforcement Criminal Courts and Traffic Courts are included under "misdemeanour cases (minor offences). The other case categories are included under "severe criminal cases". Please note that, The Act of Misdemeanours (Law number: 5326) was adopted in 30 March 2005 and pursuant to Article 2 of this Act "misdemeanour" means, injustice which is punished by an administrative sanction. The number of such misdemeanours is not available and the number of misdemeanours (minor offences) mentioned in the 88th question does not include the misdemeanours sentenced by administrative sanctions.	The total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases includes all civil, commercial and administrative cases. Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) include cases addressed by High Criminal Courts, High Criminal Courts assigned by Article 250 of the Criminal Procedure Code and Juvenile Assize Courts. Misdemeanor and/or simple offences cases include cases performed by Criminal Courts of First Instance, Criminal Courts of Peace, Criminal Courts of Enforcement, Juvenile Courts, Traffic Courts and Courts for Intellectual and Industrial Property Rights.
Ukraine		
UK-England and Wales	Crown Court cases are classified in three categories: Class 1 - the most serious crimes such as murder and treason Class 2 - serious cases such as rape Class 3 - all other offences such as burglary, grievous bodily harm and robbery. Summary cases are those which are dealt with in Magistrate Courts. These are offences which will attract a maximum six month sentence or a maximum £5,000 fine. Either-way cases are slightly more serious and can be dealt with in the Magistrate Courts or the defendant can elect for trial by jury. Indictable offences are committed to the Crown or High Court. 95% of offences begin and conclude in the Magistrate Courts.	Contested claims (Civil (and commercial) litigious cases) - note civil court cases can be finalised without court knowledge so no pending New (@14.5.10): "The 298,796 given for incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases is actually the number of incoming defences. The pending figure of 60 000 on 31 Dec 2008 is a very rough estimate based on 20% of the incoming defences." Enforcement = Excludes Magistrates (criminal) enforcement - data by fine amount not case based & Criminal Statistics 2008 figures not published until February 2009. Figures for family courts are placed in OTHER - note that o/s figures are not published and internal figures are for certain types of work only so not supplied Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) = Figures for Severe are taken from Crown Court data Misdemeanour and/or minor offences cases = Figures for Misdemeanour are taken from Magistrates court data.
UK-Northern Ireland		
UK-Scotland		Severe criminal court is those cases raised on indictment in solemn proceedings – e.g. murder, rape, serious fraud, serious assault and serious drug offences. The remainder under section 9 are less serious assaults, theft, drug offences, road traffic, minor breaches of the peace and other lesser statutory contraventions.

Table 34 - Second instance (appeal) courts Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) data

country	92.2.1. Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - Total of civil, commercial & administrative law cases (1-7) (2006) [q90]	92.2.1. Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - Total of civil, commercial & administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	92.3.1. Second instance (appeal) courts Resolved cases - Total of civil, commercial & administrative law cases (1-7) (2006) [q90]	92.3.1. Second instance (appeal) courts Resolved cases - Total of civil, commercial & administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	92.4.1. Second instance (appeal) courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - Total of civil, commercial & administrative law cases (1-7) (2006) [q90]	92.4.1. Second instance (appeal) courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - Total of civil, commercial & administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		4.997		4.148		4.205		83,01%			370,0
Andorra	372	491	267	544		199	71,77%	110,79%	39,02%		133,5
Armenia	5.474	2.913	3.549	3.140	1.678	630	64,83%	107,79%	42,96%	172,6	73,2
Austria	35.391	34.251	35.410	33.777	6.234	6.791	100,05%	98,62%	-1,44%	64,3	73,4
Azerbaijan	9.211	NAP	8.918	NAP	1.301	NAP	96,82%			53,2	
Belgium	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Bosnia and Herzegovina	30.988	40.723	33.578	37.246	26.977	29.233	108,36%	91,46%	-16,90%	293,2	286,5
Bulgaria		23.397		24.922		10.854		106,52%			159,0
Croatia	83.177	81.089	70.083	78.372	56.569	59.595	84,26%	96,65%	12,39%	294,6	277,6
Cyprus		222		145		524		65,32%			1319,0
Czech Republic	70.963	72.788	69.977	73.488	17.177	17.086	98,61%	100,96%	2,35%	89,6	84,9
Denmark	6.973	5.998	7.186	5.679	4.230	2.159	103,05%	94,68%	-8,37%	214,9	138,8
Estonia	3.171	3.869	3.075	3.559	930	1.384	96,97%	91,99%	-4,98%	110,4	141,9
Finland	3.666	3.918	3.976	3.890	2.387	1.917	108,46%	99,29%	-9,17%	219,1	179,9
France	228.976	246.118	249.504	244.647	246.209	248.112	108,97%	99,40%	-9,56%	360,2	370,2
Georgia	6.719	6.456	5.306	8.540	3.626	1.677	78,97%	132,28%	53,31%	249,4	71,7
Germany	57.270		180.113		52.011		314,50%			105,4	
Greece		34900*		29800*		41.196		85,39%			504,6
Hungary	39.989	46.620	39.375	45.332	10.403	11.482	98,46%	97,24%	-1,23%	96,4	92,4
Iceland		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Ireland											
Italy	155.567	159.187	112.519	138.707	391.524	448.906	72,33%	87,13%	14,81%	1270,1	1181,3
Latvia	6.483	6.861	6.506	6.435	3.868	5.016	100,35%	93,79%	-6,56%	217,0	284,5
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania	12.661	16.752	7.128	13.374	3.456	7.709	56,30%	79,84%	23,54%	177,0	210,4
Luxembourg	1.206	1.328	1.154	1.438	NA	NA	95,69%	108,28%	12,59%		
Malta	706	578	NA	697	1.149	965		120,59%			505,3
Moldova	7.675	9.686	15.350	9.941	984	1.515	200,00%	102,63%	-97,37%	23,4	55,6
Monaco	119	142	90	116	202	NA	75,63%	81,69%	6,06%	819,2	
Montenegro		6.354		7.384		5.254		116,21%			259,7
Netherlands	32.930	26.494	32.820	25.419		NA	99,67%	95,94%	-3,72%		
Norway	3.160	3.222	3.323	3.288	1.415	1.161	105,16%	102,05%	-3,11%	155,4	128,9
Poland	234.399	158.843	249.007	161.052	42.161	23.449	106,23%	101,39%	-4,84%	61,8	53,1
Portugal	18.756	17.751	18.766	17.869	8.004	5.950	100,05%	100,66%	0,61%	155,7	121,5
Romania	35.799	32.390	41.804	32.006	15.322	14.243	116,77%	98,81%	-17,96%	133,8	162,4
Russian Federation	651.404	872.000	614.015	845.000	26.986	45.000	94,26%	96,90%	2,64%	16,0	19,4
San Marino		91		201		237		220,88%			430,4
Serbia		81.353		84.742		39.711		104,17%			171,0
Slovakia	28.412	31.534	26.576	32.451	11.240	9.521	93,54%	102,91%	9,37%	154,4	107,1
Slovenia	27.151	21.502	28.227	23.322	11.340	5.809	103,96%	108,46%	4,50%	146,6	90,9
Spain	194.721	193.520	197.746	191.064	129.573	119.391	101,55%	98,73%	-2,82%	239,2	228,1
Sweden	37.870	23.632		24.128	16.224	6.484		102,10%			98,1
Switzerland	32.778	43.665	30.701	44.352	14.449	25.729	93,66%	101,57%	7,91%	171,8	211,7
FYROMacedonia	22.444	23.332	22.590	21.252	2.724	5.393	100,65%	91,09%	-9,57%	44,0	92,6
Turkey											

Ukraine		248.848		95.023				38,19%		
UK-England and Wales		3.294		3.094			NA		93,93%	
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA			NA			
UK-Scotland		215		130			NA		60,47%	

Table 35 - Second instance (appeal) courts Civil and commercial litigious cases (1) data

country	92.2.2. Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2006) [q90]	92.2.2. Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)	92.3.2. Second instance (appeal) courts Resolved cases - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2006) [q90]	92.3.2. Second instance (appeal) courts Resolved cases - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)	92.4.2. Second instance (appeal) courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2006) [q90]	92.4.2. Second instance (appeal) courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		3.383		2.988		3.278		88,32%			400,4
Andorra		NA		NA		NA					
Armenia		2.913		3.140		630		107,79%			73,2
Austria		NA		NA		NA					
Azerbaijan		9.210		7.018		1.432		76,20%			74,5
Belgium	32.822	29.758	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Bosnia and Herzegovina	21.271	32.309	22.703	28.971	18.921	23.004	106,73%	89,67%	-17,06%	304,2	289,8
Bulgaria		NA		NA		NA					
Croatia	80.430	81.098	67.410	78.372	55.381	59.595	83,81%	96,64%	12,83%	299,9	277,6
Cyprus	433		342		719		78,98%			767,4	
Czech Republic	-		-		-						
Denmark	NA	5.998	NA	5.679	NA	2.159		94,68%			138,8
Estonia	NA	1.803	NA	1.588	NA	788		88,08%			181,1
Finland	2.749	2.790	3.047	2.802	2.143	1.626	110,84%	100,43%	-10,41%	256,7	211,8
France	207.893	218.316	223.614	217.412	219.056	219.554	107,56%	99,59%	-7,98%	357,6	368,6
Georgia	3.122	3.124	2.809	3.760	1.350	748	89,97%	120,36%	30,38%	175,4	72,6
Germany	89.719		129.551		29.671		144,40%			83,6	
Greece											
Hungary	23.690	28.390	23.246	27.952	7.493	7.728	98,13%	98,46%	0,33%	117,7	100,9
Iceland		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Ireland											
Italy	149.341	151.699	107.027	132.036	388.115	444.481	71,67%	87,04%	15,37%	1323,6	1228,7
Latvia	4.815	4.556	4.955	4.133	2.576	3.369	102,91%	90,72%	-12,19%	189,8	297,5
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania	7.071	8.548	3.087	7.559	1.572	2.267	43,66%	88,43%	44,77%	185,9	109,5
Luxembourg	NA	1.019	NA	1.091	NA	1.231		107,07%			411,8
Malta		542		670		918		123,62%			500,1
Moldova	292	6.616	584	6.916	31	1.253	200,00%	104,53%	-95,47%	19,4	66,1
Monaco	119	142	90	116	202	226	75,63%	81,69%	6,06%	819,2	711,1
Montenegro	5.980		4.835		5.695		80,85%			429,9	
Netherlands	22.770	NA	23.360	NA	16.580	NA	102,59%			259,1	
Norway											
Poland	206.401	98.609	219.659	98.981	37.698	10.707	106,42%	100,38%	-6,05%	62,6	39,5
Portugal											
Romania	24.093	31.612	28.421	31.153	11.529	13.897	117,96%	98,55%	-19,42%	148,1	162,8
Russian Federation	443.041	275.000	416.731	249.000	16.414	17.000	94,06%	90,55%	-3,52%	14,4	24,9
San Marino		66		161		237		243,94%			537,3
Serbia	78.329		70.010		24.087		89,38%			125,6	
Slovakia	23.865		22.127		9.955		92,72%			164,2	
Slovenia	19.677	12.036	20.759	14.017	8.544	3.731	105,50%	116,46%	10,96%	150,2	97,2
Spain	150.888	143.715	148.958	148.729	78.947	74.805	98,72%	103,49%	4,77%	193,4	183,6

Sweden	2.605	2.752		2.811	1.471	1.408		102,14%			182,8
Switzerland		10.894		11.184		3.943		102,66%			128,7
FYROMacedonia	22.295	18.610	22.448	17.052	2.717	4.407	100,69%	91,63%	-9,06%	44,2	94,3
Turkey											
Ukraine		NAP		NAP		NAP					
UK-England and Wales		3.294		3.094		NA		93,93%			
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
UK-Scotland		215		130		NA		60,47%			

Table 36 - Second instance (appeal) courts Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2) data

country	92.2.3. Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - (2) Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2006) [q90]	92.2.3. Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - (2) Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2008)	92.3.3. Second instance (appeal) courts Resolved cases - (2) Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2006) [q90]	92.3.3. Second instance (appeal) courts Resolved cases - (2) Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2008)	92.4.3. Second instance (appeal) courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - (2) Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2006) [q90]	92.4.3. Second instance (appeal) courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - (2) Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		322		303		51		94,10%			61,4
Andorra		NA		NA		NA					
Armenia											
Austria		NA		NA		NA					
Azerbaijan		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Belgium	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP					
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2.717		3.303		657		121,57%			72,6	
Bulgaria		NA		NA		NA					
Croatia	2.747	2.970	2.673	3.230	1.188	825	97,31%	108,75%	11,45%	162,2	93,2
Cyprus											
Czech Republic	-		-		-						
Denmark	NA		NA		NA						
Estonia	NA	347	NA	341	NA	71		98,27%			76,0
Finland	612	747	619	713	144	178	101,14%	95,45%	-5,70%	84,9	91,1
France		NA		NA		NA					
Georgia		NA		NA		NA					
Germany			85.420								
Greece											
Hungary	15.413	14.938	15.202	14.138	2.639	2.961	98,63%	94,64%	-3,99%	63,4	76,4
Iceland		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Ireland											
Italy	6.226	7.488	5.492	6.671	3.409	4.425	88,21%	89,09%	0,88%	226,6	242,1
Latvia	185	530	205	599	26	97	110,81%	113,02%	2,21%	46,3	59,1
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania											
Luxembourg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Malta		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Moldova	5.347		10.694		891		200,00%			30,4	
Monaco		NA		NA		NA					
Montenegro											
Netherlands		NA		NA		NA					
Norway											
Poland	27.998	17.011	29.348	16.844	4.463	1.507	104,82%	99,02%	-5,80%	55,5	32,7
Portugal											
Romania	-	57	-	69	-	50		121,05%			264,5
Russian Federation		267		267.000		NA					
San Marino		0		0		0					

Serbia										
Slovakia	4.483		4.374		1.253		97,57%			104,6
Slovenia		NA		NA		NA				
Spain										
Sweden		NAP		NAP		NAP				
Switzerland		646		659		79		102,01%		43,8
FYROMacedonia										
Turkey										
Ukraine		NAP		NAP		NAP				
UK-England and Wales		NAP		NAP		NAP				
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA				
UK-Scotland		NAP		NAP		NAP				

Table 37 - Second instance (appeal) courts Administrative law cases (6) data

country	92.2.7. Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - (6) Administrative law cases (2006) [q90]	92.2.7. Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - (6) Administrative law cases (2008)	92.3.7. Second instance (appeal) courts Resolved cases - (6) Administrative law cases (2006) [q90]	92.3.7. Second instance (appeal) courts Resolved cases - (6) Administrative law cases (2008)	92.4.7. Second instance (appeal) courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - (6) Administrative law cases (2006) [q90]	92.4.7. Second instance (appeal) courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - (6) Administrative law cases (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		1.292		857		876		66,33%			373,1
Andorra		157		160		59		101,91%			134,6
Armenia											
Austria		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Azerbaijan		NA		NA		NA					
Belgium	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Bosnia and Herzegovina	7.000	8.414	7.572	8.275	7.399	6.229	108,17%	98,35%	-9,82%	356,7	274,8
Bulgaria		NA		NA		NA					
Croatia		NA		NA		NA					
Cyprus	152	197	94	133	471	489	61,84%	67,51%	5,67%	1828,9	1342,0
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Denmark	NA		NA		NA						
Estonia	959	1.161	1.076	1.102	308	401	112,20%	94,92%	-17,28%	104,5	132,8
Finland											
France	21.083	27.802	25.890	27.235	27.153	28.825	122,80%	97,96%	-24,84%	382,8	386,3
Georgia	3.597	2.612	2.497	4.335	2.276	570	69,42%	165,96%	96,55%	332,7	48,0
Germany	57.270		56.651		52.011		98,92%			335,1	
Greece				50*							
Hungary	886	1.935	927	1.986	325	407	104,63%	102,64%	-1,99%	128,0	74,8
Iceland		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Ireland											
Italy	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP					
Latvia	1.283	1.551	1.158	1.443	1.240	1.530	90,26%	93,04%	2,78%	390,8	387,0
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania	5.590	2.824	4.401	3.035	1.884	1.620	78,73%	107,47%	28,74%	156,3	194,8
Luxembourg	367	309	311	347	NA	NA	84,74%	112,30%	27,56%		
Malta		NA		NA		NA					
Moldova	2.036	3.070	4.072	3.025	62	262	200,00%	98,53%	-101,47%	5,6	31,6
Monaco		été		individua		lisées					
Montenegro											
Netherlands	10.160	11.890	9.460	10.510		NA	93,11%	88,39%	-4,72%		
Norway											
Poland	16.157	NA	14.675	NA	8.330	NA	90,83%			207,2	

Portugal		NA		NA		NA					
Romania	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP					
Russian Federation	208.363	330.000	197.264	329.000	10.572	15.000	94,67%	99,70%	5,02%	19,6	16,6
San Marino		25		40		0		160,00%			
Serbia											
Slovakia	64	37	75	56	32	16	117,19%	151,35%	34,16%	155,7	104,3
Slovenia	1.830	610	1.807	810	2.745	325	98,74%	132,79%	34,04%	554,5	146,5
Spain	27.055	42.514	23.777	34.926	22.416	34.859	87,88%	82,15%	-5,73%	344,1	364,3
Sweden	24.087	26.158		26.791	13.184	12.068		102,42%			164,4
Switzerland		27.400		27.776		20.645		101,37%			271,3
FYROMacedonia											
Turkey	69.578		67.294		15.464		96,72%			83,9	
Ukraine	32.672	117.312	24.839	27.773	3.266	73.700	76,03%	23,67%	-52,35%	48,0	968,6
UK-England and Wales		12.316		9.208		NAP		74,76%			
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
UK-Scotland		NA		NA		NA					

Table 38 - Second instance (appeal) courts Total criminal cases (8+9) data

country	92.2.9. Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2006) [q90]	92.2.9. Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2008)	92.3.9. Second instance (appeal) courts Resolved cases - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2006) [q90]	92.3.9. Second instance (appeal) courts Resolved cases - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2008)	92.4.9. Second instance (appeal) courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2006) [q90]	92.4.9. Second instance (appeal) courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		2.809		2.057		1.900		73,23%			337,1
Andorra		75		56		30		74,67%			195,5
Armenia	653	1.573	663	1.316	47	274	101,53%	83,66%	-17,87%	25,9	76,0
Austria	9.399	11.628	9.509	11.173	1.013	1.477	101,17%	96,09%	-5,08%	38,9	48,3
Azerbaijan	2.242	2.241	2.199	2.158	195	175	98,08%	96,30%	-1,79%	32,4	29,6
Belgium	NA	16.716	NA	16.134	NA	11765*		96,52%			266,2
Bosnia and Herzegovina	44.533	13.774	43.178	14.844	4.661	2.255	96,96%	107,77%	10,81%	39,4	55,4
Bulgaria		7.922		8.038		1.778		101,46%			80,7
Croatia	77.353	62.002	31.917	80.895	89.053	81.889	41,26%	130,47%	89,21%	1018,4	369,5
Cyprus	288		258		226		89,58%			319,7	
Czech Republic	13.545	15.263	13.584	13.392	1.574	1.444	100,29%	87,74%	-12,55%	42,3	39,4
Denmark	3.046	6.860	NA	6.788	1.384	999		98,95%			53,7
Estonia	1.947	2.311	1.862	2.251	134	142	95,63%	97,40%	1,77%	26,3	23,0
Finland	8.188	11.539	8.437	11.688	4.505	3.574	103,04%	101,29%	-1,75%	194,9	111,6
France											
Georgia	3.932	3.309	3.581	3.342	750	318	91,07%	101,00%	9,92%	76,4	34,7
Germany	69.860		70.378		21.139		100,74%			109,6	
Greece											
Hungary	34.443	34.915	33.993	35.080	6.494	6.098	98,69%	100,47%	1,78%	69,7	63,4
Iceland		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Ireland											
Italy	85.340	88.751	71.144	76.622	153.180	168.944	83,37%	86,33%	2,97%	785,9	804,8
Latvia	2.498	2.595	2.684	2.445	775	1.119	107,45%	94,22%	-13,23%	105,4	167,0
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania	5.699	6.845	3.332	6.731	715	874	58,47%	98,33%	39,87%	78,3	47,4
Luxembourg	NA	NA	647	577	NA	NA					
Malta	14.263	418	14.104	454	9.606	273	98,89%	108,61%	9,73%	248,6	219,5
Moldova	2.553	2.117	2.586	2.144	272	243	101,29%	101,28%	-0,02%	38,4	41,4
Monaco	NA	NA	55	NA	NA	NA					
Montenegro		4.658		4.402		1.753		94,50%			145,4

Netherlands		37.910		36.367		NA		95,93%			
Norway	1.389	6.826	1.448	6.682	519	761	104,25%	97,89%	-6,36%	130,8	41,6
Poland	361.845	119.263	361.025	120.491	32.892	18.572	99,77%	101,03%	1,26%	33,3	56,3
Portugal	10.986	13.297	10.992	12.957	6.004	3.634	100,05%	97,44%	-2,61%	199,4	102,4
Romania	26.340	16.024	26.216	15.888	4.399	4.363	99,53%	99,15%	-0,38%	61,2	100,2
Russian Federation	333.372	355.000	304.942	329.000	12.052	13.000	91,47%	92,68%	1,20%	14,4	14,4
San Marino		26		29		12		111,54%			151,0
Serbia											
Slovakia	4.744	3.697	4.938	3.689	1.248	878	104,09%	99,78%	-4,31%	92,2	86,9
Slovenia	10.888	10.951	10.930	10.261	2.092	2.375	100,39%	93,70%	-6,69%	69,9	84,5
Spain		144.530		142.348		27.289		98,49%			70,0
Sweden	8.767	9.030		9.276	3.603	3.341		102,72%			131,5
Switzerland	13.964	10.563	12.448	10.691	3.783	3.399	89,14%	101,21%	12,07%	110,9	116,0
FYROMacedonia	15.427	12.122	15.567	11.725	197	783	100,91%	96,72%	-4,18%	4,6	24,4
Turkey											
Ukraine		46.427		46.463		NA		100,08%			
UK-England and Wales		21.259		19.782		NA		93,05%			
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
UK-Scotland		2.347		2.254		NA		96,04%			

Table 39 - Second instance (appeal) courts Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (8) data

country	92.2.10. Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - (8) Severe criminal offences (2006) [q90]	92.2.10. Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - (8) Severe criminal offences (2008)	92.3.10. Second instance (appeal) courts Resolved cases - (8) Severe criminal offences (2006) [q90]	92.3.10. Second instance (appeal) courts Resolved cases - (8) Severe criminal offences (2008)	92.4.10. Second instance (appeal) courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - (8) Severe criminal offences (2006) [q90]	92.4.10. Second instance (appeal) courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - (8) Severe criminal offences (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		1.854		1.268		1.524		68,39%			438,7
Andorra	51	49	45	37	14	19	88,24%	75,51%	-12,73%	113,6	187,4
Armenia											
Austria	6.726	8.943	6.728	8.404	539	1.065	100,03%	93,97%	-6,06%	29,2	46,3
Azerbaijan	640	700		NA		NA					
Belgium	NA	7.466	NA	7.507	NA	8.664		100,55%			421,3
Bosnia and Herzegovina	44.533	8.154	43.178	8.133	4.661	1.236	96,96%	99,74%	2,79%	39,4	55,5
Bulgaria		NA		NA		NA					
Croatia	13.197	9.394	12.214	9.459	4.617	1.794	92,55%	100,69%	8,14%	138,0	69,2
Cyprus											
Czech Republic	-		-		-						
Denmark	110	6.860	NA	6.788	58	999		98,95%			53,7
Estonia	1.778	2.143	1.708	2.087	127	135	96,06%	97,39%	1,32%	27,1	23,6
Finland		NAP		NAP		NAP					
France	50.222	53.298	37.517	52.718	NA	31.418	74,70%	98,91%	24,21%		217,5
Georgia		2.402		2.437		274		101,46%			41,0
Germany	61.792		62.235		20.189		100,72%			118,4	
Greece											
Hungary	33.926	34.361	33.469	34.522	6.477	6.079	98,65%	100,47%	1,82%	70,6	64,3
Iceland		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Ireland											
Italy	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Latvia	1.907	2.115	2.156	1.990	524	660	113,06%	94,09%	-18,97%	88,7	121,1
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania											

Luxembourg	NA	NA	49	NA	NA	NA					
Malta	33	26	20	21	37	22	60,61%	80,77%	20,16%	675,3	382,4
Moldova											
Monaco	NA	2	17	2	NA	1		100,00%			182,5
Montenegro	3.385		3.084		1.363		91,11%			161,3	
Netherlands		NA	24.740	NA	13.510	NA				199,3	
Norway											
Poland	104.373	111.121	103.139	112.413	13.121	17.730	98,82%	101,16%	2,34%	46,4	57,6
Portugal	10.986	13.297	10.992	12.957	6.004	3.634	100,05%	97,44%	-2,61%	199,4	102,4
Romania	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP					
Russian Federation		NA		NA		NA					
San Marino		26		29		12		111,54%			151,0
Serbia											
Slovakia			4.680								
Slovenia	4.975	4.794	4.995	4.916	1.544	1.100	100,40%	102,54%	2,14%	112,8	81,7
Spain	126.614		124.930		20.674		98,67%			60,4	
Sweden		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Switzerland		4.742		4.858		1.481		102,45%			111,3
FYROMacedonia	4.914	4.663	5.035	4.546	144	339	102,46%	97,49%	-4,97%	10,4	27,2
Turkey											
Ukraine		NAP		NAP		NAP					
UK-England and Wales	109.524	7.240		5.774	52.542	NA		79,75%			
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
UK-Scotland		786		1.397		NA		177,74%			

Table 40 - Second instance (appeal) courts Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (9) data

country	92.2.11. Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - (9) Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (2006) [q90]	92.2.11. Second instance (appeal) courts Incoming cases - (9) Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (2008)	92.3.11. Second instance (appeal) courts Resolved cases - (9) Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (2006) [q90]	92.3.11. Second instance (appeal) courts Resolved cases - (9) Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (2008)	92.4.11. Second instance (appeal) courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - (9) Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (2006) [q90]	92.4.11. Second instance (appeal) courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - (9) Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		955		789		376		82,62%			173,9
Andorra	119	26	110	19	64	11	92,44%	73,08%	-19,36%	212,4	211,3
Armenia											
Austria	2.673	2.685	2.781	2.769	474	412	104,04%	103,13%	-0,91%	62,2	54,3
Azerbaijan	1.754	1.894		NA		NA					
Belgium	9.197	9.248	8.577	8.625	NA	3101*	93,26%	93,26%	0,00%		131,2
Bosnia and Herzegovina	0	5.620	0	6.711	0	1.019		119,41%			55,4
Bulgaria		NA		NA		NA					
Croatia	64.156	52.608	76.917	71.436	84.436	80.095	119,89%	135,79%	15,90%	400,7	409,2
Cyprus											
Czech Republic	-		-		-						
Denmark	2.936		NA		1.326						
Estonia	169	168	154	164	7	7	91,12%	97,62%	6,49%	16,6	15,6
Finland		NAP		NAP		NAP					
France	NA		NA		NA						
Georgia		907		905		43		99,78%			17,3
Germany	8.068		8.143		950		100,93%			42,6	
Greece											
Hungary	517	554	524	558	17	19	101,35%	100,72%	-0,63%	11,8	12,4
Iceland		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Ireland											

Italy	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Latvia	591	480	528	455	251	459	89,34%	94,79%	5,45%	173,5	368,2
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania											
Luxembourg	NA	NA	598	NA	NA	NA					
Malta	14.230	392	14.084	433	9.569	251	98,97%	110,46%	11,49%	248,0	211,6
Moldova											
Monaco	NA	NA	38	NA	NA	NA					
Montenegro		2.582			2.582	0		100,00%			
Netherlands		NA			NA	NA					
Norway											
Poland	257.472	8.142	257.886	8.078	19.771	842	100,16%	99,21%	-0,95%	28,0	38,0
Portugal											
Romania	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP					
Russian Federation		NA		NA		NA					
San Marino											
Serbia	21.175	19.310	21.188	24.758	2.257	2.472	100,06%	128,21%	28,15%	38,9	36,4
Slovakia			258								
Slovenia	5.913	6.157	5.935	5.345	548	1.275	100,37%	86,81%	-13,56%	33,7	87,1
Spain	30.368		30.999		4.844		102,08%			57,0	
Sweden		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Switzerland		784		752		380		95,92%			184,4
FYROMacedonia	10.513	7.459	10.532	7.179	53	444	100,18%	96,25%	-3,93%	1,8	22,6
Turkey											
Ukraine		NAP		NAP		NAP					
UK-England and Wales		14.019		14.008		2.873		99,92%			74,9
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
UK-Scotland		1.561		834		NA		53,43%			

Table 41 - Comments to second instance court cases data

Country	92 Comments (including an indication of the cases that are included in the total figures of civil, commercial and administrative law case and types of criminal law cases and possibly the existence of appeal rates for some case categories) (2008)
Albania	Land registry and business registry cases are assigned to administrative bodies. Appeal to court in these cases against the administrative act is possible; however in the statistics they are included under administrative case law. As enforcement cases in this questionnaire are presented those cases in which a party has the right to appeal to court against bailiff's behaviour in an enforcement procedure.
Andorra	
Armenia	
Austria	
Azerbaijan	
Belgium	*chiffre calculé, non issue des statistiques officielles La catégorie 1 regroupe les affaires civiles à juger par les tribunaux de première instance (appels des justices de paix et des tribunaux de police) et les cours du travail. Ne pouvant pas distinguer les affaires des catégories 1 et 2, elles se trouvent toutes regroupées dans la catégorie 1. Catégories 3, 4 et 6 : données non disponibles. Catégorie 5 : pas d'application. Catégorie 8 : concerne les affaires traitées par les cours d'appel. Ne concerne pas les affaires jugées par les Chambres des mises en accusation. Catégorie 9 : concerne les affaires jugées par les tribunaux de première instance (appels de police).
Bosnia and Herzegovina	The second instance courts have combined jurisdiction, namely they act as both first instance and second instance courts. First instance jurisdiction includes: adjudicating administrative cases (i.e. judicial overseeing of final decisions of administrative bodies) and adjudicating criminal cases for which more than 10 years of imprisonment or a long-term imprisonment (more than 20 years of imprisonment) is prescribed, unless the competence of another court is prescribed by law proceedings during the investigation and after the bringing of the indictment in accordance with law. Second instance jurisdiction includes deciding on appeals against decisions (criminal and civil) of first instance courts, in addition these courts have jurisdiction over deciding on other ordinary and extraordinary legal remedies, if so stipulated by law.
Bulgaria	The civil and commercial cases of the Courts of Appeal and the II-nd instance civil and commercial cases of the District courts make the total number of the civil and commercial cases. The same is the situation with the criminal cases. The criminal cases of the Courts of Appeal and the II-nd instance criminal cases of the District courts make the total number of the criminal cases.
Croatia	
Cyprus	
Czech Republic	
Denmark	Due to lack of information on pending cases at High courts the overall figures of both civil cases and criminal cases on pending cases do not add up. Re 1: Consist of cases from District Courts to High Courts plus second instance cases from High Courts and Commercial and Maritime Court. Re 2-7: Cannot be identified Re 8: Consist of cases from District Courts to High Courts plus second instance cases from High Courts to Supreme Court Re 9: Cannot be identified
Estonia	Same comments for criminal cases apply as for question 91. Other cases (nr 7) mentioned here, are the cases, which are presented directly to the court of second instance: petitions for annulment of a decision of an arbitral tribunal and complaints on the decision of appeal committee located by the Public Procurement Office.
Finland	2 Civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases: The number includes petitions. 3 Enforcement cases: The enforcement belongs to the competence of the enforcement authorities, not to the competence of courts. Cases mentioned here are appeals in execution proceedings in accordance with the Execution Act7 Other: The number includes land right law cases, temporary procedural remedy cases, adjustment of the debts of a private individual - cases, restructuring of enterprises cases and bankruptcy cases Total criminal cases (8+9): The classification of cases between severe criminal law cases and misdemeanour cases is not in statistical use in Finland.
France	Affaires pénales = cours d'appel et cours d'assises d'appel
Georgia	
Germany	
Greece	*PROVISIONAL DATA SOURCE: NATIONAL STATISTICAL SERVICE OF GREECE (NSSG)
Hungary	
Iceland	
Ireland	None of this data is available in the format outlined here. Some of the data is not available in any format.
Italy	

Latvia	Data concerns second instance courts and data from the Supreme Court chambers. The chambers - Criminal Cases and Civil Cases are the appeals body which review cases that have been decided by the regional courts, as the court of the first instance.
Lichtenstein	
Lithuania	Other - cases that have been heard in the Supreme Administrative Court of Lithuania.
Luxembourg	
Malta	This information was obtained from statistics published by the Courts on an annual basis. Item 1 includes statistics referring to the Court of Appeal in its Superior Jurisdiction as well as in its Inferior Jurisdiction. Item 7 includes statistics referred to the Constitutional Court, which is the highest Court in Malta and which is presided by the same members of the Judicature who preside over the Court of Appeal, and no appeal is possible from its decision. It is to be noted that there could be a discrepancy between the pending cases of the beginning of the year and the end of the year, once the number of incoming cases and resolved cases are catered for, and this is due to the fact that a number of cases would be adjourned 'Sine Die', as a result of which, they would be no longer continue to be considered as pending, however they are neither considered to be resolved.
Moldova	
Monaco	
Montenegro	<p>Second-instance courts of justice in Montenegro are the Appellate Court of Montenegro and high courts (the High Court in Podgorica and the High Court in Bijelo Polje).</p> <p>The Appellate Court of Montenegro decides on appeals against first-instance decisions of high courts and on appeals against decisions of the commercial courts. Since the high courts are courts of first instance only in criminal matters, the Appellate Court of Montenegro decides on appeals against first-instance decisions of high courts in criminal matters.</p> <p>The high courts decide at second-instance level on appeals against decisions of courts of first instance in criminal and civil matters.</p> <p>Having regard to divided jurisdiction between the Appellate Court of Montenegro and high courts, we stated hereunder separate data for these courts in 4 time categories:</p> <p>The Appellate Court of Montenegro Total number of commercial legal cases - 377/728/844/261 Total number of criminal cases - 214/761/752/223</p> <p>The High courts Total number of civil legal cases of appeal - 5907/5626/6540/4993 Total number of criminal cases of appeal - 1283/3897/3650/1530</p> <p>In the tables above, commercial legal cases include all the cases under jurisdiction of the commercial court, since all of them are registered under the designation 'Pž' with the Appellate Court.</p> <p>Cases denoted as civil legal cases under jurisdiction of high courts include all the cases from that subject matter under jurisdiction of courts of first instance, all of them are registered under the designation 'Gž'.</p> <p>The right to appeal against decisions of the Administrative Court of Montenegro is not provided for by the Law on Administrative Dispute, and therefore there are no administrative legal cases of appeal. There are two extraordinary legal remedies allowed against decisions of the Administrative Court – a request for extraordinary reconsidering of a court decision and a request for repetition of proceedings. The Supreme Court of Montenegro decides upon requests for extraordinary reconsidering of a court decision, while the Administrative Court of Montenegro decides upon requests for repetition of proceedings.</p> <p>** Clarification of the category 9 – Misdemeanours in Montenegro In Montenegro, in accordance with the law, misdemeanour proceedings at second-instance level are conducted by the Misdemeanour Council of the Republic of Montenegro. In the course of 2008, the Misdemeanour Council had 2582 cases under processing, all of them received in that year. There was no backlog of cases from previous years. On the day of 31 December 2008 all cases of the Misdemeanour Council were resolved, so there was no carrying forward of cases into the year 2009.</p>
Netherlands	Cases from the Council of State are excluded.
Norway	The total figures for civil cases include ordinary appeals and interlocutory appeals, reopenings, valuation appeals and appeals on decisions from the Social Security Tribunal. The total figures for criminal cases include ordinary appeals, interlocutory appeals and reopenings. The figures includes appeals that are disallowed or decided without an appeal hearing. (The Court of Appeal may disallow the appeal if the court unanimously considers it obvious that the appeal will not succeed.)
Poland	<p>New comment (@14.5.10): Due to explanation of the Division of Statistics the number in the horizontal lines can sometime not to sum up because of possible omissions or mistakes at source statistical information generated by courts as well as structural changes within court system. The category of severe criminal offences dealt by the courts of the second instance represents cases where an appeal have been lodged against the judgment of the first instance court, complaints lodged against courts decisions on discontinuation of the case and complaints against discontinuation of proceeding or refusal to initiate criminal proceeding issued by the prosecutor (or other authorized body). The category of minor offences represents District Court's decisions in misdemeanor cases being appealed and complaints against decisions of the District Courts that close the legal way to issue a judgment. Enforcement cases and land registry cases filed in the courts of the second instance are not demonstrated separately at the statistical data collected by the Division of Statistics. The number of enforcement cases are included at the "other" cases category and land registry cases constitute a part of the number of "civil litigious" cases and both of them can not be presented in a separate manner. However it can be assessed that they do not constitute any significant number.</p> <p>Former comment: Due to explanation of the Division of Statistics the number in the horizontal lines can sometime not to sum up because of possible omissions or mistakes at source statistical information generated by courts as well as structural changes within court system.</p>
Portugal	<p>1 - Includes civil, labour and juveniles cases in the Appellates Courts</p> <p>8 - Criminal cases in the Appellates Courts</p>
Romania	The Romanian judiciary has the institution of 'second appeal', but the questionnaire did not allow us to introduce a new table with the date for this kind of cases. Data can be provided at request.
Russian Federation	The table concerns cases examined by the courts of general jurisdiction. As regards commercial courts, please find enclosed the following information:

	Incoming cases (appeal and cassational instance courts) - 146 591 + 95 999 Resolved cases (appeal and cassational instance courts) - 127 627 + 84 529
San Marino	Les affaires concernant les commerciaux et les terrains sont inclus dans l'Article 1, car il n'existe pas de documents spécifiques et surtout ce domaine
Serbia	
Slovakia	
Slovenia	Civil and commercial litigious cases include all civil litigious cases and all commercial litigious cases in the second instance courts, namely the higher courts. Enforcement cases in the second instance include all enforcement and commercial enforcement cases in the second instance courts, namely the higher courts. Administrative law cases in the second instance include appeals in administrative disputes, which are lodged with and dealt with by the highest instance court, namely the Supreme Court of the Republic of Slovenia. Other civil law cases include other civil and commercial law cases in the second instance courts. Criminal law cases concerning severe criminal offences include all criminal cases in the second instance with the exception of other criminal cases and misdemeanour and/or minor offences cases.
Spain	In civil and commercial cases, civil appeals before the Provincial courts and special appeals before the Labour chambers of the High Courts of Justice have been taken into account.
Sweden	The category 'Other' include environmental cases'. Regarding administrative law cases, please see answer to question 91. The administrative law cases are handled by the administrative courts of appeal while the other cases are handled by the 'regular' courts of appeal.
Switzerland	même commentaire que pour la question 91
FYROMacedonia	Regarding the point 1. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases, we have also available separate data for civil and commercial cases. Namely in 2008 situation in Macedonian appellate courts regarding civil cases is as following: Pending cases on 1 January 2008 - 2310 cases, Incoming cases - 13789, Decisions - 12715?, Pending cases on 31 December 2008 - 3384. Commercial cases: Pending cases on 1 January 2008-539 cases, Incoming cases - 4821, Decisions - 4337, Pending cases on 31 December 2008 - 1023. In mentioned point 1 of table above are presented total number of presented civil + commercial cases. In point 7 of the Table 'Other' also are included labour disputes and other civil cases. In point 8 'Criminal cases' there are presented data for adult + juveniles criminal cases
Turkey	The system of court of appeal is adopted but not in force yet.
Ukraine	
UK-England and Wales	1) Assume all contested claims in JCS tbl 1.10 5) Heard originally at Magistrates and Crown courts but not in table 90 8) Crown Court appeals to Court of Appeal - incoming includes case that will be refused. 9) Magistrates court appeals to Crown Court - note that consistency check fails BUT published figures used. Admin system used for data allows this to occur
UK-Northern Ireland	
UK-Scotland	Civil appeal cases include appeals from the local sheriff courts, tribunals and a range of statutory appeals e.g. asylum & immigration, planning etc

Table 42 - Highest instance courts Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) data

country	93.2.1. Highest instance courts Incoming cases - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2006) [q91]	93.2.1. Highest instance courts Incoming cases - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	93.3.1. Highest instance courts Resolved cases - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2006) [q91]	93.3.1. Highest instance courts Resolved cases - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	93.4.1. Highest instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2006) [q91]	93.4.1. Highest instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7) (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		2.788		1.184		4.326		42,47%			1333,6
Andorra											
Armenia	1.805	1.069	1.785	1.068	45	1	98,89%	99,91%	1,01%	9,2	0,3
Austria	2.914	2.857	2.947	2.882	838	827	101,13%	100,88%	-0,26%	103,8	104,7
Azerbaijan	3.272	NAP	3.366	NAP	334	NAP	102,87%			36,2	
Belgium	2.957	877	2.953	924	1.646	1.119	99,86%	105,36%	5,49%	203,5	442,0
Bosnia and Herzegovina	4.013	8.741	6.258	10.307	9.419	9.568	155,94%	117,92%	-38,03%	549,4	338,8
Bulgaria	13.928	16.402	14.464	15.095	13.110	4.491	103,85%	92,03%	-11,82%	330,8	108,6
Croatia	2.408	2.672	2.745	1.958	693	1.711	114,00%	73,28%	-40,72%	92,1	319,0
Cyprus											
Czech Republic	11.700	10.137	10.731	9.938	6.789	6.986	91,72%	98,04%	6,32%	230,9	256,6
Denmark	456		452		449		99,12%			362,6	
Estonia	266	283	249	251	54	86	93,61%	88,69%	-4,92%	79,2	125,1
Finland	5.465	5.999	5.991	5.399	3.490	4.162	109,62%	90,00%	-19,63%	212,6	281,4
France	29.305	29.182	33.659	28.954	28.817	27.039	114,86%	99,22%	-15,64%	312,5	340,9
Georgia	1.959	2.830	2.179	2.494	788	995	111,23%	88,13%	-23,10%	132,0	145,6
Germany	14.113		13.607		9.987		96,41%			267,9	
Greece											
Hungary	6.146	4.249	5.838	3.829	1.585	2.078	94,99%	90,12%	-4,87%	99,1	198,1
Iceland	425		326	353	120	150	76,71%			134,4	155,1
Ireland	15.433										
Italy	35.169	30.406	29.445	33.928	100.805	99.066	83,72%	111,58%	27,86%	1249,6	1065,8
Latvia	1.690	1.898	1.551	1.579	383	742	91,78%	83,19%	-8,58%	90,1	171,5
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania	665	496	665	611	7	96	100,00%	123,19%	23,19%	3,8	57,3
Luxembourg	NA	118	62	123	NA	86		104,24%			255,2
Malta	31	NAP	NA	NAP	37	NAP					
Moldova	4.095	5.648	4.115	5.470	487	543	100,49%	96,85%	-3,64%	43,2	36,2
Monaco	75	NA	42	NA	NA	NA	56,00%				
Montenegro		855		930		2		108,77%			0,8
Netherlands		1.334		1.520		NA		113,94%			
Norway	91	72	91	88	49	29	100,00%	122,22%	22,22%	196,5	120,3
Poland	6.318	20.705	6.554	20.323	1.470	10.728	103,74%	98,16%	-5,58%	81,9	192,7
Portugal	3.499	2.969	3.562	3.025	823	755	101,80%	101,89%	0,09%	84,3	91,1
Romania	183.863	21.099	184.495	16.979	40.929	13.394	100,34%	80,47%	-19,87%	81,0	287,9
Russian Federation		258000/10000		153000/56000		6000/500					
San Marino		17		27		6		158,82%			81,1
Serbia											
Slovakia	8.386	7.466	8.850	7.148	3.526	2.944	105,53%	95,74%	-9,79%	145,4	150,3
Slovenia	2.390	3.696	1.811	3.698	1.944	4.518	75,77%	100,05%	24,28%	391,8	445,9
Spain	17.717	24.620	25.179	30.357	34.225	38.319	142,12%	123,30%	-18,82%	496,1	460,7
Sweden	11.796	5.420	10.813	5.221	8.854	1.318	91,67%	96,33%	4,66%	298,9	92,1
Switzerland	7.239	5.729	7.004	6.106	3.291	1.962	96,75%	106,58%	9,83%	171,5	117,3
FYROMacedonia	4.657	1.726	4.823	2.110	4.877	1.179	103,56%	122,25%	18,68%	369,1	204,0
Turkey	412.519		390.141		171.161		94,58%			160,1	

Ukraine	16.000	102.500		27.500	36.000	NA		26,83%		
UK-England and Wales		51		64		NA		125,49%		
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA				
UK-Scotland		3.904		3.385		NA		86,71%		

Table 43 - Highest instance courts Civil and commercial litigious cases (1) data

country	93.2.2. Highest instance courts Incoming cases - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2006) [q91]	93.2.2. Highest instance courts Incoming cases - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)	93.3.2. Highest instance courts Resolved cases - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2006) [q91]	92.3.2. Highest instance courts Resolved cases - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)	93.4.2. Highest instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2006) [q91]	93.4.2. Highest instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - (1) Civil and commercial litigious cases (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Andorra											
Armenia		846		845		1		99,88%			0,4
Austria		NA		NA		NA					
Azerbaijan											
Belgium		NA		NA		NA					
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2.918	4.304	2.684	4.133	2.836	3.752	91,98%	96,03%	4,05%	385,7	331,4
Bulgaria		NA		NA		NA					
Croatia	2.382	2.625	2.721	1.929		688	114,23%	73,49%	-40,75%	92,3	317,1
Cyprus											
Czech Republic	7.507	6.510	6.002	6.066	4.091	5.654	79,95%	93,18%	13,23%	248,8	340,2
Denmark	NA	257	NA	319	NA	446		124,12%			510,3
Estonia	161	158	153	145	32	34	95,03%	91,77%	-3,26%	76,3	85,6
Finland	1.010	985	1.124	987	324	367	111,29%	100,20%	-11,08%	105,2	135,7
France	19.034	18.932	22.461	18.684	20.250	18.890	118,00%	98,69%	-19,31%	329,1	369,0
Georgia	872	1.107	1.049	1.112	348	283	120,30%	100,45%	-19,85%	121,1	92,9
Germany	5.906		2.895		5.229		49,02%			659,3	
Greece											
Hungary	4.580	2.840	4.503	2.596	793	923	98,32%	91,41%	-6,91%	64,3	129,8
Iceland		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Ireland											
Italy	35.169	30.406	29.445	33.928	100.805	99.066	83,72%	111,58%	27,86%	1249,6	1065,8
Latvia	994	916	908	717	204	413	91,35%	78,28%	-13,07%	82,0	210,2
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania		496		611		96		123,19%			57,3
Luxembourg	NA	118	NA	123	NA	86		104,24%			255,2
Malta											
Moldova	1.881	3.293	1.919	3.180	181	369	102,02%	96,57%	-5,45%	34,4	42,4
Monaco	64	22	23	21	NA	45	35,94%	95,45%	59,52%		782,1
Montenegro	11	645	13	669	10	2	118,18%	103,72%	-14,46%	280,8	1,1
Netherlands	507	NA	446	NA		NA	87,97%				
Norway											
Poland	-		-		-						
Portugal											
Romania	112.141	15.602	118.275	12.146	27.824	11.056	105,47%	77,85%	-27,62%	85,9	332,2
Russian Federation		258000/10000		153000/10000		6000/500					
San Marino		5		19		0		380,00%			
Serbia	8.352	8.891	9.019	8.775	3.355	3.671	107,99%	98,70%	-9,29%	135,8	152,7
Slovakia											
Slovenia	1.537	1.929	1.084	1.655	1.591	2.331	70,53%	85,80%	15,27%	535,7	514,1
Spain	9.637	16.643	12.310	21.157	16.918	24.889	127,74%	127,12%	-0,61%	501,6	429,4
Sweden	558	588	581	566	200	222	104,12%	96,26%	-7,86%	125,6	143,2

Switzerland	770	1.506	757	1.530	271	402	98,31%	101,59%	3,28%	130,7	95,9
FYROMacedonia	1.635	1.641	1.224	2.025	1.442	1.179	74,86%	123,40%	48,54%	430,0	212,5
Turkey	325.641	480.568	144.204	425.393	141.005	269.551	44,28%	88,52%	44,24%	356,9	231,3
Ukraine	16.000	NAP		NAP	36.000	NAP					
UK-England and Wales		51		64		NA		125,49%			
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
UK-Scotland		3.904		3.385		NA		86,71%			

Table 44 - Highest instance courts Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2) data

country	93.2.3. Highest instance courts Incoming cases - (2) Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2006) [q91]	93.2.3. Highest instance courts Incoming cases - (2) Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2008)	93.3.3. Highest instance courts Resolved cases - (2) Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2006) [q91]	93.3.3. Highest instance courts Resolved cases - (2) Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2008)	93.4.3. Highest instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - (2) Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2006) [q91]	93.4.3. Highest instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - (2) Civil and commercial non-litigious cases (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Andorra											
Armenia											
Austria		NA		NA		NA					
Azerbaijan		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Belgium		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Bosnia and Herzegovina	242		252		20		104,13%			29,0	
Bulgaria		NA		NA		NA					
Croatia		NA		NA		NA					
Cyprus											
Czech Republic	-		-		-						
Denmark	NA		NA		NA						
Estonia		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Finland	274	274	324	280	175	197	118,25%	102,19%	-16,06%	197,1	256,8
France		NA		NA		NA					
Georgia		NA		NA		NA					
Germany			2.650								
Greece											
Hungary		-		-		-					
Iceland		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Ireland											
Italy	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Latvia	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP					
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania											
Luxembourg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Malta											
Moldova	2.214		2.196		306		99,19%			50,9	
Monaco		NA		NA		NA					
Montenegro	78	64	85	90	1	0	108,97%	140,63%	31,65%	4,3	
Netherlands		NA		NA		NA					
Norway											
Poland	-		-		-						
Portugal											
Romania	-	NA	-	NA	-	NA					
Russian Federation		NA		NA		NA					
San Marino		0		0		0					

Serbia											
Slovakia											
Slovenia		NA		NA		NA					
Spain											
Sweden		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Switzerland		NA		NA		NA					
FYROMacedonia											
Turkey		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Ukraine		NAP		NAP		NAP					
UK-England and Wales		0		0		NA					
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
UK-Scotland		NAP		NAP		NAP					

Table 45 - Highest instance courts Administrative law cases (6) data

country	93.2.7. Highest instance courts Incoming cases - (6) Administrative law cases (2006) [q91]	93.2.7. Highest instance courts Incoming cases - (6) Administrative law cases (2008)	93.3.7. Highest instance courts Resolved cases - (6) Administrative law cases (2006) [q91]	93.3.7. Highest instance courts Resolved cases - (6) Administrative law cases (2008)	93.4.7. Highest instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - (6) Administrative law cases (2006) [q91]	93.4.7. Highest instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - (6) Administrative law cases (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		580		209		746		36,03%			1302,8
Andorra											
Armenia		223		223		0		100,00%			
Austria		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Azerbaijan		NA		NA		NA					
Belgium		NA		NA		NA					
Bosnia and Herzegovina	853	4.437	3.322	6.174	6.563	5.816	389,45%	139,15%	-250,30%	721,1	343,8
Bulgaria	12.914	NA	13.604	NA	3.302	NA	105,34%			88,6	
Croatia		47		29		35		61,70%			440,5
Cyprus											
Czech Republic	4.193	3.627	4.729	1.332	2.698		112,78%	36,72%	-76,06%	208,2	
Denmark	NA	55	NA		NA						
Estonia	105	103	96	92	22	42	91,43%	89,32%	-2,11%	83,6	166,6
Finland	3.793	4.298	4.006	3.734	2.866	3.438	105,62%	86,88%	-18,74%	261,1	336,1
France	10.271	10.250	11.198	10.270	11.198	8.149	109,03%	100,20%	-8,83%	365,0	289,6
Georgia	1.087	1.723	1.130	1.382	442	712	103,96%	80,21%	-23,75%	142,8	188,0
Germany	8.207		8.062		4.758		98,23%			215,4	
Greece											
Hungary	1.566	1.387	1.335	1.219	792	1.146	85,25%	87,89%	2,64%	216,5	343,1
Iceland		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Ireland											
Italy	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP					
Latvia	613	830	569	739	154	275	92,82%	89,04%	-3,79%	98,8	135,8
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania											
Luxembourg	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP					
Malta											
Moldova		2.355		2.290		174		97,24%			27,7
Monaco	11	NA	19	NA	NA	NA	172,73%				
Montenegro	116	146	93	171	32	0	80,17%	117,12%	36,95%	125,6	
Netherlands	6.743	NA	7.043	NA	1.833	NA	104,45%			95,0	
Norway											
Poland	-	14.642	-	14.085	-	9.027		96,20%			233,9
Portugal		NA		NA		NA					

Romania	42.356	5.497	34.899	4.833	7.457	2.338	82,39%	87,92%	5,53%	78,0	176,6
Russian Federation		NA		45.000		NA					
San Marino		12		8		6		66,67%			273,8
Serbia	13.501	10.935	10.458	11.719	14.559	15.241	77,46%	107,17%	29,71%	508,1	474,7
Slovakia	2.751	3.379	2.916	3.038	1.516	1.344	106,00%	89,91%	-16,09%	189,8	161,5
Slovenia	172	1.012	186	1.434	18	1.444	108,14%	141,70%	33,56%	35,3	367,5
Spain	8.062	7.973	12.850	9.191	17.279	13.426	159,39%	115,28%	-44,11%	490,8	533,2
Sweden	8.071	8.684	6.967	10.313	7.899	4.941	86,32%	118,76%	32,44%	413,8	174,9
Switzerland	6.239	4.218	6.024	4.572	2.989	1.559	96,55%	108,39%	11,84%	181,1	124,5
FYROMacedonia	3.022	85	3.599	85	3.455	0	119,09%	100,00%	-19,09%	350,4	
Turkey	86.878	130.255	71.786	99.284	94.454	149.394	82,63%	76,22%	-6,41%	480,3	549,2
Ukraine	307	48.100	94	14.100	155	NA	30,62%	29,31%	-1,30%	601,9	
UK-England and Wales		NA		13		NA					
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
UK-Scotland		2.058		2.214		NA		107,58%			

Table 46 - Highest instance courts Total criminal cases (8+9) data

country	93.2.9. Highest instance courts Incoming cases - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2006) [q91]	93.2.9. Highest instance courts Incoming cases - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2008)	93.3.9. Highest instance courts Resolved cases - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2006) [q91]	93.3.9. Highest instance courts Resolved cases - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2008)	93.4.9. Highest instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2006) [q91]	93.4.9. Highest instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - Total criminal cases (8+9) (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		912		584		1.235		64,04%			771,9
Andorra											
Armenia	352	88	344	76	19	12	97,73%	86,36%	-11,36%	20,2	57,6
Austria	719	942	721	936	179	213	100,28%	99,36%	-0,92%	90,6	83,1
Azerbaijan	754	972	778	760	39	134	103,18%	78,19%	-24,99%	18,3	64,4
Belgium	1.697	1.939	1.722	1.834	414	549	101,47%	94,58%	-6,89%	87,8	109,3
Bosnia and Herzegovina	1.173	2.320	1.205	2.399	207	399	102,73%	103,41%	0,68%	62,7	60,7
Bulgaria	3.274	NA	3.888	NA	1.022	NA	118,75%			95,9	
Croatia	747	999	740	1.082	258	209	99,06%	108,31%	9,25%	127,3	70,5
Cyprus											
Czech Republic	2.351		2.350		199		99,96%			30,9	
Denmark	128	59	NA	47	NA	65		79,66%			504,8
Estonia	134	96	132	91	25	26	98,51%	94,79%	-3,72%	69,1	104,3
Finland	1.075	1.220	1.245	1.210	373	419	115,81%	99,18%	-16,63%	109,4	126,4
France											
Georgia	2.008	1.575	1.160	2.169	1.253	488	57,77%	137,71%	79,95%	394,3	82,1
Germany	3.266		3.326		391		101,84%			42,9	
Greece											
Hungary	1.420	1.131	1.397	1.122	184	195	98,38%	99,20%	0,82%	48,1	63,4
Iceland	248		232	277	53	44	93,55%			83,4	58,0
Ireland											
Italy	48.103	44.029	43.526	48.683	37.439	28.340	90,49%	110,57%	20,09%	314,0	212,5
Latvia	768	711	758	699	42	35	98,70%	98,31%	-0,39%	20,2	18,3
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania	898	509	701	520	424	116	78,06%	102,16%	24,10%	220,8	81,4
Luxembourg	NA	NA	50	64	NA	NA					
Malta		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Moldova	2.073	2.842	1.867	2.899	304	456	90,06%	102,01%	11,94%	59,4	57,4
Monaco	22	35	36	34	NA	NA	163,64%	97,14%	-66,49%		
Montenegro		925		925		0		100,00%			
Netherlands		3.683		3.370		NA		91,50%			

Norway	89	88	81	85	30	25	91,01%	96,59%	5,58%	135,2	107,4
Poland	2.552	2.827	2.672	2.795	887	788	104,70%	98,87%	-5,83%	121,2	102,9
Portugal	1.387	1.221	1.405	1.352	284	146	101,30%	110,73%	9,43%	73,8	39,4
Romania	62.584	42	61.804	57	5.998	129	98,75%	135,71%	36,96%	35,4	826,1
Russian Federation		335000/25000		245000/25000		11000/1000					
San Marino		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Serbia		9.720		9.555		2.209		98,30%			84,4
Slovakia	1.835	1.190	1.847	1.283	266	228	100,65%	107,82%	7,16%	52,6	64,9
Slovenia	938	1.023	1.026	1.080	296	211	109,38%	105,57%	-3,81%	105,3	71,3
Spain	4.345	4.470	4.762	3.703	2.108	2.705	109,60%	82,84%	-26,76%	161,6	266,6
Sweden	1.524	1.554	1.583	1.494	196	281	103,87%	96,14%	-7,73%	45,2	68,7
Switzerland	621	1.418	622	1.409	164	323	100,16%	99,37%	-0,80%	96,2	83,7
FYROMacedonia	781	700	770	642	70	107	98,59%	91,71%	-6,88%	33,2	60,8
Turkey	149.974	245.604	144.204	197.375	141.005	242.547	96,15%	80,36%	-15,79%	356,9	448,5
Ukraine	25.488	16.800	26.496	16.200	3.112	NA	103,95%	96,43%	-7,53%	42,9	
UK-England and Wales		11		18		NA		163,64%			
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
UK-Scotland		951		804		NA		84,54%			

Table 47 - Highest instance courts Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (8) data

country	93.2.10. Highest instance courts Incoming cases - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2006) [q91]	93.2.10. Highest instance courts Incoming cases - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2008)	93.3.10. Highest instance courts Resolved cases - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2006) [q91]	93.3.10. Highest instance courts Resolved cases - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2008)	93.4.10. Highest instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2006) [q91]	93.4.10. Highest instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - (8) Criminal cases (severe criminal offences) (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Andorra											
Armenia											
Austria		NA		NA		NA					
Azerbaijan	274	NA		NA		NA					
Belgium		NA		NA		NA					
Bosnia and Herzegovina	1.173	2.320	1.205	2.399	207	399	102,73%	103,41%	0,68%	62,7	60,7
Bulgaria		NA		NA		NA					
Croatia	747	999	740	1.082	258	209	99,06%	108,31%	9,25%	127,3	70,5
Cyprus											
Czech Republic	-	2.718	-	2.619	-	304		96,36%			42,4
Denmark	NA	59	NA	47	NA	65		79,66%			504,8
Estonia	80	51	74	49	22	17	92,50%	96,08%	3,58%	108,5	126,6
Finland		NAP		NAP		NAP					
France	9.205	8.348	2.297	2.037	2.903	2.654	24,95%	24,40%	-0,55%	461,3	475,6
Georgia		553		719		211		130,02%			107,1
Germany	3.265		3.326		390		101,87%			42,8	
Greece											
Hungary		1.131		1.122		195		99,20%			63,4
Iceland		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Ireland	1.263										
Italy	48.103	44.029	43.526	48.683	37.439	28.340	90,49%	110,57%	20,09%	314,0	212,5
Latvia	527	491	518	493	25	19	98,29%	100,41%	2,12%	17,6	14,1
Lichtenstein											

Lithuania											
Luxembourg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Malta											
Moldova	1.243		1.125		176		90,51%			57,1	
Monaco	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Montenegro	280		280		0		100,00%				
Netherlands	3.540	NA	3.079	NA		NA	86,98%				
Norway		NA		NA		NA					
Poland	-		-		-						
Portugal	1.387	1.221	1.405	1.352	284	146	101,30%	110,73%	9,43%	73,8	39,4
Romania	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP					
Russian Federation		NA		NA		NA					
San Marino											
Serbia	7.750		7.606		2.036		98,14%			97,7	
Slovakia											
Slovenia	896	898	989	924	266	191	110,38%	102,90%	-7,48%	98,2	75,4
Spain											
Sweden		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Switzerland		NA		NA		NA					
FYROMacedonia	781	700	770	642	70	107	98,59%	91,71%	-6,88%	33,2	60,8
Turkey	149.974	NAP	144.204	NAP	141.005	NAP	96,15%			356,9	
Ukraine		NAP		NAP		NAP					
UK-England and Wales	13.523	11		18	3.566	NA		163,64%			
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
UK-Scotland		NA		NA		NA					

Table 48 - Highest instance courts Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (9) data

country	93.2.11. Highest instance courts Incoming cases - (9) Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (2006) [q91]	93.2.11. Highest instance courts Incoming cases - (9) Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (2008)	93.3.11. Highest instance courts Resolved cases - (9) Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (2006) [q91]	93.3.11. Highest instance courts Resolved cases - (9) Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (2008)	93.4.11. Highest instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 06 - (9) Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (2006) [q91]	93.4.11. Highest instance courts Pending cases on 31 Dec. 08 - (9) Misdemeanour and/or minor offences' cases (2008)	Clearance Rate (2006)	Clearance Rate (2008)	Clearance Rate variation (2006-2008)	Disposition Time (2006)	Disposition Time (2008)
Albania		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Andorra											
Armenia											
Austria		NA		NA		NA					
Azerbaijan	543	NA		NA		NA					
Belgium		NA		NA		NA					
Bosnia and Herzegovina	0		0		0						
Bulgaria		NA		NA		NA					
Croatia		NA		NA		NA					
Cyprus											
Czech Republic	-		-		-						
Denmark	NA		NA		NA						
Estonia	54	45	58	42	3	9	107,41%	93,33%	-14,07%	18,9	78,2
Finland		NAP		NAP		NAP					
France											
Georgia		1.022		1.450		287		141,88%			72,2
Germany	1				1						
Greece											
Hungary		-		-		-					
Iceland		NAP		NAP		NAP					

Ireland	0		0		0						
Italy	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP					
Latvia	241	220	240	206	17	16	99,59%	93,64%	-5,95%	25,9	28,3
Lichtenstein											
Lithuania											
Luxembourg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Malta											
Moldova	830		742		128		89,40%			63,0	
Monaco	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Montenegro											
Netherlands		NA		NA		NA					
Norway		NA		NA		NA					
Poland	-		-		-						
Portugal											
Romania	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP					
Russian Federation		NA		NA		NA					
San Marino											
Serbia											
Slovakia											
Slovenia	42	125	37	156	30	20	88,10%	124,80%	36,70%	295,9	46,8
Spain											
Sweden		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Switzerland		NA		NA		NA					
FYROMacedonia											
Turkey		NAP		NAP		NAP					
Ukraine		NAP		NAP		NAP					
UK-England and Wales		0		0		NA					
UK-Northern Ireland		NA		NA		NA					
UK-Scotland		NA		NA		NA					

Table 49 - Comments to highest instance court cases data

Country	93 Comments (including an indication of the cases that are included in the total figures of civil, commercial and administrative law case and on possible limitations to the appeal to the highest instance court) (2008)
Albania	The number presented at total of civil row includes all civil law cases, (litigious and non-litigious) administrativ law cases and commercial law cases. The number presented at total of penal row includes all criminal cases (severe criminal offences) and misdemeanour cases (minor offences).
Andorra	Le système andorran ne dispose pas de Cour Suprême
Armenia	
Austria	
Azerbaijan	
Belgium	le nombre total d'affaires civiles, commerciales et administratives compte aussi les affaires sociales et fiscales à la Cour de cassation (affaires du rôle C,F et S de la Cour de cassation)
Bosnia and Herzegovina	The highest instance courts have jurisdiction over the following matters: - deciding on appeals against the decisions (mostly in criminal cases) of the second instance courts, and - deciding on extraordinary legal remedies submitted against final rulings (in criminal, administrative, and civil cases) of lower courts.
Bulgaria	The data refers only to the Supreme Administrative Court. The numbers in the table are sum of the total number of 1-st instance cases and the total of cassation cases. (from the report of the SAC for 2008)
Croatia	In the tables are entered data on cases that are being led at the Supreme Court as the highest court. The category of civil litigation cases includes data for civil cases in stage II competence of the Supreme Court, and information about cases of the extraordinary remedies (request for protection of legality and audit). The category of administrative and legal cases includes data on subjects for protection of legality in administrative disputes, and the category of criminal cases includes data on third instance criminal cases, as well cases in this court that are being led for extraordinary remedies (protection laws, demand for extraordinary mitigation of the sentence, the request for extraordinary review of a final verdict)
Cyprus	The supreme court is the final appellate court.
Czech Republic	
Denmark	All data in table 93 are taken from the Supreme Court's Annual Account statement. Re 1: Pending cases prime and ultimo 2008 only includes cases where the whole case is appealed, not a minor decisions in a case that is appealed. 1 above is all appeal cases (including minor decisions in a case) from which 6, administrative cases have been deducted as administrative cases has its own category. Pending ultimo does not measure up as definitions of incoming and resolved cases are different from the definitions used on pending cases. Pending cases are found as residuals.
Estonia	The Supreme Court is the court of cassation, therefore only those cases are heard which have been given leave to appeal. The data presented shows the number of incoming/resolved/pending cases which have been actually heard by the Supreme Court (e.g. those cases have been granted the leave to appeal, they are declared admissible). Records are maintained on court cases, not appeals, i.e. there may be several appeals in one court case. Comments: Line 2 of the table – the Supreme Court of Estonia does not collect statistical data separately for litigious and non-litigious cases. Line 8 of the table - a criminal offence is a serious offence the principal punishment prescribed for which is a pecuniary punishment or imprisonment. Line 9 of the table - a misdemeanour offence is an offence the principal punishment prescribed for which is a fine or detention.
Finland	6 Administrative law cases: Cases mentioned in category 6 are dealt with by the Supreme Administrative Court, cases mentioned in other categories are dealt with by the Supreme Court. Cases mentioned in category 7 are following: Case categoriesNo. Pending cases on 1 Jan. '08No. of incoming casesNo. of decisionsNo. pending cases on 31 Dec. '08Insurance cases5325723377Land right law cases 6315213382Petitions for a pardon 033321Total criminal cases (8+9): The classification of cases between severe criminal law cases and misdemeanour cases is not in statistical use in Finland.
France	Affaires pénales : Le nombre total d'affaires terminées correspond aux arrêts de cassation, de cassation sans renvoi et de rejet du pourvoi. Les autres arrêts rendus par la chambre criminelle de la Cour de cassation ne sont pas comptabilisés. Il n'est pas possible de distinguer le contentieux de la Cour de cassation selon le type d'infractions. Sous le terme « affaires pénales (infractions graves) sont repris l'ensemble des pourvois. Il est à noter que les pourvois concernent essentiellement des crimes et des délits. La part des contraventions est résiduelle. Les données sont issues du rapport annuel d'activité de la Cour de cassation.
Georgia	
Germany	
Greece	THERE ARE NO DATA AVAILABLE, AS THERE IS NO RELEVANT SURVEY CONDUCTED BY THE NATIONAL STATISTICAL SERVICE OF GREECE (NSSG).
Hungary	
Iceland	
Ireland	
Italy	
Latvia	Data concerns Senate of the Supreme Court. Total number of civil, commercial and administrative cases has been formed from all cases reviewed by the Department of Civil Cases of the Senate and the Department of Administrative Cases of the Senate (1+6+7) Row 7 – other cases, inter alia: 1) new reviews of civil cases due to significant infringements of material law and procedural law standards

	<p>2) new reviews of civil cases due to newly discovered circumstances 3) new reviews of administrative cases due to newly discovered circumstances 4) cases that have been reviewed by the Department of Administrative cases of the Senate as by the court of the first instance</p> <p>All cases that have been reviewed in the Department of Criminal Cases of the Senate, have been included in total number of criminal cases</p>
Lichtenstein	
Lithuania	
Luxembourg	
Malta	The Court of Appeal is the court of second instance and is the Highest Court of Malta, so the data requested herein is the same as that provided for in question 92.
Moldova	
Monaco	
Montenegro	<p>The Supreme Court of Montenegro, as the highest court in Montenegro, is in charge of deciding per reviews against enforceable decisions in civil and commercial matters. Review is allowed in proprietary legal matters in which the statement of claim refers to monetary claim, surrender of an asset or execution of some other obligation, as well as in proprietary legal disputes in which the statement of claim does not refer to monetary claim, surrender of an asset or execution of some other obligation if the value of the subject matter of the dispute exceeds 10,000 euros.</p> <p>Notwithstanding the value of a dispute, review is always allowed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - in disputes concerning maintenance when maintenance is established and revoked for the first time, - in disputes concerning compensation of damages for lost maintenance due to the death of maintenance provider and due to lost earnings or other income from labour when these compensations are established or revoked for the first time, - in proprietary disputes arisen due to anti-constitutional and unlawful individual acts and actions which put legal entities or natural persons, depending on their registered office i.e. residence, to unequal position in the market or which disturb the market in another manner, including also disputes over compensation of damages caused by the above said acts or actions. <p>In labour relation disputes review is allowed only in disputes concerning entering into employment, existence of the employment and termination of the employment. In commercial disputes review is allowed if the value of the subject matter of the dispute of the refuted part of the enforceable verdict exceeds the amount of 30,000 euros. Civil legal cases include all cases from that field in which review has been appealed for. Commercial legal cases include all cases in which review has been appealed for against decisions of commercial courts. Administrative legal cases include all cases in which a request for extraordinary reconsideration of an enforceable decision of the Administrative Court is submitted. In criminal matters the Supreme Court decides on appeals at third-instance level, when such legal instrument is allowed by the law, and on extraordinary legal remedies – a request for protection of lawfulness, a request for examination of lawfulness of an enforceable verdict and extraordinary mitigation of sentence. The Supreme Court is in charge of deciding on extension of detention period prior to bringing an indictment when three months of detention have passed, which is the period for which a court of first instance may order i.e. extend detention. Also, the Supreme Court is in charge of deciding on devolving of territorial jurisdiction and to determine a court which shall have territorial jurisdiction when jurisdiction of courts in Montenegro is not precluded and when it is not possible to determine on the basis of the rules on territorial jurisdiction which court has territorial jurisdiction over certain matter. The table above contains a figure referring to all criminal cases which the Supreme Court processed during 2008.</p>
Netherlands	Cases from the Council of State are excluded.
Norway	
Poland	Statistics of the Superior court are held in separate manner the the lower courts. The number are calculated with taking account kind of action (cassation, appeal etc.) but not the specific kind of case.
Portugal	<p>1 - Includes civil, labour and juveniles cases in the Supreme Court 8 - Criminal cases in the Supreme Court</p>
Romania	
Russian Federation	<p>The first amount is the number of cases examined by a judge of a supervisory review instance court in order to establish whether the matter is to be referred to the supervisory review instance court or not and the second amount is the number of cases referred to the supervisory review instance court and examined.</p> <p>The table concerns cases examined by the courts of general jurisdiction. As regards commercial courts, please find enclosed the following information: Incoming cases - 21023 Resolved cases - 17 334/324</p>
San Marino	<p>En ce qui concerne civiles et administratives: - il ya une Cour suprême, mais un tribunal de troisième instance d'experts en matière civile, qui intervient si la décision en première instance et la phrase du second degré sont entre eux, même s'il n'est que partiellement déformée. L'opération est automatiquement le cas d'un recours administratif, à la demande de la partie perdante en appel si, au lieu qu'il est litiges civils. Le tribunal de troisième instance est résolu que dans le choix entre les chefs des jugements divergents, sans la possibilité de tribunal de troisième instance de mettre en place une solution autre que ceux donnés dans les classes précédentes. - Les affaires concernant les commerciaux et les terrains sont inclus dans l'Article 1, car il n'ya pas de dossiers spécifiques et en particulier pour ces questions.</p> <p>En ce qui concerne les affaires pénales: - il existe un tribunal de troisième degré de juridiction pénale de troisième instance pénale n'a compétence qu'à l'égard des plaintes dans les procédures pénales et inhérents à la légitimité des mesures réelles ou personnelles et de protection pour la mise en œuvre de la phrase.</p>
Serbia	
Slovakia	
Slovenia	Civil and commercial litigious cases include all civil litigious cases and all commercial litigious cases in the highest instance court, namely in the Supreme Court of the Republic of Slovenia. Administrative

	law cases include all administrative cases in the highest instance court with the exception of appeals in administrative disputes. The latter are considered as the cases in the second instance. Other cases among civil cases in the highest instance court include cases governed by employment and social (security) law. Limitations to the appeal to the highest instance court – There are limitations to appeal to the Supreme Court in almost all procedures, excluding the criminal procedure. In labour and social disputes law it was introduced in 2005, in administrative law in 2007 and for civil law disputes in 2008. Regarding civil law, the results of the introduction of the limitation have yet to be seen.
Spain	Cases corresponding to the Military and special chambers of the Supreme Court have been included in the figures for civil and commercial cases and enforcement.
Sweden	Administrative law cases are only indicated in section 6 (thus, they are not included in section 1 'Total of civil, commercial...'). The administrative law cases are handled by the Supreme Administrative Court, while the other cases in the table are dealt with by the Supreme Court.
Switzerland	Chiffres tirés du rapport de gestion 2008 du Tribunal Fédéral Suisse. Les détails ne sont pas disponibles, le Tribunal utilisant une autre typologie.
FYROMacedonia	In addition to presented figures, Supreme Court has the competence to deal with application of citizens regarding the delay of procedure. In that field, Supreme Court in 2008 received 106 applications, 58 of them were solved while 48 were pending cases on 31 december 2008.
Turkey	
Ukraine	
UK-England and Wales	Table 1.4 JCS 08 Used to include those without judgment Table 1.5 JCS 08
UK-Northern Ireland	
UK-Scotland	Administrative law cases include judicial review, company insolvency, trusts, enforcement of foreign judgments etc. Civil and commercial cases include family, commercial, personal injury and other ordinary disputes.

Table 50 - Litigious divorce cases average length

country	95.3.1. 1st instance (average length) - Litigious divorce cases (2004) [q69] (in days)	95.3.1. 1st instance (average length) - Litigious divorce cases (2006) [q93] (in days)	95.3.1. 1st instance (average length) - Litigious divorce cases (2008) (in days)	95.4.1. 2nd instance (average length) - Litigious divorce cases (2004) [q69]	95.4.1. 2nd instance (average length) - Litigious divorce cases (2006) [q93]	95.4.1. 2nd instance (average length) - Litigious divorce cases (2008)
Albania	120		73			246
Andorra						
Armenia	55			40		
Austria		183	180			NA
Azerbaijan	175	90		60	90	
Belgium		NA	NA		564	479
Bosnia and Herzegovina			329			98
Bulgaria			NA			NA
Croatia			NA			NA
Cyprus	365			365		
Czech Republic	228	-	NA	55	-	NA
Denmark	100	90	153		90	90
Estonia			91			30
Finland	240	243	243			0
France	423	477	564	441	396	393
Georgia		NA	NA		NA	NA
Germany	302	321				
Greece						13000*
Hungary			NA			NA
Iceland			NA			NA
Ireland						
Italy	582	634	682	502	NA	NA
Latvia		117	135		84	72
Lichtenstein						
Lithuania		39	69,3			
Luxembourg		NA	NA		NA	NA
Malta	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Moldova		NA	NA		NA	NA
Monaco		270	270		240	240
Montenegro	98		103,86	165		120,46
Netherlands	308	308	331	237		217
Norway			NAP			NAP
Poland	204	179	164,1		89	50,4
Portugal	308	325		106	114	101
Romania	189		NA	183		NA
Russian Federation	30		NA	30		NA
San Marino			NA			NA
Serbia	NA		NA	NA		NA
Slovakia						
Slovenia	173	206	191		78	60
Spain	251	227	261			NA
Sweden		183	234			NAP
Switzerland			NA			NA
FYROMacedonia			136			47
Turkey		153	152			NA
Ukraine						
UK-England and Wales			225			NA
UK-Northern Ireland			NA			NA
UK-Scotland			NA			NA

Table 51 - Description of the calculation method of the length of proceedings (not limited to litigious divorce cases, it also include comments on employment dismissal, robbery and intentional homicide cases)

country	97 Description of the calculation method of the length of proceedings (2004) NQ	97 Description of the calculation method of the length of proceedings (2006) [q95]	97 Description of the calculation method of the length of proceedings (2008)
Albania			Calculation of the case turnover ratio ? dividing 365 according to the GOJUST Guidelines formula for the calculation of the disposition time.
Andorra			
Armenia			
Austria		Average length (median) of procedures from filing to final close.	Average length (median) of procedures from filing to final close.
Azerbaijan		The length of investigation for these two kinds of criminal cases is 3 month, but the term may be extended till 12 month. As the criminal case enters the court the judge should appoint preparatory process no later than 15 days and from this date should start to court consideration of the criminal case in 15 days. In legislation there is no time framework for consideration of criminal cases. According to article 6 of the Convention "On protection of human rights and fundamental freedoms", the judge should consider the criminal case in reasonable time. From the date of the delivering judgment the appeal may be submitted to the court in 20 days. The preliminary consideration of the criminal case in the appellate court are to carried out by the judge within 15 days, in case of high number of accused persons or complicity of the criminal case within 30 days. The judge should appoints consideration of the criminal case in 30 days, but in case of high number of accused persons or complicity of the criminal case this term may be extended till 45 days.	Note: The length of investigation for these two kinds of criminal cases is 3 month, but the term may be extended till 12 month. As the criminal case enters the court the judge should appoint preparatory process no later than 15 days and from this date should start to court consideration of the criminal case in 15 days. In legislation there is no time framework for consideration of criminal cases. According to article 6 of the Convention "On protection of human rights and fundamental freedoms", the judge should consider the criminal case in reasonable time. From the date of the delivering judgment the appeal may be submitted to the court in 20 days. The preliminary consideration of the criminal case in the appellate court are to carried out by the judge within 15 days, in case of high number of accused persons or complicity of the criminal case within 30 days. The judge should appoints consideration of the criminal case in 30 days, but in case of high number of accused persons or complicity of the criminal case this term may be extended till 45 days.
Belgium		Le délai de procédure correspond à la durée moyenne totale, exprimée en nombre de jours, des affaires clôturées durant l'année civile considérée, mesurant le laps de temps écoulé entre leur introduction et leur clôture. A noter que si une affaire est clôturée le même jour que son introduction, notre méthode de calcul considère que son délai de procédure est d'1 jour. Par conséquent, chaque durée de procédure est augmentée d'un jour. Par exemple, si une affaire est introduite le 20 octobre 2006 et qu'un arrêt est prononcé le 22 octobre 2006, la durée totale de son traitement est calculée de la manière suivante : (22-20)+1= 3 jours.	La durée de l'output concerne les affaires pour lesquelles une décision mettant un terme à l'affaire (décision définitive) a été prise pendant la période statistique. Elle représente le nombre de jours entre l'inscription et la décision définitive. Moyenne et médiane La durée moyenne est la moyenne de toutes les durées. Pour la calculer, la somme de toutes les durées est divisée par le nombre d'affaires. Lorsqu'il y a un déséquilibre entre les durées, par exemple lorsqu'un grand nombre d'affaires affichent une courte durée et un petit nombre d'affaires s'étendent sur une très longue durée, la médiane constitue un meilleur indicateur pour la durée d'une affaire moyenne. La durée médiane est la durée centrale de toutes les affaires. La moitié des affaires durent moins longtemps que la médiane, l'autre moitié plus longtemps. Par exemple, pour les cinq affaires dont la durée est de 50, 60, 70, 80 et 150 jours, la durée moyenne est de 82 jours et la durée médiane est de 70 jours. Actuellement, la durée médiane n'est pas encore disponible.
Bosnia and Herzegovina		Relevant laws contain provisions regarding deadlines for undertaking particular actions in cases, however in the vast majority of cases courts are not able to respect the given deadlines due to overwhelming number of cases.	The length of proceedings for litigious divorce and employment dismissal cases is reported by courts as the simple average of time needed to resolve a case for cases resolved during the year. More than two thirds (69%) of courts reported while remaining 31% did not provide that figure. The average length at the national level is calculated as the weighted average with number of resolved cases at the court level as weights. Data on length of proceedings, at this point, is not available for robbery and intentional homicide cases. However, the data for such cases will be available for the next evaluation cycle.
Bulgaria			
Croatia		The length of proceedings is calculated from the date of receiving a court file till the legal validity of the judicial decision.	From the day the lawsuit is filed until the day the decision becomes final.
Cyprus		In all cases except criminal time starts from the date of filing the case.	
Czech Republic		From filing the action until the decision is legal effective.	From filing the action until the decision is legally effective.
Denmark		From the date of incoming cases to the date of decisions.	

Estonia			The length of proceeding is given as a arithmetical average. The beginning of a proceeding is filing the case to the court. The end on proceeding is a final decision which ends the proceeding. The suspension of proceeding is taken into consideration; the time for judgment to enter into force, is not.
Finland		The length of proceedings is calculated from the day of the beginning of lis pendens until the day when the judicial decision is given. Timeframes are calculated via automated case management system which provides information about the duration of procedures in every single case as necessary.	The length of proceedings is calculated from the day of the beginning of lis pendens until the day when the judicial decision is given. Timeframes are calculated via automated case management system which provides information about the duration of procedures in every single case as necessary.
France		En matière civile : de la date de saisine de la juridiction à la date de la décision au fond dessaisissant la juridiction. En matière pénale : de la date des faits à la date de la condamnation sauf pour les homicides volontaires. En l'absence de données assez précises il s'agit de la durée des crimes (durée de l'instruction + délai d'audience).	En matière civile : de la date de saisine de la juridiction à la date de la décision dessaisissant la juridiction. En matière pénale : de la date des faits à la date de la condamnation.
Georgia		n/a	The length is calculated from the moment of adoption of the formal resolution of the court on admission of the case until the judgement's entrance into the force.
Germany		The average length of proceedings was identified for criminal cases and family law cases, but not for labour law cases within the reporting period. The competent courts collected the data of cases filed and cases concluded for this purpose. The date of lodging court proceedings means - For family law cases: the day on which the request was received by the court or was recorded at the court office in charge - For criminal cases: the day on which the law suit, private law suit or request was received by the court or when the private law suit was recorded at the court office in charge. If there was a previous arrest proceeding, the date on which the application for an arrest warrant was received by the court is applicable (§ 408 para 3 Code of Criminal Procedure) or in case of an appeal the date on which the appeal was received. The date that is given for concluding the case in either family law cases or criminal cases is the day on which the case is closed (e.g. by a judgement, decision, withdrawal, acceptance of withdrawal).	
Greece		Length of proceedings: there is not a consistent system for calculating the length of proceedings as a whole.	LENGTH OF PROCEEDINGS: THERE IS NOT A CONSISTENT SYSTEM FOR CALCULATING THE LENGTH OF PROCEEDINGS AS A WHOLE
Hungary		The time is calculated from the qualified registration of the case, suspension and pause are not included.	The length of proceedings is calculated from the day when the court gets the case to the case-closing decision. These data are stored in the judicial computer system.
Iceland		N/A	NA
Ireland		No information available.	
Italy		Average length of proceedings, regarding "employment dismissal cases", is calculated from the date of lodging to final decision	Average length of proceedings is calculated from the date of lodging to final decision.
Latvia		The length of proceedings is calculated according to arithmetical mean calculation method.	The length of proceedings is calculated according to arithmetical mean calculation method.
Lichtenstein			
Lithuania		The length of proceedings is calculated from the receiving the procedural documents in the court until the decision of the court.	The length of proceedings is calculated from the receiving the procedural documents in the court until the decision of the court.
Luxembourg		Il s'agit d'une estimation.	
Malta		by an age analysis system	NAP
Moldova			
Monaco		Comptage dossier par dossier.	Comptage dossier par dossier.
Montenegro		Please see Q.32., Q.44. & Q.84. of this E-scheme.	The average length of proceedings is calculated by analyzing the relation between the length of the proceedings and number of cases.
Netherlands		The average is given for a) all family cases and b) for all civil cases where complainant actually appears before the court.	length of proceedings in civil cases (first instance) is calculated from date of administrative proceeding/appointment (rolzitting) and the date of the final judgement.
Norway			
Poland		The length of civil proceeding is calculated approximately (in months) with a use of statistical indicator of outstanding cases - which is the ratio of cases not completed in a specific period (month) to the average number of incoming cases in that period. Statistical table groups the cases in categories that were pending for 3 months period, 6 months, 1 year, 2 years, 5 years and over this period. However the method of calculation is similar in criminal cases reports do not reflect specific types of crimes but are based on indicators concerning all criminal cases held by the District, Circuit (first and second instance) or Court of Appeal. The numbers given as average length of proceeding in robbery and homicide cases reflects average length of proceedings calculated statistically for courts and types of cases that	The length of proceeding is calculated approximately (in months) with a use of statistical indicator of outstanding cases - which is the ratio of cases not completed in a specific period (month) to the average number of incoming cases in that period. The system is designed first of all to identify category of pending cases due to a specific periods of pending proceedings. Statistical table groups the cases in categories that were pending for 3 months period, 6 months, 1 year, 2 years, 5 years and over this period.

		include these two specific types of crime. However this is not a accurate answer in this question, this allows to give the statisticly closest answers to questions asked.	
Portugal		Length of time: it starts to be measured from the day the case enters a court until it reaches a final decision in that instance, even if later there may occur an appeal on the decision before a higher court. Data related to 2nd instance decisions refer not only to the appeal courts but to the Supreme High Court (3rd instance) as well.	The data regarding the length of time in the first instance judicial courts for 2007 and 2008 is still being validated. Nevertheless, the length of proceedings starts to be measured from the day the case enters a court until it reaches a final decision in that instance, even if later it may occur an appeal on the decision before a higher court.
Romania		The solving term is counted distinctly for each cycle of the trial (first instance, appeal, second appeal). We don't collect statistics regarding the length for each file from the first instance procedure to the highest court procedure. The duration are an average for those types of cases for first instance procedure and for appealing procedure (appeal and second appeal).	The comment from question 95 is valid.
Russian Federation		According to article 154 of Civil procedure code of Russian federation civil cases shall be examined and adjudicated by court before expiring 2 months beginning from the date on which the application reached a court, by the justice of the peace – before expiring of 1 month beginning from the date on which the application was accepted for examination. Cases on restoration at work, on collection of alimonies are examined and adjudicated by court before expiring of 1 month.	The aerage length of proceeding is calculated in the basis of the the amount of cases examined: - to 1,5 month inclusive, - over 1,5 month to 3 months inclusive, - over 3 month to 1year inclusive, - over 1 year to 2 years inclusive, - over 2 years to 3 years inclusive, - over 3 years to 4 years inclusive.
San Marino			
Serbia			
Slovakia		The length of proceedings is calculated from the date of lodging the case to the final valid decision, it means, that it includes the length of the proceedings before both first intance and appeal court.	The length of proceedings is calculated from the date of lodging the case to the final valid decision, it means, that it includes the length of the proceedings before both first instance and appeal court.
Slovenia		The lenght of the proceedings is calculated for each case from the date of lodging the plaint, to the date of the judgement. Since this calculations are made for each instance separately, we are not able (yet) to give the aggregate numbers.	The average length of the court proceedings of each category given is calculated as arithmetic mean of the lengths of all the proceedings of certain category resolved in the year observed, wherein the length of each proceeding is calculated in number of days counted from the date of initiation/lodging of the proceeding up to the date of its resolution. Arithmetic mean is calculated by the formulae as follows: "Ya = (y1 + y2 + ... + yN) / N", wherein Ya is arithmetic mean of the lengths of the proceedings, y1 is length of proceeding No 1, y2 is length of proceeding No 2, yN is length of proceeding No N and N is the number of all proceedings.
Spain			As direct data on lenght of proceedings is not available, it is calculated in accordance to a mathematical model that takes into account the number of incoming, pending and solved cases at the end of each year and gives an estimate of the average lenght of cases that are filed each year.
Sweden		Average length of proceedings in divorce cases calculated from the date when the application of summons is received by the court until the date of the judgment.	Average length of proceedings in divorce cases is calculated from the date when the application of summons is received by the court until the date of the judgment.
Switzerland		En Suisse, les durées moyennes de procédure sont rarement indiquées dans les rapports de gestion. La charge moyenne des affaires leur permet de liquider les affaires dans des délais raisonnables, le gros des affaires en moins d'une année par instance et la quasi-totalité en moins de deux ans par instance. Des difficultés particulières ou des demandes des parties justifient des durées plus longues. Les condamnations de la Suisse pour une durée excessive de procédure par la Cour européenne des droits de l'homme restent rares et ne nécessitent en règle générale aucune modification ni de l'organisation judiciaire ni du droit de procédure mais constituent des exceptions qu'ils convient de combattre par des contrôles de durée de procédure. La méthode de calcul généralement utilisée pour calculer la durée de la procédure: A = date de dépôt du mémoire principal ou date de saisine du juge pénal B = date de la décision (= communication orale lors de l'audience ou, en cas de procédure écrite,	La durée totale de la procédure pour les affaires pénales a été calculée par l'Office fédéral de la statistique pour les délits mentionnés sur la base des informations disponibles dans le casier judiciaire; la durée est calculée depuis la commission de l'infraction jusqu'à l'entrée en force du jugement (y compris la dernière instance en cas de recours); afin de disposer d'un plus grand nombre d'affaires, le calcul repose sur les affaires entrées en force en 2008 et 2009. Ces données sont fiables et donnent une information correcte sur le plan national. La durée située entre la commission du délit et le début de la procédure judiciaire peut être considéré comme négligeable vu la gravité des délits.

		communication du dispositif écrit aux parties) La durée est calculée selon la formule "B - A", aucune déduction n'est autorisée, pas même en cas de suspension à la demande des parties.	
FYROMacedonia		We do not possibility to present data as it is required in table in question 92 because we have established other system followed by consistent methodology for calculating lenght of proceedings. In few point we will present you mentioned system and results of the analysis of collected data for 2006: I. First instance 1. Civil cases - less than 3 months: 38,20%, 3-6 months: 16,90%, 6 months - 1 year: 16,70%, 1-3 years - 19,30%, 3-5 years: 4,80% and more than 5 years: 4,10% 2. Labour Disputes - less than 3 months: 34,20%, 3-6 months: 19,60%, more than 6 months: 46,20% 3. Commercial cases - less than 3 months: 29,70%, 3-6 months: 21,80%, 6 months - 1 year: 21,90%, 1-3 years - 19,30%, 3-5 years: 4,30% and more than 5 years: 3% 4. Bankruptcy cases - 3-6 months: 70%, 6 months - 1 year: 17,10%, 1-3 years - 11,40%, 3-5 years: 0,60% and more than 5 years: 0,90% II. Second instance 1. Civil cases - Less than 1 month: 52,30%, 1-2 months: 17%, 2-3 months: 17%, 3-6 months: 13,20% and more than 6 months: 0,50% 2. Labour disputes - Less than 1 month: 55,90%, 1-2 months: 15,20%, 2-3 months: 15%, 3-6 months: 13,40% and more than 6 months: 0,50% 3. Commercial cases - Less than 1 month: 60,60%, 1-2 months: 16,50%, 2-3 months: 10,60%, 3-6 months: 11,80% and more than 6 months: 0,50% III. Extraordinary legal remedies before Supreme Court - Less than 1 month: 2,55%, 1-2 months: 2,20%, 2-3 months: 3,25%, 3-6 months: 7,05%, 6 months - 1 year: 52,55% and 1-3 years: 32,40%.	Lenght of procedure is calculated according to data received by all courts. Separately, there were analysed data from basic courts, appellate courts and Supreme Court of the Republic of Macedonia.
Turkey		The length of proceedings is calculated from the date of bringing a suit into the court of first instance and to the date of the decision of that court.	The length of proceedings is calculated from the date of bringing a suit into the court of first instance and to the date of the decision of that court. Trial duration is arranged according to the distribution of the lawsuits finalized in 2008 to the initiation years. It is calculated as ((Lawsuits initiated in 2007) + (Lawsuits initiated in 2006 x 2) + (Lawsuits initiated in 2005 x 3) + (Lawsuits initiated in 2004 and before x 4) / (Finalized lawsuits)) x 36. (For all types of offences)
Ukraine			
UK-England and Wales		A. Our key performance indicator is to hear 75% of cases within 26 weeks of receipt, this has been met for the last few years. However hearing a case does not necessarily mean that the case is disposed. We do not currently have an end to end target - although this is something that the Tribunals Service are looking at for the future. All unfair dismissal cases can be subject to appeal through the Employment Appeal Tribunal, however again we do not hold this information broken down by the type of appeal. There is no definition on length of proceedings as they can vary on case to case basis for Robbery and Homicide cases	This is the median number of days from petition to decree absolute for dissolution of marriage and dissolution of civil partnership cases where decree absolutes were made in 2008. @14.5.10: "Average length of proceeding for robbery and intentional homicide cases - we do not publish official statistics on this."
UK-Northern Ireland			NA
UK-Scotland			NAP

**Compilation of replies from the member States
concerning the questionnaire on
Lengths of Judicial Proceedings**

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Albania

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The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	54393	4.997	2.788	50.714	4.148	1.184	11.174	4.205	4.326
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	93%	83%	42%	454%	99%	27%	80	370	1.334

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	19.980	3.383	NAP	18.418	2.988	NAP	6.369	3.278	NAP
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	92%	88%		289%	91%	0%	126	400	

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	7.365	2.809	912	7.349	2.057	584	2.082	1.900	1.235
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	100%	73%	64%	353%	108%	47%	103	337	772

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	83	1.854	NAP	76	1.268	NAP	69	1.524	NAP
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	92%	68%		110%	83%		331	439	

Albania			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	120		
2.006			
2.008	73	246	319

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	153	588	741

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	60	60	
2.006			
2.008	73	365	438

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	246	258	504

Andorra

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The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	3321	372		3.266	267		3.354		
2.008	5735	491		5.242	544		4.000	199	
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	98%	72%		97%			375		
2.008	91%	111%		131%	273%		279	134	

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1.321			1.177			1.765		
2.008	3.255	NA		3.129	NA		1.175	NA	
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	89%			67%			547		
2.008	96%			266%			137		

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	4.590	75		4.781	56		771	30	
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	104%	75%		620%	187%		59	196	

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	188	51		228	45		200	14	
2.008	257	49		301	37		208	19	
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	121%	88%		114%	321%		320	114	
2.008	117%	76%		145%	195%		252	187	

Andorra			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Armenia

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The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	39218	5.474	1.805	43.611	3.549	1.785	5.788	1.678	45
2.008	40942	2.913	1.069	33.176	3.140	1.068	13.378	630	1
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	111%	65%	99%	753%	212%	3967%	48	173	9
2.008	81%	108%	100%	248%	498%	106800%	147	73	0,3

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	31.373	2.913	846	26.991	3.140	845	9.994	630	1
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	86%	108%	100%	270%	498%	84500%	135	73	0,4

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	3.421	653	352	3.396	663	344	544	47	19
2.008	2.994	1.573	88	2.575	1.316	76	589	274	12
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	99%	102%	98%	624%	1411%	1811%	58	26	20
2.008	86%	84%	86%	437%	480%	633%	83	76	58

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	1.321			1.055			266		
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	80%			397%			92		

Armenia			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	55	40	
2.006			
2.008			

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	35		
2.006			
2.008			

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Austria

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The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	966929	35.391	2.914	969.836	35.410	2.947	205.534	6.234	838
2.008	3625816	34.251	2.857	3.635.938	33.777	2.882	528.771	6.791	827
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	100%	100%	101%	472%	568%	352%	77	64	104
2.008	100%	99%	101%	688%	497%	348%	53	73	105

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	113.774			110.302			40.732		
2.008	110.497	NA	NA	111.245	NA	NA	39.227	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	97%			271%			135		
2.008	101%			284%			129		

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	86.144	9.399	719	87.857	9.509	721	26.838	1.013	179
2.008	59.812	11.628	942	65.538	11.173	936	20.405	1.477	213
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	102%	101%	100%	327%	939%	403%	111	39	91
2.008	110%	96%	99%	321%	756%	439%	114	48	83

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	26.989	6.726		26.969	6.728		6.124	539	
2.008	24.782	8.943	NA	24.630	8.404	NA	6.429	1.065	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	100%	100%		440%	1248%		83	29	
2.008	99%	94%		383%	789%		95	46	

Austria			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	183		
2.008	180	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	177		
2.008	171	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Azerbaijan

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The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006		9.211	3.272		8.918	3.366		1.301	334
2.008	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006		97%	103%		685%	1008%		53	36
2.008									

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	55.431			54.612			6.225		
2.008	70.593	9.210		70.119	7.018		8.157	1.432	
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	99%			877%			42		
2.008	99%	76%		860%	490%		42	74	

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	13.649	2.242	754	11.715	2.199	778	1.656	195	39
2.008	14.910	2.241	972	14.930	2.158	760	1.494	175	134
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	86%	98%	103%	707%	1128%	1995%	52	32	18
2.008	100%	96%	78%	999%	1233%	567%	37	30	64

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1.394	640	274						
2.008	1.752	700	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Azerbaijan			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	175	60	225
2.006	90	90	60
2.008			

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	120	60	120
2.006		90	60
2.008			

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Belgium

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The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	NA	NA	2.957	NA	NA	2.953	NA	NA	1.646
2.008	NA	NA	877	NA	NA	924	NA	NA	1.119
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006			100%			179%			203
2.008			105%			83%			442

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	317.290	32.822		NA	NA		NA	NA	
2.008	661.149	29.758	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	NA	NA	1.697	304.020	NA	1.722	NA	NA	414
2.008	NA	16.716	1.939	318.017	16.134	1.834	NA	11765*	549
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006			101%			416%			88
2.008		97%	95%			334%			109

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	42.330	NA		47.436	NA		NA	NA	
2.008	44.015	7.466	NA	46.072	7.507	NA	9.719	8.664	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	112%								
2.008	105%	101%		474%	87%		77	421	

Belgium			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	NA	564	NA
2.008	NA	479	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			NA
2.008	NA	277	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			NA
2.008	NA	364	NA

Bosnia and Herzegovina

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The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	763590	30.988	4.013	545.157	33.578	6.258	1.480.722	26.977	9.419
2.008	1043238	40.723	8.741	744.475	37.246	10.307	1.901.129	29.233	9.568
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	71%	108%	156%	37%	124%	66%	991	293	549
2.008	71%	91%	118%	39%	127%	108%	932	286	339

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	138.598	21.271	2.918	136.439	22.703	2.684	261.980	18.921	2.836
2.008	147.807	32.309	4.304	136.664	28.971	4.133	292.476	23.004	3.752
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	98%	107%	92%	52%	120%	95%	701	304	386
2.008	92%	90%	96%	47%	126%	110%	781	290	331

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	154.320	44.533	1.173	158.351	43.178	1.205	412.177	4.661	207
2.008	242.057	13.774	2.320	321.898	14.844	2.399	195.623	2.255	399
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	103%	97%	103%	38%	926%	582%	950	39	63
2.008	133%	108%	103%	165%	658%	601%	222	55	61

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	93.798	44.533	1.173	93.631	43.178	1.205	24.941	4.661	207
2.008	83.962	8.154	2.320	82.475	8.133	2.399	26.303	1.236	399
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	100%	97%	103%	375%	926%	582%	97	39	63
2.008	98%	100%	103%	314%	658%	601%	116	55	61

Bosnia and Herzegovina			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	329	98	214

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	313	144	229

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Bulgaria

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The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	266907		13.928	267.899		14.464	70.371		13.110
2.008	140700	23.397	16.402	150.786	24.922	15.095	61.026	10.854	4.491
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	100%		104%	381%		110%	96		331
2.008	107%	107%	92%	247%	230%	336%	148	159	109

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	116.857		3.274	120.119		3.888	22.385		1.022
2.008	26.295	7.922	NA	29.192	8.038	NA	11.942	1.778	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	103%		119%	537%		380%	68		96
2.008	111%	101%		244%	452%		149	81	

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Bulgaria			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Croatia

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The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1157377	83.177	2.408	1.589.727	70.083	2.745	576.920	56.569	693
2.008	1104436	81.089	2.672	1.136.502	78.372	1.958	471.529	59.595	1.711
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	137%	84%	114%	276%	124%	396%	132	295	92
2.008	103%	97%	73%	241%	132%	114%	151	278	319

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	133.421	80.430	2.382	148.134	67.410	2.721	217.778	55.381	688
2.008	140.283	81.098	2.625	145.069	78.372	1.929	198.067	59.595	1.676
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	111%	84%	114%	68%	122%	395%	537	300	92
2.008	103%	97%	73%	73%	132%	115%	498	278	317

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	507.089	77.353	747	530.550	31.917	740	308.817	89.053	258
2.008	365.311	62.002	999	400.684	80.895	1.082	262.632	81.889	209
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	105%	41%	99%	172%	36%	287%	212	1.018	127
2.008	110%	130%	108%	153%	99%	518%	239	369	71

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	88.092	13.197	747	89.296	12.214	740	45.489	4.617	258
2.008	41.012	9.394	999	43.438	9.459	1.082	35.586	1.794	209
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	101%	93%	99%	196%	265%	287%	186	138	127
2.008	106%	101%	108%	122%	527%	518%	299	69	71

Croatia			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Cyprus

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	22639	222		25.407	145		29.436	524	
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	112%	65%		86%	28%		423	1.319	

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	27.114	433		16296*	342		30.008	719	
2.008									
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006		79%			48%			767	
2.008									

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	101.002	288		55.447	258		46.643	226	
2.008	93.170			93.202			52.758		
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	55%	90%		119%	114%		307	320	
2.008	100%			177%			207		

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Cyprus			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	365	365	730
2.006			
2.008			

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	665	365	665
2.006			
2.008			

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Czech Republic

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1339889	70.963	11.700	1.353.285	69.977	10.731	331.216	17.177	6.789
2.008	1454606	72.788	10.137	1.457.268	73.488	9.938	669.252	17.086	6.986
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	101%	99%	92%	409%	407%	158%	89	90	231
2.008	100%	101%	98%	218%	430%	142%	168	85	257

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	327.964		7.507	332.478		6.002	164.694		4.091
2.008	360.945		6.510	368.048		6.066	155.472		5.654
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	101%		80%	202%		147%	181		249
2.008	102%		93%	237%		107%	154		340

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	100.233	13.545	2.351	101.252	13.584	2.350	24.304	1.574	199
2.008	103.329	15.263		105.367	13.392		20.958	1.444	
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	101%	100%	100%	417%	863%	12	88	42	31
2.008	102%	88%		503%	927%		73	39	

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	-		-	-		-	-		0
2.008	NA		2.718	NA		2.619	NA		304
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008			96%			862%			42

Czech Republic			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	228	55	284
2.006	-	-	602
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	628	138	628
2.006	-	-	284
2.008	NA	NA	1009

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	373	52	409
2.006	362	436	206,5
2.008	344	443	349

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	210	53	285
2.006	289	289	161,5
2.008	227	NA	227

Denmark

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	NA	6.973	456	NA	7.186	452	NA	4.230	449
2.008	3117753	5.998		3.103.306	5.679		133.458	2.159	
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006		103%	99%		170%	101%		215	363
2.008	100%	95%		2325%	263%		16	139	

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	63.171	NA	NA	62.427	NA	NA	28.036	NA	NA
2.008	59.670	5.998	257	58.366	5.679	319	32.873	2.159	446
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	99%			223%			164		
2.008	98%	95%	124%	178%	263%	72%	206	139	510

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	115.791	3.046	128	113.206	NA	NA	23.290	1.384	NA
2.008	106.720	6.860	59	102.784	6.788	47	35.086	999	65
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	98%			486%			75		
2.008	96%	99%	80%	293%	679%	72%	125	54	505

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	15.506	110	NA	15.068	NA	NA	3.980	58	NA
2.008	14.525	6.860	59	13.231	6.788	47	5.964	999	65
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	97%			379%			96		
2.008	91%	99%	80%	222%	679%	72%	165	54	505

Denmark			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	100		
2.006	90	90	180
2.008	153	90	240

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Estonia

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	33619	3.171	266	34.901	3.075	249	20.564	930	54
2.008	279192	3.869	283	259.078	3.559	251	94.275	1.384	86
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	104%	97%	94%	170%	331%	461%	215	110	79
2.008	93%	92%	89%	275%	257%	292%	133	142	125

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	25.943	NA	161	28.118	NA	153	NA	NA	32
2.008	19.778	1.803	158	19.630	1.588	145	12.466	788	34
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	108%		95%			478%			76
2.008	99%	88%	92%	157%	202%	426%	232	181	86

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	16.538	1.947	134	13.940	1.862	132	4.070	134	25
2.008	33.550	2.311	96	32.080	2.251	91	4.582	142	26
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	84%	96%	99%	343%	1390%	528%	107	26	69
2.008	96%	97%	95%	700%	1585%	350%	52	23	104

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	10.687	1.778	80	9.353	1.708	74	2.418	127	22
2.008	19.984	2.143	51	19.768	2.087	49	983	135	17
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	88%	96%	93%	387%	1345%	336%	94	27	109
2.008	99%	97%	96%	2011%	1546%	288%	18	24	127

Estonia			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	91	30	90

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	387	150	553

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	113	141	254

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	275	289	478

Finland

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	750936	3.666	5.465	741.361	3.976	5.991	100.597	2.387	3.490
2.008	642751	3.918	5.999	635.813	3.890	5.399	100.217	1.917	4.162
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	99%	108%	110%	737%	167%	172%	50	219	213
2.008	99%	99%	90%	634%	203%	130%	58	180	281

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	9.200	2.749	1.010	9.072	3.047	1.124	5.368	2.143	324
2.008	9.703	2.790	985	9.399	2.802	987	5.929	1.626	367
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	99%	111%	111%	169%	142%	347%	216	257	105
2.008	97%	100%	100%	159%	172%	269%	230	212	136

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	62.796	8.188	1.075	63.573	8.437	1.245	15.993	4.505	373
2.008	65.244	11.539	1.220	63.575	11.688	1.210	16.258	3.574	419
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	101%	103%	116%	398%	187%	334%	92	195	109
2.008	97%	101%	99%	391%	327%	289%	93	112	126

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Finland			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	240		240
2.006	243		243
2.008	243		243

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004		380	
2.006	249	410	476
2.008	249	366	0

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	147	215	
2.006	147	249	360
2.008	129	264	

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	126	272	
2.006	90	185	342
2.008	93	216	

France

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	2182342	228.976	29.305	2.107.976	249.504	33.659	1.417.978	246.209	28.817
2.008	2228746	246.118	29.182	2.136.181	244.647	28.954	1.542.191	248.112	27.039
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	97%	109%	115%	149%	101%	117%	246	360	312
2.008	96%	99%	99%	139%	99%	107%	264	370	341

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1.688.367	207.893	19.034	1.624.484	223.614	22.461	1.165.592	219.056	20.250
2.008	1.744.350	218.316	18.932	1.645.161	217.412	18.684	1.287.706	219.554	18.890
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	96%	108%	118%	139%	102%	111%	262	358	329
2.008	94%	100%	99%	128%	99%	99%	286	369	369

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1.059.822			1.046.033					
2.008	1.124.074			1.079.175			NA		
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	99%								
2.008	96%								

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	609.564	50.222	9.205	655.737	37.517	2.297	NA	NA	2.903
2.008	610.674	53.298	8.348	618.122	52.718	2.037	NA	31.418	2.654
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	108%	75%	25%			79%			461
2.008	101%	99%	24%		168%	77%		218	476

France			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	423	441	465
2.006	477	396	515
2.008	564	393	595

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	668	537	668
2.006	369	423	515
2.008	476	433	568

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	240	552	
2.006	267	333	294
2.008	265	284	285

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	1.179		
2.006	1077	501	1149
2.008	NA	NA	NA

FYROMacedonia

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	82950	22.444	4.657	85.117	22.590	4.823	38.513	2.724	4.877
2.008	99419	23.332	1.726	255.091	21.252	2.110	284.962	5.393	1.179
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	103%	101%	104%	221%	829%	99%	165	44	369
2.008	257%	91%	122%	90%	394%	179%	408	93	204

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	45.816	22.295	1.635	45.458	22.448	1.224	33.371	2.717	1.442
2.008	47.357	18.610	1.641	55.113	17.052	2.025	33.843	4.407	1.179
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	99%	101%	75%	136%	826%	85%	268	44	430
2.008	116%	92%	123%	163%	387%	172%	224	94	213

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	246.101	15.427	781	299.751	15.567	770	169.089	197	70
2.008	141.039	12.122	700	226.091	11.725	642	100.228	783	107
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	122%	101%	99%	177%	7902%	1100%	206	5	33
2.008	160%	97%	92%	226%	1497%	600%	162	24	61

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	15.116	4.914	781	15.165	5.035	770	9.785	144	70
2.008	14.885	4.663	700	17.213	4.546	642	10.718	339	107
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	100%	102%	99%	155%	3497%	1100%	236	10	33
2.008	116%	97%	92%	161%	1341%	600%	227	27	61

FYROMacedonia			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	136	47	199

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	176	53	229

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	182	45	227

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	184	49	233

Georgia

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	33908	6.719	1.959	29.633	5.306	2.179	14.729	3.626	788
2.008	57231	6.456	2.830	62.430	8.540	2.494	6.785	1.677	995
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	87%	79%	111%	201%	146%	277%	181	249	132
2.008	109%	132%	88%	920%	509%	251%	40	72	146

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	21.877	3.122	872	20.299	2.809	1.049	11.995	1.350	348
2.008	9.105	3.124	1.107	12.513	3.760	1.112	4.162	748	283
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	93%	90%	120%	169%	208%	301%	216	175	121
2.008	137%	120%	100%	301%	503%	393%	121	73	93

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	15.849	3.932	2.008	14.882	3.581	1.160	6.677	750	1.253
2.008	15.184	3.309	1.575	17.978	3.342	2.169	3.921	318	488
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	94%	91%	58%	223%	477%	93%	164	76	394
2.008	118%	101%	138%	459%	1051%	444%	80	35	82

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	1.986	2.402	553	2.300	2.437	719	664	274	211
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	116%	101%	130%	346%	889%	341%	105	41	107

Georgia			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Germany

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	3617025	57.270	14.113	22.250.438	180.113	13.607	2.687.295	52.011	9.987
2.008									
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	615%	314%	96%	828%	346%	136%	44	105	268
2.008									

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1.104.828	89.719	5.906	1.588.198	129.551	2.895	544.751	29.671	5.229
2.008									
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	144%	144%	49%	292%	437%	55%	125	84	659
2.008									

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1.236.815	69.860	3.266	1.254.114	70.378	3.326	375.325	21.139	391
2.008									
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	101%	101%	102%	334%	333%	851%	109	110	43
2.008									

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	854.099	61.792	3.265	864.231	62.235	3.326	287.223	20.189	390
2.008									
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	101%	101%	102%	301%	308%	853%	121	118	43
2.008									

Germany			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	302		
2.006	321		
2.008			

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Greece

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	156000*	34900*		137000*	29800*		182.856	41.196	
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008							420.059		
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008							6979***		
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Greece			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			13000*

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			5700*

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			3099**

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			250**

Hungary

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	607254	39.989	6.146	601.006	39.375	5.838	128.939	10.403	1.585
2.008	1184162	46.620	4.249	1.165.201	45.332	3.829	180.331	11.482	2.078
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	99%	98%	95%	466%	378%	368%	78	96	99
2.008	98%	97%	90%	646%	395%	184%	56	92	198

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	178.338	23.690	4.580	179.317	23.246	4.503	86.760	7.493	793
2.008	189.644	28.390	2.840	191.002	27.952	2.596	88.769	7.728	923
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	101%	98%	98%	207%	310%	568%	177	118	64
2.008	101%	98%	91%	215%	362%	281%	170	101	130

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	315.743	34.443	1.420	318.917	33.993	1.397	71.448	6.494	184
2.008	262.113	34.915	1.131	261.831	35.080	1.122	72.343	6.098	195
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	101%	99%	98%	446%	523%	759%	82	70	48
2.008	100%	100%	99%	362%	575%	575%	101	63	63

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	135.449	33.926		136.524	33.469		54.812	6.477	
2.008	137.541	34.361	1.131	136.333	34.522	1.122	55.462	6.079	195
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	101%	99%		249%	517%		147	71	
2.008	99%	100%	99%	246%	568%	575%	148	64	63

Hungary			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Iceland

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The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	12832		425	11.714		326	1.478		120
2.008	NAP			NAP		353	NAP		150
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	91%		77%	793%		272%	46		134
2.008						235%			155

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	NAP		NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP		NAP
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	2.808		248	2.378		232	606		53
2.008	NAP			NAP		277	NAP		44
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	85%		94%	392%		438%	93		83
2.008						630%			58

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	NAP		NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP		NAP
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Iceland			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	107		
2.006			
2.008			

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	63		
2.006			
2.008			

Ireland

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	103919		15.433						
2.008	NA			NA			NA		
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	NA			NA			NA		
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	332.442								
2.008	NA			NA			NA		
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	2.667		1.263						
2.008	NA			NA			NA		
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Ireland			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Italy

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The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	3625035	155.567	35.169	3.436.728	112.519	29.445	4.347.177	391.524	100.805
2.008	4591018	159.187	30.406	4.431.317	138.707	33.928	4.590.715	448.906	99.066
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	95%	72%	84%	79%	29%	29%	462	1.270	1.250
2.008	97%	87%	112%	97%	31%	34%	378	1.181	1.066

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	2.825.543	149.341	35.169	2.653.113	107.027	29.445	3.687.965	388.115	100.805
2.008	2.842.668	151.699	30.406	2.693.564	132.036	33.928	3.932.259	444.481	99.066
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	94%	72%	84%	72%	28%	29%	507	1.324	1.250
2.008	95%	87%	112%	68%	30%	34%	533	1.229	1.066

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1.309.534	85.340	48.103	1.228.039	71.144	43.526	1.289.127	153.180	37.439
2.008	1.504.521	88.751	44.029	1.427.847	76.622	48.683	1.308.335	168.944	28.340
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	94%	83%	90%	95%	46%	116%	383	786	314
2.008	95%	86%	111%	109%	45%	172%	334	805	212

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1.230.085	NA	48.103	1.168.044	NA	43.526	1.204.151	NA	37.439
2.008	1.280.282	NA	44.029	1.204.982	NA	48.683	1.205.576	NA	28.340
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	95%		90%	97%		116%	376		314
2.008	94%		111%	100%		172%	365		212

Italy			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	582	502	
2.006	634	NA	NA
2.008	682	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	790		
2.006	619	682	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Latvia

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	57047	6.483	1.690	57.291	6.506	1.551	21.442	3.868	383
2.008	96783	6.861	1.898	83.706	6.435	1.579	36.187	5.016	742
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	100%	100%	92%	267%	168%	405%	137	217	90
2.008	86%	94%	83%	231%	128%	213%	158	285	172

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	34.010	4.815	994	35.972	4.955	908	15.496	2.576	204
2.008	50.318	4.556	916	36.914	4.133	717	30.718	3.369	413
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	106%	103%	91%	232%	192%	445%	157	190	82
2.008	73%	91%	78%	120%	123%	174%	304	298	210

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	9.706	2.498	768	33.796	2.684	758	3.236	775	42
2.008	38.085	2.595	711	36.779	2.445	699	5.669	1.119	35
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	348%	107%	99%	1044%	346%	1805%	35	105	20
2.008	97%	94%	98%	649%	218%	1997%	56	167	18

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	9.706	1.907	527	10.065	2.156	518	3.235	524	25
2.008	12.394	2.115	491	11.278	1.990	493	4.827	660	19
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	104%	113%	98%	311%	411%	2072%	117	89	18
2.008	91%	94%	100%	234%	302%	2595%	156	121	14

Latvia			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	117	84	NA
2.008	135	72	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	171	84	NA
2.008	174	87	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	192	117	NA
2.008	204	105	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	189	210	NA
2.008	156	150	NA

Liechtenstein

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The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Liechtenstein			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Lithuania

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	221185	12.661	665	213.940	7.128	665	29.544	3.456	7
2.008	276855	16.752	496	272.045	13.374	611	33.317	7.709	96
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	97%	56%	100%	724%	206%	9500%	50	177	4
2.008	98%	80%	123%	817%	173%	636%	45	210	57

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	70.284	7.071	496	71.219	3.087	611	8.103	1.572	96
2.008	185.878	8.548	496	180.071	7.559	611	27.172	2.267	96
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	101%	44%	123%	879%	196%	636%	42	186	57
2.008	97%	88%	123%	663%	333%	636%	55	109	57

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	17.245	5.699	898	17.225	3.332	701	3.279	715	424
2.008	16.472	6.845	509	16.082	6.731	520	4.036	874	116
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	100%	58%	78%	525%	466%	165%	69	78	221
2.008	98%	98%	102%	398%	770%	448%	92	47	81

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	15.207			15.257			2.829		
2.008									
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	100%			539%			68		
2.008									

Lithuania			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	39		
2.008	69,3		

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	131		
2.008			

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	76		
2.008	128,4		

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	118		
2.008	136,8		

Luxembourg

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	NA	1.206	NA	NA	1.154	62	NA	NA	NA
2.008	4098	1.328	118	9.923	1.438	123	NA	NA	86
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006		96%							
2.008	242%	108%	104%			143%			255

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2.008	3.144	1.019	118	4.378	1.091	123	NA	1.231	86
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	139%	107%	104%		89%	143%		412	255

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	NA	NA	NA	12.011	647	50	NA	NA	NA
2.008	49.441	NA	NA	13.397	577	64	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	27%								

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	NA	NA	NA	6.567	49	NA	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA	4.251	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Luxembourg			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	60-80 jours	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Malta

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	3733	706	31	4.663	NA	NA	10.660	1.149	37
2.008	4067	578	NAP	4.064	697	NAP	10.335	965	NAP
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	125%			44%			834		
2.008	100%	121%		39%	72%		928	505	

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	3.567			4.500			9.859		
2.008	3.950	542		3.901	670		9.500	918	
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	126%			46%			800		
2.008	99%	124%		41%	73%		889	500	

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	453	14.263		11.094	14.104		11.425	9.606	
2.008	15.373	418	NAP	15.763	454	NAP	12.438	273	NAP
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	2449%	99%		97%	147%		376	249	
2.008	103%	109%		127%	166%		288	219	

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	24	33		22	20		38	37	
2.008	25	26		23	21		67	22	
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	92%	61%		58%	54%		630	675	
2.008	92%	81%		34%	95%		1.063	382	

Malta			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	NAP	NAP	NAP
2.006	NAP	NAP	NAP
2.008	NAP	NAP	NAP

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	NAP	NAP	NAP
2.006	NAP	NAP	NAP
2.008	NAP	NAP	NAP

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	NA	NA	NA
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	NA	NA	NA
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Moldova

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The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	175041	7.675	4.095	181.927	15.350	4.115	11.708	984	487
2.008	66848	9.686	5.648	63.411	9.941	5.470	14.064	1.515	543
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	104%	200%	100%	1554%	1560%	845%	23	23	43
2.008	95%	103%	97%	451%	656%	1007%	81	56	36

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	5.397	292	1.881	9.987	584	1.919	1.075	31	181
2.008	61.427	6.616	3.293	58.007	6.916	3.180	12.649	1.253	369
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	185%	200%	102%	929%	1884%	1060%	39	19	34
2.008	94%	105%	97%	459%	552%	862%	80	66	42

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	13.517	2.553	2.073	27.034	2.586	1.867	2.470	272	304
2.008	9.912	2.117	2.842	9.808	2.144	2.899	1.877	243	456
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	200%	101%	90%	1094%	951%	614%	33	38	59
2.008	99%	101%	102%	523%	882%	636%	70	41	57

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	7.856		1.243	15.712		1.125	1.620		176
2.008									
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	200%		91%	970%		639%	38		57
2.008									

Moldova			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	NA		
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Monaco

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The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	682	119	75	627	90	42	1.261	202	NA
2.008	1090	142	NA	1.070	116	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	92%	76%	56%	50%	45%		734	819	
2.008	98%	82%							

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	428	119	64	490	90	23	NA	202	NA
2.008	723	142	22	689	116	21	1.252	226	45
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	114%	76%	36%		45%			819	
2.008	95%	82%	95%	55%	51%	47%	663	711	782

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	NA	NA	22	554	55	36	NA	NA	NA
2.008	891	NA	35	934	NA	34	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006			164%						
2.008	105%		97%						

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	NA	NA	NA	318	17	NA	NA	NA	NA
2.008	40	2	NA	43	2	NA	1	1	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	108%	100%		4300%	200%		8	183	

Monaco			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	270	240	510
2.008	270	240	510

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	25	NA	NA
2.008	750	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Montenegro

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	76298	6.354	855	77.371	7.384	930	33.951	5.254	2
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	101%	116%	109%	228%	141%	46500%	160	260	1

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	15.739	5.980	11	17.707	4.835	13	14.384	5.695	10
2.008	14.680		645	16.273		669	11.752		2
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	113%	81%	118%	123%	85%	130%	297	430	281
2.008	111%		104%	138%		33450%	264		1

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	26.025	4.658	925	33.521	4.402	925	21.070	1.753	
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	129%	95%	100%	159%	251%		229	145	

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	7.304	3.385	280	7.176	3.084	280	8.554	1.363	
2.008	8.501			10.752			6.097		
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	98%	91%	100%	84%	226%		435	161	
2.008	126%			176%			207		

Montenegro			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	98	165	300
2.006			
2.008	103,86	120,46	224,32

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	386	182	386
2.006			
2.008	306,06	316,13	622,19

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	158	163	315
2.006			
2.008	131,46&708,5	123,20&311,5	254,66&1020

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	536	205	715
2.006			
2.008	999,04	269,6	1268,64

Netherlands

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1197690	32.930		1.188.670	32.820				
2.008	1270290	26.494	1.334	1.263.920	25.419	1.520	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	99%	100%							
2.008	99%	96%	114%						

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	950.450	22.770	507	230.000	23.360	446		16.580	
2.008	NA	NA	NA	200.000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	24%	103%	88%		141%			259	
2.008									

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006				434.950					
2.008	499.847	37.910	3.683	501.910	36.367	3.370	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	100%	96%	92%						

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006			3.540	156.160	24.740	3.079		13.510	
2.008	220.634	NA	NA	219.393	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006			87%		183%			199	
2.008	99%								

Netherlands			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	308	237	
2.006	308		
2.008	331	217	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	80		
2.008	21	NAP	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	150		
2.006			
2.008	35	231	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	105	231	NA

Norway

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	40878	3.160	91	42.253	3.323	91	19.570	1.415	49
2.008	45765	3.222	72	43.671	3.288	88	22.066	1.161	29
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	103%	105%	100%	216%	235%	186%	169	155	197
2.008	95%	102%	122%	198%	283%	303%	184	129	120

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	13.335			13.737			7.050		
2.008	16.104			16.928			6.861		
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	103%			195%			187		
2.008	105%			247%			148		

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	16.943	1.389	89	17.699	1.448	81	3.700	519	30
2.008	15.673	6.826	88	15.854	6.682	85	3.287	761	25
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	104%	104%	91%	478%	279%	270%	76	131	135
2.008	101%	98%	97%	482%	878%	340%	76	42	107

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	NA		NA	NA		NA	NA		NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Norway			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NAP	NAP	NAP

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Poland

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	4171029	234.399	6.318	4.047.701	249.007	6.554	874.992	42.161	1.470
2.008	8419031	158.843	20.705	8.374.441	161.052	20.323	1.321.712	23.449	10.728
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	97%	106%	104%	463%	591%	446%	79	62	82
2.008	99%	101%	98%	634%	687%	189%	58	53	193

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1.019.912	206.401	-	1.006.947	219.659	-	395.878	37.698	-
2.008	746.926	98.609	-	719.296	98.981	-	326.809	10.707	-
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	99%	106%	-	254%	583%	-	143	63	-
2.008	96%	100%	-	220%	924%	-	166	39	-

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	2.143.110	361.845	2.552	2.099.058	361.025	2.672	384.369	32.892	887
2.008	961.869	119.263	2.827	958.407	120.491	2.795	243.952	18.572	788
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	98%	100%	105%	546%	1098%	301%	67	33	121
2.008	100%	101%	99%	393%	649%	355%	93	56	103

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	560.539	104.373	-	542.346	103.139	-	189.277	13.121	-
2.008	496.855	111.121	-	499.014	112.413	-	167.100	17.730	-
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	97%	99%	-	287%	786%	-	127	46	-
2.008	100%	101%	-	299%	634%	-	122	58	-

Poland			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	204		
2.006	179	89	NA
2.008	164,1	50,4	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	154	84	NA
2.008	4,77	62,4	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	129	84	NA
2.008	333	324	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	129	27	NA
2.008	141	45	NA

Portugal

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	575325	18.756	3.499	593.718	18.766	3.562	1.357.323	8.004	823
2.008	572657	17.751	2.969	544.515	17.869	3.025	1.380.012	5.950	755
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	103%	100%	102%	44%	234%	433%	834	156	84
2.008	95%	101%	102%	39%	300%	401%	925	122	91

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	282.590			316.649			389.168		
2.008	314.729			311.797			367.573		
Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	112%			81%			449		
2.008	99%			85%			430		

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	175.856	10.986	1.387	169.813	10.992	1.405	207.744	6.004	284
2.008	144.852	13.297	1.221	211.892	12.957	1.352	123.428	3.634	146
Total criminal cases (8+9)	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	97%	100%	101%	82%	183%	495%	447	199	74
2.008	146%	97%	111%	172%	357%	926%	213	102	39

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	115.934	10.986	1.387	110.977	10.992	1.405	146.466	6.004	284
2.008	116.178	13.297	1.221	130.962	12.957	1.352	109.387	3.634	146
Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	96%	100%	101%	76%	183%	495%	482	199	74
2.008	113%	97%	111%	120%	357%	926%	305	102	39

Portugal			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	308	106	
2.006	325	114	
2.008		101	

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004		167	
2.006	297	175	
2.008		154	

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	346	102	
2.006	349	104	
2.008		78	

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	292	115	
2.006	363	132	
2.008		92	

Romania

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The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1202168	35.799	183.863	1.152.328	41.804	184.495	278.776	15.322	40.929
2.008	1558687	32.390	21.099	1.495.976	32.006	16.979	405.429	14.243	13.394
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	96%	117%	100%	413%	273%	451%	88	134	81
2.008	96%	99%	80%	369%	225%	127%	99	162	288

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	546.222	24.093	112.141	522.112	28.421	118.275	141.931	11.529	27.824
2.008	706.381	31.612	15.602	664.608	31.153	12.146	287.768	13.897	11.056
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	96%	118%	105%	368%	247%	425%	99	148	86
2.008	94%	99%	78%	231%	224%	110%	158	163	332

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	243.670	26.340	62.584	262.541	26.216	61.804	43.081	4.399	5.998
2.008	171.119	16.024	42	170.413	15.888	57	33.668	4.363	129
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	108%	100%	99%	609%	596%	1030%	60	61	35
2.008	100%	99%	136%	506%	364%	44%	72	100	826

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.008	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Romania			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	189	183	
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	183		
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Russian Federation

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The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	12575000	651.404		112.569.000	614.015		506.000	26.986	
2.008	16036000	872.000	258000/10000	16.135.000	845.000	153000/56000	417.000	45.000	6000/500
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	895%	94%		22247%	2275%		2	16	
2.008	101%	97%		3869%	1878%		9	19	

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	7.133.000	443.041		7.126.000	416.731		480.000	16.414	
2.008	10.164.000	275.000	258000/10000	10.263.000	249.000	153000/10000	391.000	17.000	6000/500
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	100%	94%		1485%	2539%		25	14	
2.008	101%	91%		2625%	1465%		14	25	

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1.225.000	333.372		1.225.000	304.942		171.000	12.052	
2.008	1.124.000	355.000	335000/25000	1.166.000	329.000	245000/25000	114.000	13.000	11000/1000
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	100%	91%		716%	2530%		51	14	
2.008	104%	93%		1023%	2531%		36	14	

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	437.000			437.000			61.000		
2.008	347.000	NA	NA	360.000	NA	NA	35.000	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	100%			716%			51		
2.008	104%			1029%			35		

Russian Federation

Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	30	30	
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	30		
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

San Marino

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The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	1118	91	17	1.148	201	27	2.025	237	6
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	103%	221%	159%	57%	85%	450%	644	430	81

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	837	66	5	880	161	19	1.601	237	
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	105%	244%	380%	55%	68%		664	537	

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008		26	NAP		29	NAP		12	NAP
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008		112%			242%			151	

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	524	26		651	29		469	12	
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	124%	112%		139%	242%		263	151	

San Marino			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NAP	NAP	NAP

Serbia

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	918108	81.353		1.108.702	84.742		324.632	39.711	
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	121%	104%		342%	213%		107	171	

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	144.356	78.329	8.352	158.036	70.010	9.019	100.236	24.087	3.355
2.008	191.862		8.891	222.818		8.775	1.398.556		3.671
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	109%	89%	108%	158%	291%	269%	232	126	136
2.008	116%		99%	16%		239%	2.291		153

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	60.447		9.720	66.348		9.555	56.393		2.209
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	110%		98%	118%		433%	310		84

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	60.951		7.750	59.881		7.606	47.684		2.036
2.008	6.049			6.360			5.024		
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	98%		98%	126%		374%	291		98
2.008	105%			127%			288		

Serbia			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	NA	NA	NA
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	n/a	NA	NA
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	NA		
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	

Slovakia

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	248507	28.412	8.386	281.862	26.576	8.850	239.740	11.240	3.526
2.008	1014863	31.534	7.466	1.046.081	32.451	7.148	392.728	9.521	2.944
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	113%	94%	106%	118%	236%	251%	310	154	145
2.008	103%	103%	96%	266%	341%	243%	137	107	150

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	122.002	23.865		139.767	22.127		148.276	9.955	
2.008	128.924			140.626			133.416		
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	115%	93%		94%	222%		387	164	
2.008	109%			105%			346		

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	31.754	4.744	1.835	34.281	4.938	1.847	24.410	1.248	266
2.008	37.593	3.697	1.190	37.927	3.689	1.283	20.283	878	228
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	108%	104%	101%	140%	396%	694%	260	92	53
2.008	101%	100%	108%	187%	420%	563%	195	87	65

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006					4.680				
2.008	NA			NA			NA		
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Slovakia			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			222
2.008			186

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	764		764
2.006			882,6
2.008			1109

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			284
2.006			387
2.008			308

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			150
2.006			582
2.008			429

Slovenia

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	575494	27.151	2.390	594.693	28.227	1.811	449.540	11.340	1.944
2.008	581904	21.502	3.696	613.598	23.322	3.698	410.639	5.809	4.518
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	103%	104%	76%	132%	249%	93%	276	147	392
2.008	105%	108%	100%	149%	401%	82%	244	91	446

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	34.683	19.677	1.537	35.880	20.759	1.084	52.210	8.544	1.591
2.008	31.221	12.036	1.929	33.788	14.017	1.655	42.612	3.731	2.331
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	103%	105%	71%	69%	243%	68%	531	150	536
2.008	108%	116%	86%	79%	376%	71%	460	97	514

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	154.933	10.888	938	139.817	10.930	1.026	122.979	2.092	296
2.008	97.885	10.951	1.023	117.216	10.261	1.080	85.625	2.375	211
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	90%	100%	109%	114%	522%	347%	321	70	105
2.008	120%	94%	106%	137%	432%	512%	267	84	71

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	19.145	4.975	896	20.035	4.995	989	23.260	1.544	266
2.008	19.386	4.794	898	20.505	4.916	924	21.903	1.100	191
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	105%	100%	110%	86%	324%	372%	424	113	98
2.008	106%	103%	103%	94%	447%	484%	390	82	75

Slovenia			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	173		
2.006	206	78	NA
2.008	191	60	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	289	344	NA
2.008	236	255	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	NA	NA	NA
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Spain

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	2024371	194.721	17.717	1.833.225	197.746	25.179	2.012.079	129.573	34.225
2.008	2607873	193.520	24.620	2.105.604	191.064	30.357	2.604.034	119.391	38.319
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	91%	102%	142%	91%	153%	74%	401	239	496
2.008	81%	99%	123%	81%	160%	79%	451	228	461

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1.169.750	150.888	9.637	1.094.505	148.958	12.310	781.754	78.947	16.918
2.008	1.620.717	143.715	16.643	1.324.577	148.729	21.157	1.074.748	74.805	24.889
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	94%	99%	128%	140%	189%	73%	261	193	502
2.008	82%	103%	127%	123%	199%	85%	296	184	429

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1.127.216		4.345	1.272.309		4.762	414.783		2.108
2.008	1.266.284	144.530	4.470	1.227.834	142.348	3.703	483.125	27.289	2.705
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	113%		110%	307%		226%	119		162
2.008	97%	98%	83%	254%	522%	137%	144	70	267

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	240.345	126.614		388.317	124.930		205.898	20.674	
2.008	345.707			310.280			259.358		
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	162%	99%		189%	604%		194	60	
2.008	90%			120%			305		

Spain			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	251		
2.006	227		
2.008	261	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004	217		
2.006	81		
2.008	84	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Sweden

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	64264	37.870	11.796	65.212		10.813	35.773	16.224	8.854
2.008	172206	23.632	5.420	182.808	24.128	5.221	70.136	6.484	1.318
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	101%		92%	182%		122%	200		299
2.008	106%	102%	96%	261%	372%	396%	140	98	92

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	32.514	2.605	558	31.501		581	17.765	1.471	200
2.008	51.348	2.752	588	50.845	2.811	566	27.433	1.408	222
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	97%		104%	177%		291%	206		126
2.008	99%	102%	96%	185%	200%	255%	197	183	143

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	71.426	8.767	1.524	72.604		1.583	28.569	3.603	196
2.008	83.037	9.030	1.554	82.504	9.276	1.494	30.697	3.341	281
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	102%		104%	254%		808%	144		45
2.008	99%	103%	96%	269%	278%	532%	136	131	69

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Sweden			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	183		
2.008	234	NAP	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NAP	NAP	NAP

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NAP	NAP	NAP

Switzerland

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	347295	32.778	7.239	325.448	30.701	7.004	173.583	14.449	3.291
2.008	156936	43.665	5.729	156.666	44.352	6.106	54.970	25.729	1.962
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	94%	94%	97%	187%	212%	213%	195	172	172
2.008	100%	102%	107%	285%	172%	311%	128	212	117

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006			770			757			271
2.008	87.232	10.894	1.506	88.114	11.184	1.530	40.636	3.943	402
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006			98%			279%			131
2.008	101%	103%	102%	217%	284%	381%	168	129	96

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	189.014	13.964	621	195.370	12.448	622	30.483	3.783	164
2.008	79.166	10.563	1.418	78.339	10.691	1.409	11.941	3.399	323
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	103%	89%	100%	641%	329%	379%	57	111	96
2.008	99%	101%	99%	656%	315%	436%	56	116	84

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	17.966	4.742	NA	16.819	4.858	NA	9.263	1.481	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	94%	102%		182%	328%		201	111	

Switzerland			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	516

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	1364

Turkey

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1774747		412.519	1.702.445		390.141	960.948		171.161
2.008	3572324			3.473.868			1.150.594		
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	96%		95%	177%		228%	206		160
2.008	97%			302%			121		

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1.307.698		325.641	1.264.886		144.204	724.998		141.005
2.008	1.117.212		480.568	1.069.043		425.393	NA		269.551
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	97%		44%	174%		102%	209		357
2.008	96%		89%			158%			231

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1.659.143		149.974	1.571.930		144.204	1.137.839		141.005
2.008	1.716.821		245.604	1.848.906		197.375	1.211.733		242.547
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	95%		96%	138%		102%	264		357
2.008	108%		80%	153%		81%	239		449

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	692.987		149.974	725.418		144.204	697.686		141.005
2.008	796.920		NAP	758.610		NAP	720.127		NAP
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	105%		96%	104%		102%	351		357
2.008	95%			105%			346		

Turkey			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	153		
2.008	152	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	NA		
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	311		
2.008	433	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006	333		
2.008	334	NA	NA

UK-England and Wales

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	2157361			64.520					
2.008	2426357	3.294	51	NA	3.094	64	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	3%								
2.008		94%	125%						

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	2.127.928			46.198					
2.008	298.769	3.294	51	NA	3.094	64	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	2%								
2.008		94%	125%						

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	1.054.882						164.595		
2.008	NA	21.259	11	2.160.172	19.782	18	0	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008		93%	164%						

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	392.288	109.524	13.523				70.610	52.542	3.566
2.008	131.696	7.240	11	129.072	5.774	18	41.582	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	98%	80%	164%	310%				118	

UK-England and Wales

Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	225	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NAP	NAP	NAP

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

UK-Northern Ireland

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

UK-Northern Ireland			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			224
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

UK-Scotland

Ver. 0.5 20Sept.2011

The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	240000								
2.008	165500	215	3.904	NA	130	3.385	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	60%		87%						

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	140.000								
2.008	NA	215	3.904	NA	130	3.385	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	60%		87%						

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	112.804								
2.008	112.804	2.347	951	133.076	2.254	804	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	118%		96%		85%				

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006	6.130								
2.008	6.130	786	NA	46.785	1.397	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	763%		178%						

UK-Scotland			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008	NA	NA	NA

Ukraine

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The tables below provide a vision of the length of judicial proceeding related data and indicators calculated on Cepej data by category of cases, at first, second and highest court level, both in 2006 and 2008.

Total of civil, commercial and administrative law cases (1-7)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006			16.000						36.000
2.008	2749654	248.848	102.500	2.626.449	95.023	27.500			NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	96%	38%	27%						

Civil and commercial litigious cases (1)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006			16.000						36.000
2.008	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Total criminal cases (8+9)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006			25.488			26.496			3.112
2.008	522.332	46.427	16.800	576.850	46.463	16.200	34.100	NA	NA
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006			104%			851%			43
2.008	110%	100%	96%	1692%			22		

Criminal cases, severe criminal offences (8)									
	Incoming cases			Resolved cases			Pending cases on 31 Dec.		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
	Clearance Rate			Case Turnover Ratio			Disposition Time		
	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts	First instance courts	Second instance courts	Highest instance courts
2.006									
2.008									

Ukraine			
Litigious divorce cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Employment dismissal cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Robbery cases	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			

Intentional homicide	1st instance (average length)	2nd instance (average length)	Total procedure (average total length)
2.004			
2.006			
2.008			